and Youths' Kip, Calf. Women's, Misses', and id, Goat, Serge, Call. Buff Shoes

UCTION Wednesday, Sept. 6, at t. and we can assure the SETTER ASSORTMENT GOODS can be shown by in this city.
GEO. P. GORE & CO., 68 and 70 Wabash-sv. BUTTERS & CO.

RUPT SALE. CK OF GROCERIES the Water Works, G. Sept. 4, at 10 o'clock. The ery desirable lot of Goods, such as Spices. Wooden Ware, &c., &c., USSELL. "Assignee.
BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

UCTION SALE the Popular Pawnbroker, UTTERS & CO SDAY, Sept. 4 and 5, sale com-a. m., each day. The stock con-CHANDISE. TCHES.

D JEWELRY, CO.'S REGULAR SALE. llow and Glassware. Cutlery, es, Buggles, &c., Sept. 6, at 9:30 o'clock. McNAMARA & CO.,

ming Trade Sale

BOOTS AND SHOES AUCTION. g. Sept. 5, at 9:30 o'clock. Fall Goods to be sold without NAMARA & CO., Auctioneers.

HODGES & CO. MORTGAGE SALE. Sept. 4, at 10 o'clock, on the eping rooms, etc., second and sing of Brussels Carpets, Mar-see Sets, Lace Curtains, Chro-dic, etc. Sale peremptory. GES & CO., Auctioneers, 662 West, Lake-st.

POMEROY & CO., TURE SALE, Tuesday Morn-0 o'clock, fo pay advances. We ber of New Parlor and Chamber iso a large stock second-hand tral Household Goods, Carpets, must be sold. must be sold.

ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

RRIAGES. ling at greatly re-

DAULETS, ES, OOACHES, UPES, and COUPELETS, unterbalanced Front LANDAUS & FALL-Carriages of the day, y of design, simplic-ghness of construc-passed. The Falling

are nicely counter-Spring (which ar-Patented*), and can lowered and raised e our work to be and to please in our rights under the above

AM & CO.. New Haven, Conn.

Trunk LWAY.

E SALE.

or the purchase of old Iron

e per ton (of 2, 240 pounds) ery will be received by the 5th of September. SON, General Manager. N SALES

of the Wreck of or Merchant.

they of SEPTEMBER. at 10

of G. E. Starkweather, cor
tam-ets., Racine. Wis., the

rechain will be sold at auction

The purchaser will receive

Juderwriters finally left the

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t any party who has remove

t will go to the purchaser.

Jance In 30, 60, and 30 days,

ed paper satisfactory to the

The Chicago Paily Tribune.

VOLUME XXXI.

LINENS.

LINENS.

Field, Leiter & Co. STATE & WASHINGTON-STS.

Our Fresh Importations for the Fall of

1876 Are now on sale, and to which we call the special attention of

HOTEL

Among other bargains we

INITIAL TOWEL At \$3 per dozen, worth \$6.

INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION. EXPOSITION

GRAND OPENING Inter-State Exposition OF CHICAGO,

Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1876, at 6 p. m.

neer.

Let Halls present a better collection of paintings to are the fore open to public view in this count and will richity rops, the most deliberate examion.

Let Chicago Academiy of Science, and many private inducts, have prepared an exhibition in Natural coy far superior to anything heretofore offered on a roccasion.

Foccasion.

best orchestra in Chicago, with fifty piecea, and great organ west of New York, under the hands avortice organise, will render their best music on ecasion.

Grap rocurred, at great expense, the famous histograp or the colour distribution of the colour distribution of the colour distribution observed.

Swenty-five (25) cents. Admission to the opening: fills, 25 cents; children, 15 cents. GENERAL ADMISSION, SEPT. 6 TO OCT. 6. Open from 8 a. m. until 10:30 p. m. rening...

Tadaits on Saturday, one admission, good for a daits on Saturday, one admission, good for all day and evening...

Tollidren on Saturday, one admission, good or all day and evening...

Adults, every day after 6 p. m.

Tollidren, every day after 6 p. m.

manutation Tickets, fifteen admissions......

The Exposition Building will be lighted to-night in order that those who have not completed the arrangement of their goods may do so.

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INTHE INQUIRE OF

WILLIAM C. DOW. Room 8 TRIBUNE BUILDING

FOR RENT. Store corner Clark and Washington-sts.

INQUIRE ON THE PREMISES. SPORTSMEN'S GOODS. GUNS, FISHING TACKLE, ETC.

At E. E. EATON'S, 53 State-st ESTABLISHED 1853.

OIL TANKS. OIL TANKS

AND SHIPPING CANS,

17 a 40 West Lake Street.

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Springfield F. & M. Ins Co. OF MASSACHUSETTS.

ASSETS - \$1,500,000

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OF ADRIAN. ASSETS - - \$330,000

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166 LA SALLE-ST.

CHICAGO. GENTS PURNISHING GOODS.

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Made of Wamsutta Muslin, at \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.60, \$1.75, \$1.85, and \$2.00. Any of these Shirts, without being button-holed or laundried, 50c each less. These goods have much heav-ier linens, and much better workmanship than Eastern-made Shirts.

67 and 69 Washington-st., Chicago; 408 North Fourth-st., St. Louis; Pike's Opera House, Fourth-st., Cincinnati

THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

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Three Copies.

Back numbers of the Campaign Edition cannot be sent. The sconer persons order The Campaign Edition cannot be sent. The sconer persons order The Campaign Taisung, the greater number of issues they will get for their money. Address

THE TRIBUNE COMPANY. OHICAGO, ILL.

WATCHES. And an elegant assortment of FINE COLD JEWELRY, SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE, AT ABOUT

HALF THE REGULAR PRICES Now being closed out at the BANKRUPT SALE. Cor. of Lake and Clark-sts.

Every article Warranted. PRINTING PRESSES

Owing to the recent reduction in cost of labor and material, and the great improvements we have lately made in our Works, we pow announce a large reduction in the prices of all our Presses. We hope that the improved designs and quality of the Machines, as well as the very low prices, will bring them to the favorable notice of the trade. Our complete Price List and Illustrated Catalogue will be sent on application.

R. HOE & CO. Corners Broome, Sheriff and Grand-sts. New York, Aug. 30, 1876.

PINANCIAL. JOHN H. AVERY & COMPANY, MORTGAGE LOANS

AT LOWEST RATES OF INTEREST. J. H. REED, New York. JOHN H. AVERY JOHN G. SHORTALL, Chicago.

To loan on Warehouse Receipts for Grain and Provis-ions, on City Certificates and Vouchers, on Rents and LAZARUS SILVERMAN, Morigages. Bank Chamber of Commerce.

'SHERMAN HOUSE,' CHICAGO.

CAMPAIGN GOODS. THE CENTENNIAL TORCH! FOR PROCESSIONS AND PARADES! SHALER'S LATEST AND BEST! much better than Shaler's old torch, or any other, modern seambout is better than Faiton's old rmont. Prices—Sto Each, St. Co per Dozen, \$40 rmont. Made and sold by the SHALER MANUTURING COMPANY, No. 4 Murray-st. New Also, Portable Gas Machines, for making sas Naphtna. The best, cheapest, and safest light in ordicit from a single burner to 4,000.

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED

CHICAGO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1876. THE INDIANS.

Unequivocal Fizzle of This Year's Campaign Against Them.

Full Dispatches, Throwing Plenty of Light on a Dark Subject.

The United States Soldiery Outwitted in Every Particular.

Jealousy, Inactivity, and Unparalleled "Prudence" ASSETS - - \$450,000 Predominant.

> The Troops Probably Divided into Four Bodies and Preparing for Winter.

Everybody in Utter Ignorance of the Indians' Movements.

The Commands Badly De moralized and Completely Crestfallen.

raordinary Journey of Our Correspondent Toward Civilization.

His Unvarnished Comments Regarding the Conduct of the War. -

> DISGUST. LOTS OF IT.

BESMARCE, D. T., Sept. 4.—Five hundred fles in a life-boat, with his life in his hand, running the gauntlet of murderously-hostile Sioux on the Yellowstone, and equally murder-ous and treacherous Indians on the Missouri, is the last foolish venture of your correspondent. It was not done out of any particular spirit of bravado, but because any chance of getting away from a sadly-demoralized army was preferable to remaining with it and becoming de-moralized oneself. I left Terry's army on the last day of August. He was then about 15 miles from the junction of the Glendive Creek with the Yellowstone River. Crook's army was on the other side of the Yellowstone, going toward the Little Missouri. Both Gen-erals were following "red-hot trails," and both Generals will, when the first snow falls, seek their respective quarters to put in their lessure hours writing-up the conundrum why they did not catch the Indiana.

THE WHITENED BONES AND UNBURIED CORPSES of Custer's men ought to make the late Indi war too serious a subject for jest; yet Yorick himself could never have known a more fruitful theme. A burlesque so broad that even the Snake Indians, squaw-men, and staff officers can see through is certainly sufficient to raise

the risibles of a "war correspondent."
TO RECAPITULATE BRIEFLY:
After coming into the mouth of Powder River on the 17th, and fully supplying themselves with everything needed to make an active offensive war against the hostile Sioux, Terry and Crook, an the 25th, started again on the war-path. Both Brigadier-Generals felt confident that they would find Gen. Bull and all his allied confec erates trying to steal around the great Federal Government by crossing the Yellow-stone towards Forts Peck and Pembina. The two Brigadier-Generals based this last move upon the evidence of scouts who have never, in any time since Custer's massacre, been 5 miles away from the great Federal Government. The two Brigadier Generals moved off from Powder River on an old trail, expecting to intercept Sitting Bull on the banks of the Yellowstone.

IN THE PACE OF COL. MILES' REPORT, that his patrolling had demonstrated there were no large bodies of Indians crossing or attempting to cross the Lower Yellowstone. Having accom to cross the Lower lenowstone, having accom-plished his purpose, set forth in full in the let-ter of that date, Crook left Terry on the 2d of September, and started toward Omaha barracks and the fat things which the civil parasites of that contractors' vicinity so lavishly provide, not the least of which will be donations by the editors of the

Herald and Bee. TERRY, HOPING AGAINST HOPE, and carnestly desirous of retrieving his hitherto ill-starred campaign, accepted Gen. Gibbon's theory, and, on the 27th recrossed the Yellow-stone and marched north toward the Musselstone and marched borth toward the muser-shell River, expecting to find Sitting Bull and his allies engaged in the innocent pastime of slaughtering buffalo, so that they could get ment to eat and tongues and robes to trade to Indian Agents for fresh supplies of ammunition with which to kill the great Federal Government. When 20 miles in the interior, Terry found that Gibbon's theory or plan only led toward Gibbon's wife and children and snug winter quarters in Montana, and so he (Terry) made a war camp.
AT THE LATEST DATE

this was the situation. As Gibbon is a West Pointer, however, it is safe to say that the Montans column, which means John Gibbon's com-mand, is by this time fully rationed and on its way to junk bottles, fresh beef, and comfortable winter quarters.

OLD MAN TERRY. who in this campaign loses by his generosity all he ever won by his bravery, will proceed at once to gather up the fragments of the great Federal Government on the Yellowstone, and, in obedience to instructions of the Lieutenant-General, cease all offensive operations, and report at St. Paul on or before Oct. 15. AS POR OTREE DETAILS

of the army and my own trip down the Yellowof the army and my own trip town the February stone on the Missouri, they are not of sufficient interest to justify telegraphing. I return, however, by first train, filled with admiration for our common War Department, including also that uncommon Indian Ring, and disgust for that multiplied mass of mankind who have nissed West Point. Procion.

MASTERLY INACTIVITY. THE CAMPAIGN OVER.

ON THE YELLOWSTONE, MOUTH OF POWDER RIVER, Aug. 27. VIA BISMARCK, Sept. 4.—My last letter was dated on the 15th, with data two warded by Gen. Terry's courier to Fort Bulord. No military movement of any significance has taken place since that date. No definite or positive information regarding the movements or whereabouts of the hostile Sioux has been

RUNOR WATE HER IDLE TOWOUS,
never so idle as in a war-camp,—has been busy,
and that is all. In the letter of Aug. 1, 1 predicted that the Sloux would break up
into small bands, and that Gen.
Terry would put his command into
winter quarters. Afterwards, misled by the
cock-and-bull stories which Crook's proteges put
in circulation when the two commands came together, I was encouraged to write rather favorably of the prospect of a fight. The telegram
of the 19th, however, seems to have been a very
clear statement of the situation. On the 19th
Terry and Crook struck the Yellowstone at this
point, intending to-resupply their commands
and move in tiree or four days. It was not
until the 25th that a movement was made, and
then there

SERMED TO BE NO OBJECTIVE POINT. An old trail led east from the Powder River toward the Little Missouri and the Black Hills of Wyoming, and, on the morning of the 25th, Terry and Crook took all of the troops except two companies of the Fifth and three compa-nies of the Seventeenth Infantry, and started east on the old trail. Maj. Sanger, of the Sev-enteenth, was left to guard the supplies, and enteenth, was left to guard the supplies, and Lieut. Rice, with one company of the Fifth In-fantry, was sent down to Glendive Creek to in-tercept any Indians that might attempt to ford the Yellowstone and sneak into Fort Peck Agency. Gen. Terry's movement was based solely on

but, for all the certain information he had, he might as well have marched toward Salt Lake as the route he selected. On the 12th, when Terry found that the trail Crook put him on Terry found that the trail Crook put him on led down Tongue River, he sent a scout through to Col. Miles, who was then patrolling the Yellowstone from Tongue to Powder River with the Steamer Far West, asking him to communicate with Gen. Hazen, at Fort Buford, and have another steamboat sent up to patrol the Lower Yellowstone. On the 20th, Hazen sent the Steamer Carroll on that mission.

or evidences of their having crossed the Yellowstone were seen by the troops on the Car-roll. On the 25th, however, the steamers Josephine and Yellowstone, under command of Lieut.-Col. Whistler, arrived here, and Indians had attacked the latter boat and killed two men at the point just above Coulson Rapids; but whether the Indians were in force was not determined. Only a half-dozen Indians were seen, though a large body might have been in ambush. This was generally believed, but why a large body of hostiles should let the Josephine pass unmolested and only half-a-dozen attack the Yellowstone was not explained. When Gen. Terry left on the 25th, I was satisfied

CROOK WOULD GET HIM AS PAR AS HE COULD toward Fort Lincoln, by which time the period-ical storm would sweep over the plains, and that then Terry would take his troops into that poet and postpone any further operations this year. There was the more encouragement for this opinion because, up to yesterday, Terry had believed that all attempts at building a post on the Yellowstone, and occupying it this winter, had been abandoned. The campaigns of last winter and of this summer have proven Gen. Crook to be

so shrewd that even his most trusted associates are not able to fathom his plans. All are mystified by his latter operations. All his military reputation was won by fighting the breech-clouted mud-daubers of Arisons, and he don't propose to go out of business in one campaign, or two, or three, if he can help it. What was Otbelo with his occupation gone! What would Crook be with no Indian to fight? If Crook can keep Terry from finding and whipping the Indians this year, Crook will A SINGULARLY SMART MAN defeat of June 16. This I believe to be the se eret move toward the Little Missouri River.

A DISPARCH FROM SHERIDAN, which was forwarded after Terry on the morning of the 26th. At once on its receipt, Terry separated from Crook and started back to the Yellowstone. On his arrival yesterday evening, I found the dispatch to be about as follows: "Locate a post at the mouth of the Tongue River. Detach the Fifth and Twenty-second Infanty Regiments and one cavalry de-tachment. Put them into quarters, and cease all military operations by the 15th of October."

Crook was then ordered to beat up the headwaters of O'Fallon's Creek and come into the Yellowstone about Glendive Creek. To-day Terry's command is crossing the Yellowstone 25 miles below here, and with it he intends to march down the west bank to join Crook. I

have great respect for Gen. Sheridan, but, un-der the circumstances, it is to leave the Fifth and Twenty-second Infantry up here this winter. There cannot be the lightest military necessity for it, as, long before the grass grows, and the Indians take the war-path, a sufficient number of troops can be sent up the Yellowstone without hardship. It is the most inhospitable region on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, and will, during all the iong winter months, be comparatively

SIBERIA OR ALASKA WOULD BE FAR PREFERA-For several years it has been Gen. Sheridan's pet project to have a chain of posts on the Yel-lowstone. At last he has got an appropriation for that purpose, and the hurry he is in to ex-pend it implies that he is afraid the next Con-gress will withdraw it.

WHAT GRN. TERRY BELIEVES. I have just closed my usnal daily interview with Gen. Terry. The good, brave old man was poring over his map and trying, by much study, to locate a band of hostile Sioux. I hope he may succeed, though, as he says, the chances are ten to one against him. His theory is this: "Starting with against him. His theory is this: "Starting with the belief," said Terry, "that Crook's Indians really came down the Rosebud, crossed over and down the Tongue, and then moved northeast from the Powder, my opinion is that they in-tended crossing the Yellowstone, but that Col. Miles was in time to intercept them, and so in-dustriously patrolled the river as to scare them

THE INIANS DREAD A STEAMBOAT,

THE INIANS DREAD A STEAMBOAT, the more this year because all of them carry cannon, or 'big thunders.' Over about the Snowy Range and Judith Mountains, near the Musselshell River, has for a long time been a sort of rendezvous for Sitting Bull and the Northern hostiles, and it is highly probable that it is toward this section the hostiles are

NOW MARCHING.

To do this successfully, they would have to cross the Yellowstone below Glendive. Signal fires were seen on the bluffs east and north of the camp at Powder River, on the nights of the 25th and 26th, which, it is supposed, were notifications to the hostiles that Terry and Crook had marched southeast, and that it would be safe for the villages to cross. By doing so, and getting upon the Musselshell, and in the mountains, they would put a large area of bad lands between them and the troops and facilitate their escape."

This theory of Terry is

THE CAUSE OF THE PRESENT MOVEMENT,

THE CAUSE OF THE PRESENT MOVEMENT, as explained in an earlier paragraph. He siso feels confident that the Lower Missouri hostiles have gone on home, and that either column is abundantly able to cope with any force it may

overhaul. A few days will prove the correctness or incorrectness of Terry's theory.

PROCESS.

BLACK HILLS.

CHEVENNE, Wyo., Sept. 4.—The Sioux Commission left Fort Laramie this morning for Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Agencies, Capt. Egan's company of the Third Cavalry escorting them.

The Black Hills telegraph line is finished to a point 15 miles this side of Hot Creek. Communication with Custer City will open the last of this month.

The coach last night brought in over 1.010 ounces of gold dust.

Several guiches are not being worked, on account of the scarcity of water. Deadwood and Whitewood creeks still have sufficient water for mining purposes.

As yet no quartz mill has arrived at Dead-

wood, although two are now en route, one of which left here a week ago.

A man named Nicholson was killed in the mines to-day at Rock Springs, Wyo., by a fall-

ing rock.

Special Dispotch to The Tribune.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—Gen. George
P. Buell, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Eleventh
Infantry, has been ordered to the Cheyenne Indian Agency on the Missouri River, in Dakota,
to command the troops recently ordered there
to arrest and disarm all hostile Indians who
may come to that Agency. Gen. Buell has just
arrived from the Department of Texas with his
whole regiment.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

BUSINESS!
SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—A Portland, Oregon, dispatch says the Nez Perces Indians have made a formal demand on the Commandant at Fort Walla Walla for two men who killed an Indian near there last spring, threatening to burn every house in the valley within two weeks if refused. Settlers are much alarmed. A company of cavalry has been sent to protect them.

CASUALTIES.

KILLED AND DEVOURED. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

*JANESVILLE, Wis., Sept. 4.—One of the most painful and sickening tragedles which ever oc-curred in this portion of Wisconsin blackened the day at Brodhead yesterday. The victim of this horrible tragedy was Mr. Jacob Ten Eyck, an old settler and a highly-respected resident of an old settler and a highly-respected resident of Green County. He left his house about 10 o'clock in the morning, the family supposing that he had gone to one of the neighbors. In crossing one of the fields on his farm, in which was a herd of cattle and a ferocious bull, he was attacked by the latter and killed. The hogs in the field began the sickening work of eating the human body, and when search was made for him in the evening the animals had devoured all of it but a part of his head and one foot. Mr. Ten Eyck was among the oldest settlers of Green County, having been a regident of Brodhead for the past thirty-five or forty years. He was about 75 years old. By industry and careful management he became one of the wealthiest men in the county, and was probably the largest land-owner in Green County. His terrible fate has cast a gloom over the community in which he lived.

Special Disputch to The Tribune.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Sept. 4.—George Dunn, 13 years old, and several other boys were playing urday evening, and attempted to push a freight-car in order to couple it to another. It was moved several feet, and, as it neared a second

the explosion of a boiler in the yard of the Louis-ville & Indianapolis Railroad. Gottleib Ganz-chom, fireman, was almost roasted, and subse-quently died. Six others are reported seriously injured. Cause not known. The boiler had just been cleaned, and but 65 pounds of steam were up when the explosion occurred.

FATAL FALL. New York, Sept. 4.—By the fall of a scaffold at the new grain elevator, Sixtieth street, North River, one man was killed and three men proba-

SOLDIERS' REUNION.

Special Dispoich to The Tribune.

UREGON, Ill., Sept. 4.—The fourth triennial reunion of the Ninety-second Illinois Volun-teers was held in this city to-day, attracting hither a concourse of soldiers and citizens variously estimated at from 3,000 to 4,000 people. The day has been cool and pleasant throughout. At 10° a. m. the procession formed, and, headed by the Byron Cornet Band, marched to the depot. Byron Cornet Band, marched to the depot, where they were met by delegations from Mount Carroll, Freeport, Lena, Polo, and other distant points. Here they were reformed, and, ander command of Gen. S. D. Atkins marched to the Court-House Square, where a stand beautifully decorated with flowers and wreaths of evergreen had been erected, over which was a large arch artistically arranged, bearing the words, "Welcome All," surmounted with the Stars and Stripes and the tattered remains of the regimental battle-flag. Numberless maple trees adorn the Court-House yard, under which the ladies of Oregon had prepared a free dinner for all soldiers and their friends. Two long tables were tilled with the delicacies of the season, which at the noon hour alone furnished accommodations for about 800 people.

hour alone furnished accommodations for about 800 people.

At 2 p. m. Capt. R. M. A. Hawk, of Mount Carroll, was introduced, and delivered an able and eloquent address to the several thousand who had assembled about the stand.

A business meeting of the Keunion Association was had, in which the following persons were elected as officers for the ensuing three years: Capt. J. M. Shermehorn, of Lens, Ill., President; William Cox, Vice-President; Wilson Stahl, Secretary; H. G. Fowler, Corresponding Secretary, and Joseph Guyson, Treasurer. The City of Lens, Stephenson County, was selected as the place of holding the next reunion, Sept. 4, 1879.

After dress parade and supper, the Methodist Church was filled to its utmost, where the evening exercises consisted of music, short speeches, camp-fire stories, toasts and responses, etc., closing with a vote of thanks to the good people of Oregon.

This has been one of the most enjoyable and largest reunions held in Illinois since the War, and one to be remembered by all who participated.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Sept. 4.—Senstor Ferry, Acting Vice-President of the United States,

GRAND RAPIDS, Alica., Sept. 4.—Senator Ferry, Acting Vice-President of the United States, happened in our city to-day. He was prevailed upon to stay through the evening, and was given a non-partisan welcome by all our citizens. At Sweet's Hotel, this evening, he was serenaded by the Knight-Templar Band, and called out for a speech. He was introduced to the populace, which had assembled by thousands, by the Hon. Thomas B. Church, Democrat, who, in a brief speech, complimented our Fernissular State on having such a Senator, and Senator Ferry for his action as a member of Congress and as Acting Vice-President, and for the honors he had won for himself and the people who elected him. Senator Ferry replied in a brief non-partisan speech, which was accepted by men of all parties as the most graceful that could have been said under the circumstances. It was applauded to the echo by the assembled thousands, and will add in a no small degree to the popularity of the man and the party he represents in western Michigan. It was full of felicitous sectional and personal allusions, and may truly be called one of the happiest efforts of Senator Ferry's life. He left town with a sentiment in his favor that cannot be overcome.

POLITICAL.

Seymour Persists, and the Saratoga Convention Will Try Again.

Mr. Tilden's Tax Arrears Inquired Into by the Revenue Bureau.

Instructions to United States Marshals Under the Election Laws.

The Republicans Waging a Vigorous Campaign in Massa-

Reformed Greenbacker's Account of Lew Steward.

The Result of Spending a Sunday with That Individual.

Running a Saw-Mill on the Lord's Day---Profanity and Worse.

The Republican County Convention to Be Held Oct. 11,

on the Following Day. Democratic Plan for Electing Delegates

And the Legislative Conventions

and Purifying Primaries.

NEW YORK. OTHER DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Mr. Seymour, in his letter declining the nomination for Governor by the Democratic Convention, says: For some months my health has been infirm, and a recent illness has unfitted me for mental or physical

The Democratic State Convention is officially requested to reconvene Wednesday, Sept. 18, at noon, at Saratoga, and nominate a candidate for Governor in place of Horatio Seymour, de-

COME DOWN, SAMMY! CALL LIKELY TO BE MADE FOR THOSE AL-LEGED DEFICIENCIES. moved several feet, and, as it neared a second car, George stepped between them to do the coupling, when he was caught between the dead-wood and seriously crushed. When the cars met one of them bounded back a few inches, which relieved the boy from his terrible position. He full down, but recovered himself and walked several yards, bleeding profusely at the mouth, then fell back dead.

EXPLOSION

Explosion of a boiler in the yard of the Louiswills to lead liberty to make the tenor of the correspondence public. He could say, however, that Mr. Bliss public. He could say, however, that Mr. Bliss was of the opinion that suit ought to be firstituted against the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. If the suit is brought, it will be only concerning the years 1802 and 1863. No charge of political action could be brought against the Internal Revenue Office for such a suit. If brought, it will be in accordance with a circular-letter addressed to the Collector, directing the course to be taken to recover taxes due but unassessable without waiver, because of the fifteen months' limitation. That letter bears date, "Treasury Department, Office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, March 27, 1874," nearly two and one-half years ago.

MASSACHUSETTS.

THE REPUBLICANS WIDE AWARE. great day in the heart of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The Republicans of the central part of the State bave had a day of mass-meetpart of the State have had a day of mass-meetings and torchlight processions such as has not been known before since 1856, and the enthusiasm is of that kind that promises earnest future work and a great vote for Hayes and Wheeler. This demonstration is in advance of the State Republican Convention, which meets to-morrow. This is really the opening of the campaign in this State. There have been ratification meetings and meetings for the formation of clubs, but these meetings to day are the first great mass-meetings yet for the formation of clues, but have the systematic formation of clues, but have been protected and the spirit that has here been provoked will no doubt apread all over the State.

THE FIRST MEETING.

was held in a beautiful grove on the common. An audience of between 4,000 and 5,000 people gathered, standing in close array around the speaker's stand, and listened for two hours and a naif with the closest attention to able and cloquent expositions of the Republican policy by the Hon. George F. Hoar, Prof. Julius H. Sheiye, ex-Postmaster-General Marshall Jewell, of Commetticut, ex-Lieut-Gov. Stewart L. Woodford, of New York, President Chabburne, of Williams College, the Hon. George B. Loring, and others. The speeches were all short, pithy, stirring, and effective.

Early in the evening there was

A GRAND TORGHLIGHT PROCESSION

of the Hayes and Wheeler Clubs of this city and neighboring towns, some mounted and some on foot. As it marched throughout the beautiful main street, extending for more than a mile, dense throngs lining the street on either side, buildings illuminated, and fireworks ascending in every quarter, the spectacle was perhaps the finest ever seen in this reside.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

LOUISIANA.

LOUISIANA.

CHARACTERISTIC CAMPAIGN SOTES.

Secial Dissich to The Tribane.

New Obleans, Sopt. 4.—Information has been received here this evening from the Sheriff of Red River Parish that Mr. Webster, Clerk of the District Court, a Republican, was waylaid, and an attempt made to assasinate him, on Sunday night, near Coushatta, by parties unknown. His horse was killed under him, and he was severely wounded.

Later information from Monroe Icaves no doubt that Dr. Dinkgrave, who was assasinated last Wednesday, was a victim of the White League.

To the Western Associated Press.

New Obleans, Sept. 4.—To Acting-Governor, Antoine, New Orleans: E. T. Webster, Clerk of the District Parish of Red Rivar, was waylaid and shot at last evening about 50 clock. Webster was wounded and his horse killed.

A special to the Democrat from Bastrop, Liangle, and the second of the reported trouble. After securing for the Desacand announced that the negroes there were up in arms. Chizens immediately armed, mounted, and left for the seem of the reported trouble. After securing for the pest part of the furenoon, and finding no armed bands anywhere, they concluded to go home, and accordingly broke up in small squais. As one of the squais of about 3,000 yards in advance as a guard. While passing Koss Pince, 9 miles southwest of Bastrop, they were auddenly fired myon by a band of negroes, under cover of a disch on the roadside. The three scouts immediately charged the negroes, who fled, closely pursued by the men, and when they arrived at a fence, some hundred yards further ou, the fugitives turned and delivered another ineffective volley. The three young men continued to fire from their revolvers, killing one and wounding four. The negroes dispersed.

One of the wounded negroes was taken priconer, and is now in jail in Bastrop. He says they were put up to taking arms by white men, among whom was one Low, who last year murdered Mayor Fheips, of Bastrop.

Two gentlemen, Nick Evans and his brother, one a rich merchant of Bastrophonod, were g

NATIONAL ELECTION LAWS.) Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—The following are the instructions from the Attorney-General to United States Marshals regarding the coming elections. A copy will be sent to each United States Marshal throughout the country; Six: The laws of the United States having made it my duty to exercise general direction ovar Marshals as to the manner of discharging their offices. I have prepared for their use this circular letter of instructions as to the cosning elections, intending the same also as a reply, once for all, to the numerous applications in the connection from private citizens in the various States.

In the present condition of legislation the United States occupy a position fowards voters and voting which varies according as the election is for State and other local officers only, or for members of Congress and Presidential Electors. In elections at which members of the Hones of Representatives are chosen, which by law include elections at which Electors for President and Vice-President are appointed, the United States occurs voters against whatever in general hindess or prevents them from the full exercise of the elective franches, extending that care allies to the revisited in the second care allies to the resistation lists, the second care allies to the resistation lists the second care allies the second care allies the second care allies the second care allies the second care all the second care a

ject, during which Gov. Chamberlain and Sentor Patterson urged the necessity of military protection in the South, the members of the Cabinet expressed their opinions at length, an also the desires of the President upon the topic. It was decided that a copy of the circula fetter of instructions of the Attorney-Generobe referred to Gen. Sherman for his information and guidance. The Secretary of War is a strong accord with the Attorney-General for the enforcement of the instructions.

ARKANSAS.

THIS 'EES 'ARD.

Then was also a stocknolour in the root for Mining Company and the Michigan Company. The latter paid a dividend y year until the panic from date of its organom, and I am certain that the Cliffs have the same. Gen. Barnum, of Connecticut, esident of the Cliffs, and I should not sup-

ILLINOIS.

CARBON DALE.

Special Disposes to The Tribuna.

CARBONDALS, Ill., Sept. 4.—Saturday evening the Democrats of this vicinity assembled in the City-Hall for the purpose of formally organizing a Tilden and Hendricks Club. The paper, which had been out for about a week, contained upwards of 100 names pledged to support that ticket. The Hon. W. J. Allen addressed the audience, which was a very fair one,

contained upwards of 100 names pledged togupport that ticket. The Hon. W. J. Allen addressed the andience, which was a very fair one,
considering the time of announcement, in a
short but strong and eloquent speech. Another
meeting will soon be field, when they will permanently organize.

The Republicans met in Rickart & Campbell's
Hall this evening to permanently organize the
Hayes and Wheeler Club. After necessary
preliminaries, Elibn Palmer was elected President and O. H. Able and C. B. Holding Secretaries. The meeting instructed the Executive
Committee, Samuel T. Brush, Chairman, to procure at once 100 uniforms. The Secretary enrolled 152 members to-night, and has a prospect
of many more. They go at it with great fervor
and expect to be behind none. The club also
instructed the Corresponding Secretary to invite the clubs from the neighboring towns and
cities to join us next Saturday afternoon, at which time Carbondale will
be in her glory. Her former citizen, but
now Benator, John A. Logan, will arrive
here at noon, and is to be saluted with a round
of guns. At the lecture-hall of the University,
at about 2 o'clock, he will be tendered a reception, after which he will address the assembly
on the topics of the day relative to political
matters. No palns will be spared to make this
a grand blow-out. Other prominent politicians
will be in attendance, and will speak.

PRONIA.

PRONIA.

PRONIA, Ill., Sept. 4.—The Hon. R. H. Whiting, present member of Congress from the
Ninth District, was serenaded to-night by
friends, and in response to their calls appeared
and made a few remarks. He declared himself
as opposed to T. A. Boyd for Congress, although the regular nominee of the Republican
Convention, Boyd had promised to support
him, had lied about it, and succeeded in securing the nomination himself. He should both
vote and work against a man who had abused
him and sought to ruin his private character.

Enoch Emery, Thomas Cratty, and other leading Republicans, followed in the same style,

seat upon the platform. The Hon. James C. Conkling made the closing address, and an able one it was.

ELGIN.

LEW STEWARD.

Mr. Wood is an able speaker, and devoted several weeks to adventing the Greenback dolusion is filinois and Michigan, adhering to the doctrine as a matter of principle. One Sunday, however, at Steward's home convinced him that the nominee of the party was not a fit associate for decent men,

"Where did you first meet Mr. Stewart?"
queried the reporter.

"In Chicago," was the reply.

"How were you impressed?"

"I was pleased with him. Any one who meets him the first time will be, if he doesn't talk. He is very dignified, and appears to be a gentleman."

"Did he talk much to you then?"

"No. That is where his strength lies—in his silence. If his triends would let him talk when he is among respectable people, he would disgust them."

"WERE YOU BYER AT HIS HOME?"

gust them."

"Yes; once. I made a speech at Yorkville, the county-seat of his county, in his interest, one Saturday night, and Sunday we went over to see him. Mr. Springer, the Secretary of the Greenback Committee, and a glee club composed of young men, were of the party. We had not been in his house five minutes before he began to swear, and hakept it up all the time we were there, except when he was telling dirty stories."

stories."
"That was Sunday, you say?"
"Yes."
"Did he go to church that day?"
"No.; I guess he never goes. He told me his saw-mill was running."
"Is he an intelligent man?"
"No. He boasts of his ignorance and of his obscenity. A man sometimes cannot help being illiterate, but it is strange for him to be proud of it."

among temperance and Christian people on account of his baving said something about one of the temperance meetings. I wanted to straighten that out, if I was to advocate his claims. I broached the subject, and he said he had never drank a great deal of liquor himself, but there had been too — much Miss Nancying with temperance and church people, and he believed he could make more votes by showing that he had no sympathy with them, and it told him the heart had been taken out of me; that, if they ever expected to elect Steward Governor of Illinois, they had better put a pale fence around the house, and Keep him in and everybody else out."

"Was any reference made to the statements that have been published about

HIS PROFANITY, ETC!"

"Yes, and I think they are true. You remember the Journal about that time (May) published some pretty tough stories about him. He told me they came from his brother. 'But,' said he, 'I can't answer them, because I shall make matters worse if I do. The truth is, insanity runs in our family and my brother is no doubt touched with it, and the result is that he writes these things to the Journal."

"Do you think his brother's brother is

doubt touched with it, and the result is that he writes these things to the Journal."

"Bo you think his brother's brother is touched?"

"Upon my word I do. I have seen evidences of it in a good many little things he has done and said."

"For instance?"

"Though I am opposed to him now, and have not advocated him since, I agreed to speak for the Greenbackers during the entire campaign. I got out as soon as I could honorably; and, even under these circumstances, I would not have said what I have if he had not, by doing certain things, absolved me from all confidences."

"What about his being of UNSOUND MIND?"

must be some mistake, as I certainly could not have said such a thing. He did not reply, but told the gentleman to whom he had originally made the statement that he had gotten a letter from me saying that one or the other of us was mistaken—ac couldn't tell which, as he had lost the letter,—as if a public man would mislay such a letter as that."

"Is lying an evidence of insanity?"

"Well, he is either

THE BEST LIAE IN THE STATE OF ILLISOIS, or he docen't know what he is doing half the time."

"Does he talk much of Lew Steward?"

"He said to me frequently that Sunday: 'There is one thing sure, I have elements of popularity about me which no other man in this State has.'"

"Oth he mention those elements?"

"Ne neguental elements; and he said he was very well known."

"Was he rational when he said that?"

"I think so, for the truth is he is not known in the counties adjoining his own. I have frequently been asked down there, 'Who is this Lew Steward? What is he?"

"Yes, very much. I told him (it was before the Democratic Convention was held when I was the pleased with

"HE DEMOCRATIC INDORSEMENT?"

"Yes, very much. I told him (it was before the Democratic Convention was held when I was there—what I knew would leave him. I advised him to make the run by himself, and not to unite with the Democratic but his whole aim was to get the nomination of their Convention."

"Do you know how he secured it?"

"No. I was not in their confidence at the time."

"Was your prediction verified?"

"Yes; all the prominent Republicans who favored him up to that time left him."

"Who are mainly his supporters now?"

"Old Democrate—Hunkers—fellows dyed in the wool."

"Have you heard of

ANY OTHERS WHOM HE HAS DISGUSTED by his profanity and illiteracy?"

"Yes; a number. Some of the best men that were in the Greenback party, if it can be called a party, went to his house—men of respectability and wealth—to advise with him as to the campaign; and he insultingly told them that they had come there for money. He said this to men who wouldn't

THE COUNTY.

RESTING OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Republican Gook County Central Committee held a meeting at the headquarters of the Grand Council, corner of Clark and Lake streets, yesterday afternoon. President Clough occupied the chair, and Chris Mamer acted as Secretary. There were ten members present. The Chairman stated that there was one important matter which should be attended tothat of securing judges of election. The Board of County Commissioners last year refused to appoint any Republicans. He thought the party should insist that at least one judge in each pre-

Col. Schaffner moved that the Grand Council be requested to recommend to the various ward clube to select names for judges at the different voting-places, and to report their names through the ward delegates in the Council.

Mr. Atwater said that matter was now in the hands of the Executive Committee of the Grand Council, and would be attended to.

Mr. Awary suggested that a substitute concurring in the action of the Grand Council in referring the subject to the Executive Committee he adopted. The ward clubs would make the

The motion of Maj. Hoffman was adopted.

DELEGATE.

Col. Payne presented the following:

Besolved, That, in accordance with the recommendation of the Grand Council, we hereby order that three sets of delegates be elected in Cook County at the primaries, to-wit: One Congressional, one Senatorial and Representative, and one county.

al, one Senatorial and Representative, and one county.

Resolved, That the Chairman appoint from this Committee a Sub-Committee of three members each for each of the seven Senatorial Districts in Cook County, and that said Sub-Committee be and they are hereby instructed to call the several Senatorial and Representative Conventions, each in its own district, on Sept. 30, 1876, and appoint the primaries in the city on the 28th and in the county towns Sept. 23, 1878.

Resolved, That the County Convention be called to meet on Oct. —, at —, and that the primaries therefor be held in the city on Oct. —, at —, between the hours of 3 and 7, and in the county towns on Oct. —, between the hours of 4 and 7 p. m.; and that the basis of apportionment be the Republican vote of 1875, allowing one delegate to each 175 or fraction of 75; and that the Chairman be instructed to draft a call and publish the same.

On motion, the resolutions were taken up seriatim.

Mr. A ware asked whether the Committee had

On motion, the resolutions were taken up seriatim.

Mr. Avery asked whether the Committee had anything to do with ealling a convention to mominate members of Congress,—whether there were not three Central Committees in the county, one for each Representative District.

Mr. Mullen wanted to know what the Committee had to do with calling meetings in the Senatorial Districts. There was a committee in each District which would attend to that.

The Chair said it had been customary for the County Central Committee, on some occasions, if not all, to call a convention for the nomination of county officers and members of the Legislature. He was not aware that there were any Senatorial District committees. The Central Committee had nothing to do with the Congressional Districts.

Col. Payne said the first resolution did not relate to the Congressional Districts; it did not instruct as to the Senatorial Districts. All it did was to simply say to the voters, "You shall, in your primaries, elect three sets of delegates—one Congressional, one Senatorial, and one county." The Grand Council had recommended this.

Col. Schaffner remarked that the Committee had no authority to order elections of delegates in the Congressional Districts. He deprecated adding to the machinery; there was too much already.

Mr. Brayton moved that two sets of delegates be elected,—one for the County and one for the Senatorial Convention. The people demanded this.

col. Payne accepted the amendment,—to strike out the word "Congressional."

Mr. Mullon favored the holding of three separate conventions on three separate days.

Mr. King offered the following as a substitute:

Resolved, That, in accordance with the recommendation of the Grand Council, it is hereby ordered that two sets of delegates be elected in Cook County at the primaries, to-wit: one Senatorial and Bepresentative and one county.

Col. Payne accepted the substitute, and it was adopted.

adopted.
The second resolution was next considered.
Col. Brayman thought it was competent for the Committee to designate the
TIME OF HOLDING THE CONVENTIONS.
Col. Payma said that there were no Senatorial Committees. The work had to be done by the Committee, and the resolution contemplated putting the labor on sub-committees, who could do it better.

order and confusion, and there had been a great deal of complaint about it. It was a matter of considerable importance, and the selection twenty-one Representatives and three Senators warranted the calling of separate Conventions. The party was better organized to-day than ever before, and every day added to its perfection.

Mr. Brayton favored the holding of all the primaries on the same day. This would insure three separate sets of delegates. By any other course the same men would probably be in all the Conventions.

Mr. Avery was opposed to holding the primaries two weeks before the Conventions, since there were so many candidates that the delegates, if business men, would be able to do nothing except interview candidates.

Col. Payne accepted the amendment.

Mr. Atwater remarked that no harm would be done by holding all the primaries on the same day.

Capt. Byan said that if the primaries were divided the people would not take the interest in them that they should. He moved that the resolution be laid over until the time had been fixed for helding the primaries for the County Convention.

Mr. King offered as a substitute for the whole matter the following.

them that they should. He moved that the resolution be laid over until the time had been fixed for holding: the primaries for the County Convention.

Mr. King offered as a substitute for the whole matter the following:

Resolved, That the County Convention be held on the 11th of October, 1876, and that the Senatorial and Representative Conventions be held in the several Senatorial Districts on the 13th of October, and that separate delegates for such Conventions be ciected at primaries to be held on the 10th day of October, 1876, those in the city to be held between the hours of 3 and 7 p. m. and in the county towns between the hours of 4 and 7 p. m.

Mr. Avery moved as an amendment that the primaries in the city be held between the hours of 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Mr. Avery moved as an amendment that the primaries in the city be held between the hours of 8 a. m. and 7 p. m. Lost.

The substitute was adopted.

Col. Payne moved that the Chair appoint a committee of three for each Senatorial District to call the Senatorial and Representative Conventions at the time dealgnated, each in its own district. Agreed to.

The Chair appointed the following:

First District.—John Lyle King, F. W. Warren, John Hoffman, and S. E. White.

Second District.—W. C. Phillips, J. G. Clongh, H. B. Brayton, George M. Bogne, and ——Smifth.

Third District.—John Bonneld, Chris Tegumeyer, and J. B. Craney.

Fourth District.—E. B. Payne, R. S. Williamson, and H. M. Singer.

Sexenth District.—E. B. Payne, R. S. Williamson, and H. M. Singer.

Basis of Apportionment,

Mr. King offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolves, That the basis of apportionment be the Republican vote of 1875 for Alexander Wolcott, allowing one delegate for each 200 or fraction of 100 and over, provided each county town have at least one delegate.

The Chair appointed as a committee to make the supportionment, Mesars. Hoffman, Brayton, and Minien.

Mr. Minien called attention to the importance of securing for judges of election men who would be true to the party.

ABOUT TOWN.

REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

Monday is, generally speaking, a dull day, but around the Grand Pacific Hotel pariors it was decidedly lively yesterday. From early morn till dewy eve the rooms were crowded, not with idlers, but with a throng of active workers who were constantly coming and going. Dan Shepard's correspondence was, as usual, remarkably voluminous, and included letters from all parts of the Union. The refusal of Horatio Seymour to accept the nomination of the Democratic candidature for Governor in New York State has totally "disgruntled the party," as a correspondent from Oswego puts it. Utics, the home of Mr. Seymour, is doing active and good work for Hayes and Wheeler, and Central New York promises an immense Republican majority. The Indians

A TRIBUNE reporter ran scross Col. Austin, of LaPorte, Ind., resterday, and he says that political excitement never ran so high in nis section as it does this year. It seems as though the days of 1866 had returned. He predicts that his section of country will go solid for Hayes and Wheeler. LaPorte has a number of active working Republican ciubs, and marching clubs that number about 1,000 seen, which is not a bud showing. Secretary Shepard yesterday received the correspondence between Ranii Hoechster and the Hon. G. W. Friedley, Chairman of the Indiana Republican State Central Committee, which brands Ranii Hoschster not only as a traitor to his party, but shows him to be a man of meas, mercenary motives, who sold himself to the Democratic party for a mess of politage. June 29, Emil wrote that he was anxious to commence at Indianapolis July 20, stay two weeks, go to Ohio, and then come back to Indiana on the 20th of September and speak until election. July 2 Hoechster wrote that he would apeak in Michigan City on the 20th of July. July 11 he agrala wrote that he was astisfied as to his list of appointments, and that he would ask for his fee \$300 per week, and defray his own expenses.

July 18 Hoechster had gotten angry. He thought \$10 per speech was a low estimate for brain-labor, as though his-speeches were the isbor of his mind. He then went on to lead himself, holding himself up as second to none. After these little episodes, which he suddenly cut abort by descring the Republican party and selling himself, hold yand breches, to the men in the Palmer House. These are facts which Mr. Hoechster camoo gaineay, for they are recorded against him. His milliary second may come up next, as the occasion offers.

THE KURIC COMMITTEE Clubs met vesterday afternoon as Headquarters, with Maj. Rockway in the chair. It was decided that all east ten bands should be engaged. After discussing some minor details, the meeting adjourned till 10:30 cloick this morning in the office of Gen. Bridges, 54 LeSalle street, when the German

did not spread the enthusiasm to a great extent.

Secretary Crowley received dispatches yesterday from the Germans he had telegraphed to to come and speak in this city Saturday evening, in answer to Carl Schurz. Fred Hasssurek is in Europe. Frans Sigel is III, and can't come. Gustavus Koerner has the—well, he's gone East. The only man who can come is Emil Rothe, of Cinciunati. Col. Juesson will assist him. After this work Col. Juesson will go to Indiana and Ohio to do some stumping for Tilden, and to secure a mission or some other appointment, should the Democracy prove successful, which is not at all likely. Capt. Connett has returned from Indiana,

County, Ky., next.

Col. Baldwin's Tilden Legion is not recruiting as fast as he would like to nave it. Sad!

Among those who put their signatures on the oig book yesterday were S. J. Hall, New Orleans, La.; J. B. Potter, Gilman, Ill.; A. McCormick, Shenandoah, Ia.; M. W. McReynolds, Peoria; R. E. O'Brien, Cinchnati, O.; L. E. Johnson, Aurora; M. W. Dunham and M. W. Pietcher, Wayne, Ill.; Thomas Montgomery, Sedalia, Mo. : John B. D. Williams, Sedalia, Mo. INDEPENDENT GREENBACKERS.

A good-natured, benevolent-looking gentleman yesterday enlivened the Tremont House rooms with his presence and some stump-tailed currency, upon which he dilated, much to the amusement of the select few present. When the circus procession came along, the great party of financial reform turned out to see the elephants. There was nothing new to work out. Some patriot sent in a report of the meeting and pole-raising at Evergreen Park, Saturday last. Dr. John L. Kellogg, S. F. Norton, and J. F. Scanlon spoke, and a Greenback Club was organized with the following-named officers: President, J. L. Kellogg; Vice-President, J. M. Crawford; Treasurer, V. F. White; Secretary, C. W. Dean.

Ald. Smith has been elected President of the Tenth Ward Greenback Club, which has reorganized.

DEMOGRATIC COUNTY COMMITTER.

Crawford; Treasures, V. F. White; Secretary, C. W. Dean.

Aid. Smith has been elected President of the Tenth Ward Greanback Club, which has reorganized.

DEMOGRATIC COUNTY COMMITTER.

The Cook County Democratic Central Committees met yesterday afternoon at No. 77 Clark street, with Ferry H. Smith in the chair, the object being to discuss the primaries and the representation question. The session was a private one, reporters being bounced as fast as they attempted to enter. For nearly three hours the "unterriled" patriots discussed a report. They were afraid to have reporters present on account of the dissension and bickerings among themselves, and the choice personalities which they exchange at all their meetings. Loud and long did each speaker talk, until finally a report was adopted.

The new method proposes that each Democratic voter shall register dive days before the election of delegates. Each preente will elect its own delegates and vote with the ward for the balance at large. Where more than one club exists, each club will be compelled to meet, register, and report. If a ward has four precinct votes for one and jointly for the other two. This was the gist of the business transacted. The Committee adjourned until 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

WEST SIDS OFFICERS.

A meeting of staff officers was held at Justice Matson's office last evening for the purpose of preparing for the grand parade Thursday. Justice Matson presided. Capt. W. H. Ruger and A. Graham were selected as Aids in the Seventh Ward, Chris Mamer and Aid. Frank Lawler in the Eighth, D. S. Bolkcom and John R. Floyd in the Ninth, H. S. Frankon and H. D. Jennings in the Tenth, Maj. Edwards and Capt. Phillips in the Tenth, Maj. Edwards and Capt. Phillips in the Eleventh, L. L. Troy and Col. H. A. Plimpton in the Twelfth, L. B. White and Louis Wolf in the Ninth, H. S. Paulson and H. D. Jennings in the Tenth, Maj. Edwards and Capt. Phillips in the Eleventh, The following. Aids-at-Large were also appointed: A. L. Morrison, H. D. Thetreau, V. Girardi

After some discussion, this mixed as poned for a week.

There being no further business before the meeting, speeches were in order. Charles H. Reed first mounted the platform. He stated as the outset that his business was not speech making, but the prosecution of regue, and he would see what he could do in the way of prosecuting Tilden. This gentleman, who had a longing for the Presidential chair, was the right bower of Tweed, the greatest corruptionist in this countries. the way of prosecuting Tilden. This gentieman, who had a longing for the Presidential chair, was the right bower of Tweed the greatest corruptionist in this country. Mr. Hiden presented to be a preferrance but he had done nothing which justified his prekration. Of course Tweed was put into jail, but he was soon allowed to escape, and no reward was offered for his apprehension. During the War the Democratic candidate acted the part of a traitor; he acquiesced in everything done by the Secessionists, and in the National Democratic Convention used the War a failure at the time when the Southernan were ready to lay down their arms. Any colored man who voted for the Democratic textet ought to return to sisvery. [Applause from the colored members.] No charge could be sustained against Gov. Hayes. The charge about his income tax returns would be satisfactorily explained, and even his enemies would acknowledge it a base alander. [Applause.] It was a well-known fact that Tilden had made his monsy by the wholesale robbery of Western farmers.

Mr. John Lyle King was the next speaker. He said Charley Reed was so good a political speaker that he felt like relicing him of his business of prosecuting thieves and having him sent out on the stump. [Laughter and applause.] He claimed to be one of the early Republicans, and consequence of the War. In 1834 he opposed, in an Indiana paper, the Missouri Compromise. The Republican party was a necessary and ustural consequence of the repeal of that compromise. The issues of the coming campaign needed to be carefully considered by the colored efficient; if possible, the Democratic was a necessary and ustural consequence of the repeal of that compromise. The success of the Punocratic ticket did not mean anything beneficial to the colored efficient; if possible, the Democratic was condition. There was a great cry about shaking hands over the "bloody chasm." The North had never been ablowed to do this. Recent events in the South Back in the reside hotel in the colored file of the proper w

which resulted as follows:

Outein-L. F. Sacoba.

First Lieutenant—W. B. Howe.
Second Lieutenant—W. B. Howe.
Second Lieutenant—W. B. Lyon.
The question of uniforms having come up, the
Committee on that subject said that they had
not been able to come to any conclusion, and
desired further time to consult with members
from other parts of the city to secure uniformity.

They also discussed the question of uniforms for the members of the staff of the Division Commander, and made themselves acquainted with each other, for all of which the meeting was called.

with each other, for all of which the meeting was called.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Righteenth Ward Republican Club was held last night at the headquarters in Turner-Hail. President Spence presided. Arrangements were discussed for a large meeting Saturday night in Lower Turner-Hall, when Emery A. Storra will deliver one of his characteristic speeches. Extensive preparations are being made for the demonstration in honor of Carl Schurz. Fully 300 Minute-Men of the Eighteenth Ward will turn out on each occasion. It is hoped that the Saturday meeting will be largely attended. It is also expected that Coroner Dietzsch will speak in German.

The Eighteenth Ward Republican Club have tendered their rooms in Turner Hall for the Minute-Men organization of the North Division. An officer of the staff of the Division Commander will be in constant attendance, and any communication addressed to those quarters will receive attention.

SOUTH SIDE MILITARY.

The Division Commanders and the members of their staffs and the officers of all the Hayes and Wheeler martial companies in the city are carnestly requested to meet in the club-rooms of the Grand Pacific Hotel this evening at 8 o'clock for the purpose of electing a Commander-in-Chief of all the forces.

SIXTERNEW WARD.

A meeting of the officers of Companies A, B, and C, of the Sixteenth Ward Hayes and Wheeler Minute-Men was held last night at No. 311 Larrabee street. Mr. Verbeck cailed the meeting to order. The election of officers for the hattalion of that ward resulted as follows: Major, J. A. Le Brun; Adjutant, Charles Spori; Quartermanter, Oscar Williams; Drum-Major, George Smith.

The German Republican Club met last evening at the adjusters, corner, Lakes and Click interests and Click and Club.

Major, J. A. Le Brun; Adjutant, Charles Boori;
Quartermaster, Oscar Williams; Drum-Major,
George Smith.

OBENAN-AMERICAN CLUB.

The German Republican Club met last evening at headquarters, corner Lake and Clark
streets, for the purpose of making final arrangements for the reception of the Hon. Carl Schurz,
who has been announced to deliver an address
in German at-McCormick Hall Thursday
evening.

The President of the Club, Mr. Floto, occupied the chair, and the attendance was quite
large, embracing many leading Germans who
take part in politics, prominent among them being County Treasurer Huck, Col. Schaffner,
Messrs. Klokke, Jacob Gross, and others.

Reports were received from the Committees
on Finance, Arrangements, Music, Programme,
etc., indicating progress, and generally to the
effect that the interest taken in Mr. Schurz was
sure to draw out for him the largest audience
of the campaign so far.

It was announced that three companies of
Minute-Men had been detailed to escort the
speaker from the hotel to the hall on the evening of the address.

Arrangements are being made for a grand
torchlight procession on the evening of Thursday, and it is expected that the organized and
uniformed companies of the three divisions will
turn out in force for the occasion. The place
of forming the procession has not yet been
agreed apon, but the route will be mainly
through the North Division, and it is expected
that the procession will be timed so as to reach
the hall as near as may be to the close of the
address.

All indications are that the turnout on that
evening will equal any of the whole campaign.

SWENNTH WARD.

The Seventh Ward Young Men's Democratic
Club held a meeting last evening at the corner
of Wright and Halated streets. A man named
Ruberg made a long speech. After him came
Florence McCarthy in a characteristic harangue.

The Eighth Ward Tilden and Hendricks Club
held a meeting last evening at No. 381 Biue
Island avenue. John McNally occupied the
chair. A Tilden and Hendricks Marching Club
was partiall

Izabeth streets.
Justice Salisbury moved that they proceed to
e election of three judges of election, subct to the approval of the Cook County Central
mmittee. Carried. The following were
own: A. F. Miner, Ogden Lovell, and Justice

MISCELLANEOUS

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SOUTH.

Special Dispatch is The Tribune.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 4.—Dispatches received here show that Judge Settle, Republican candidate for Governor in North Carolina, was prevented from speaking at Charlotte by a Rebel mob. Charlotte is the home of Congressman Vance, Settle's opponent, whose Isrociona Rebel speech is now so widely quoted.

West Virginia Republicans report to Republican headquarters here that they have strong hopes of carrying the election for State officers there Oct. 10. The Democrats have selzed upon the statement credited to the President in a re-

the statement credited to the President in a re-cent review: "I won't spend any of the peo-ple's money on little creeks in West Virginia," as an argument against the Republican move-ment.

as an argument against the Republican movement.

***MILES, MICH.**

Special Correspondence of The Tribune.

***NILES, Mich.**, Sept. 2.—Prof. George F. Edwards, a graminent attorney at law of this city, and President of the Niles Hayes and Wheeler Club, was to oday nominated at the Republican Convention for Representative for this district in the State Legislature.

Special Correspondence of The Tribune.

***MILES, Mich.**, Sept. 2.—The Hon. E. M. Plimpton, of Buchanam, addressed a fair and dience in Kellogy's Hall, the Hayes and Wheeler Club Rooms, last evening. The speaker was frequently greeted with applause. At the close of his speech several acceptions were made to the Hayes and Wheeler Club, and three cheers were given for George F. Edwards, the Republican nominee for Representative.

INTERESTING FROM INDIANA.

INDIANAFOLIS, Ind., Sept. 4.—Daniel W. Voorbees has accepted the invitation of the Republican State Committee, and to morrow will meet John Sherman, of Ohio, in joint debate, at Columbia City, Whitby County. The Hon. James G. Blaine has consented to some into this State, and will be present at the grand rally arranged for the Tippecance battle-ground, Sept. 26, at which Gen. Harrison will also be present.

FORT ATKINSON.

FORT ATKINSON.

Special Dispatch to The Tribina.

FORT ATKINSON, Wis., Sept. 4.—On Saturday evening, at the regular meeting of the Hayes and Wheeler Club of this place, the Hon. L. B. Caswell and Maj. George W. Burchard replied to the speeches of Strong and Smith in an able manner.

FAIRS.

TLLINOIS.

OTTAWA, Ill., Sept. 4.—The twenty-fourth annual fair of the Illinois State Agricultural Board opened in this city to-day under favorable suspices. The weather was cool and agreeable. The grounds were in good order, entries mumerous, and the estendance fair for the first day. In the horse and cattle departments the number of entries is already up to last year, and the effects of the Board find it necessary to erect fifty additional stalls to meet the unexpected demand. The Normans take the lead in the horse department, the largest exhibitor ILLINOIS. pected demand. The Normans take the lead in the horse department, the largest exhibitor being Lewis C. Hodgson, of LaSalle County, who has seventeen head. Dillon, of Normal, comes next with eleven head. Andrew Arm-strong, of Logan County, has eleven head of Hambletonians, and three Clydesdales. The

the latter cannot possibly be as good. The machinery hall is filled, and a large-space of ground adjoining. Agricultural products and fruits are not yet well represented, nor are the fine arts and domestic departments. Large additions will be made in all to-morrow. The accommodations for visitors are first-class. Goodwater and calables are in the greatest abundance, and the facilities for getting to and from the grounds are ample. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company rus trains from their depot every twenty minutes. Passengers via the Chicago & Alton and the Chicago & Paducah are landed near the epitance gate.

Of ten years growth cured by gate.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 4.—The Ohio State Fair commenced to-day. The show of stock is excellent, but the other departments are not in readiness for exhibition.

SUBURBAN NEWS,

SAER.

SUBURBAN NEWS.

LAKE.

Saturday evening burgiars broke open the door of a car in the yard of the Michigan Central Railroad Company at Learnel street, and had taken away agone elothing which was consigned to a dry goods house in Chicago. Sergt. Sheffler was informed of the affair, and, with Officer Markey, proceeded to the yard. The goods were strown in all directions on the ground, but no trace of the perpetratory of the burgiary could be found. Markey was placed in the car, and Sergant Sheffler, with as much care as if he were decorating the window of a store on State street, placed piles of ciothes over Markey so that he could not be seen by the burgiars. The pealer had not been long in ambush when the burgiars appeared. Markey wetched them tie up the ciothes and propare to depart, when he thought he would object to the proceedings, so the cred. Hait!

The burgiars were asionished, but seemed not io materatian the order, for they ran off through the prairie. The policeman followed in pursuit, but was unable to come any with the fugitive burgiars, and, fearing they would escape him, he drew his revolver and fired at them. The ball took effect in the right knee of one, who fell, whilst his companion ran it a swifter rate. The officer had the wounded man conveyed to the station, where Dr. Bean was summoned to attend to him. The man, who gives his name as Fat Kearney, was taken to the County his pairs laundy. No trace of the escaped burgiar has yet been discovered.

BYANSTON.

The Village Trustees tried hard to carn their salarice last week by holding three meetings. They also made a good start this weak by assembling at the numenal hour of 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning, all being present except Trustees Davis and Country, and present accept Trustees Davis and Country as the contract will probably be awarded, so that work can be commenced immediately.

Mr. Charles Briggs, of Rockford, who has been visiting Mr. F. M. Elliott, started for Yale yesterday.

Mr. Charles Briggs, of Rockford, who has been visiting Mr.

Oures the Worst Pains in From One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

After Reading this Advertisement Any One Suffer with Pain. RADWAY'S READY O RELIEF

Care for Every Pain. It was the First and is the Only Pain Remedy RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL Afford Instant Ease

DR. RADWAY'S

purpe, regulate, purity, cleanse, and strength and Liver. Boy one can so all disorders of the Control of the Co Firsh.
A few doses of RADWAYS PILLS will free the en-tem from all of the above-named disorders. Price if cents per box. Sold by Druggists.

DR. RADWAYS Sarsaparillian Resolvent, THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIES,

DR. RADWAY & CO., 32 Warren-st, N. Y

Rend "False and True."

Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., Ed. 7

Arren-st., New York. Information worth them.

IMMUN

Judge Blodgett Batch Depar

Counsel that

Terms on Which the

Mr. Swett Tells th Negotiations

at One Fell Judge Bangs

ISMISSAL OF TH or in Chambers yesterday dience, consisting of M. Smith, Swett, and Ayer, porters, dodged in and or while His Honor heard to Chambers. After waiting

Sworn and substribed September, 1876. THE DISTRIC-Criminal immunity was anta, substantially as set

Worst Pains in o Twenty Minutes

ONE HOUR this Advertisement Need Suffer with Pain.

VAY'S ADY RELIEF

Every Pain. e First and is the ain Remedy TO TWENTY MINUTES stent or exerciseing the pain, che den, Infran, Crippied, Servous, and with disease may anne.

READY RELIEF

Instant Ease

and AGUE

RADWAYS

VAY'S REMEDIES.

varian Tenner in the Ovaries
wels for Ten Years.

27, 1875.—Dr. Rapway: That
sed. I make this statement:
rian Tumor in the ovaries and bowtried the best physicians of this
mefit. It was growing at such rasuch save lived much longer. A
sed me to try Radway's Remedie.
It in them, but finally, after much
lies of the Resolvent, two boxes of
the file Relief. I used these
to beneat. I determined to persomore bottles of the Resolvent, two
to boxes of the Pills. Before they
twenty alve pounds.
The medicine until I was sure that
I took the medicine about ave
that time lost forty-five pounds.
Sen bottles of the Resolvent, six
aboxes of the Pills.
I at my heart is full of gratitude
in my deep affiction. To you, sir,
medicine: I feel deeply indebted,
it may be as much of a blessing
to to me. MRS. S. C. BIBBENS.
Bakes the above certificate. Is the
guested you to send medicine is
diches above stated were bought
spition of what was sant to her by
her statement is correct without a
med). L. S. LERCH,
and Chemist, Ann Arbor, Mich.
and the Bibling, who makes the
and has been for many years well
facts therein stated are undoubtorrect. A my one who known Mrs.

BRANY BURNER.

MARY ROCKER.

MARY COCKER.

MARY PILL I To The Sender of the Sender of the Sender.

RADWAYS llian Resolvent, BLOOD PURIFIER,

Chronic Diseases, Scrofula of Stary or Contaglods, he is sungs or Stomach, Skin or or Nerves, Corrupting the I Vitiating the Fluids. n. Scrotula Glandular Swellings Cancerous Affections, Syphilitia of the Luner, Dyspepals, Water white Swellings, Tumors, Gleors, es. Mercurial Diseases, Femals, ops. Rickets, Sait Rheum, Broh-Kidney, Bladder, Liver Com-SI PER BOTTLE.

CO., 32 Warren-st., N. Y

mp to RADWAY & CO., No. 2

IMMUNITY.

Terms on Which the Squealers Saved Their Liberty and Property. Mr. Swett Tells the Story of the

Negotiations of Last Year. Thirteen Indictments Taken Off at One Fell Swoop.

Judge Bangs Denles that He Ever

ogether.
While this hope was held out, the Government reserved the right, in case it chose to exercise it, to proceed to sale in the case of condemnation. In case the Government should determine to enforce the condemnation, it was agreed that parties having bonded property might return the same for sale, and the Government would accept the substitution whenever the property could be returned in kind, and similar in condition, and, in case of spirits, when similar kinds, qualities, and quantities were offered.

spirits, when similar kinds, qualities, and quantities were offered.

Sidney Smith and Leonard Swett, being duly sworn, depose and swear that they were the counsel for the above named defendants, and the foregoing is a correct statement of the agreement concluded between themselves and the counsel for the United States, by which the parties above named turned States of the United States and Swett.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 4th day of September, 1876.

WILLIAM H. BRADLEY.

THE DISTRICT-ATTORNEY.

Criminal immunity was promised all said defendants, substantially as set forth in the foregoing amidayits. The said defendants have performed their part of said agreement.

Mark Banes.

United States Attorney, etc.

Ma. SWETT

bept. 4, 1876.

Ma. Swett

then made the following statement:

The contract verified by Mr. Smith and myself represents fully and fairly the agreement concluded between Mr. Bangs. District-Attorney, and his associate counsel, Wirt Dexter, B. F. Ayer, and Mr. Bontell. respresenting the Government, and Sidney Smith and myself representing the defendants. I use the word concluded, because what we did was to complete what had in substance been agreed upon between other officers of the Government and some of the defendants themselves.

As soon as the contract was concluded and it became known that certain parties were to be received as State's swidence, the coursel upon both sides were beset to state the terms and conditions of the greenent, why it was made, and for what purpose, and what were the prospects of convicting those supposed to be implicated by the new testiment.

To make these facts public was like telling one's advelsary in any other litigation his case, and thus enabling him to prepare for it. Neither my clients, Mr. Smith, nor myself could do this without a breach of faith with those with whom we had contracted. The counsel for the Government could not do it without unfaithfulness to their employmentand endangering their cause. Therefore, no one could give to the public the real facts or make the desired explanations.

Those implicated by the testimony of the first batch have of course been interested in breaking down the arrangement, and therefore the number to whom immunity was promised has been exaggrated, the purpose for which it was done has been miarcpresented, and the counsel upon both ides keeping silent, and those who were in danger of convictions only talking, the truth has stood very sim chance.

Upon this occasion, the first which has arisen in which with propriety the facts in regard to this arrangement could be made known. I desire to speak of this manter as it appears from the standpoint of the defendants.

Mr. Smith and myself counsidered it our duty in some manner to extricate our cli

Mr. Smith and myself considered it our duty in some manner to extricate our clients. We did not consider our duties discharged by simply trying the cases when trial came, and going over Niagara simply because it came our turn, and therefore we resolved, if possible, to break out somewhere. As preliminary to what we would do, and how we would do it, it was determined to ascertain, if possible, the facts upon avery subject hearing upon the case.

One of the clients want to St. Louis during the

sible, the facts upon every subject bearing upon the case.

One of the clients went to St. Louis during the trials there, and learned that immunity had been promised to those testifying.

Hearing in the course of time that our clients were but a part of a body of men who had been ensaged in the same general line of business, the others involved were applied to by our clients to aid in devising means which should avert common danger. The result simply offered an opportunity for us to be deceived, but no substantial hope.

We also endeavored to measure the force that was pressing us, and for this purpose agents went to Washington. The result was we learned that the bower was not to be tampered or traded with, but was coming towards us as an implacable force, and meant to go through us without fear, favor, or affection.

We agreed with our clients that it was our duty, the facts in regard to each being known to us, to tell them accurately the result of the trials to be lad, and if we were mistaken the blame should not rest with us. A cardinal fault with our profession, if we may be pardoned for naming it, is that we make mistakes as to what we can do with our clients integral to promise the constant and pide instead of upon dispassionate reason, and, however galismly we may make the contest, the poor client wakes up at death's door the victim of mistaken confidence. We discussed this with our clients and, confessing the fault in ourselves as in our brethren, we promised to be especially on our guard in reference to it.

We exacted from our clients the most solems

Judge Blodgett Bids the First

Batch Depart in Peace,

And Informs the Government

Counsel that They Are

Vindicated.

Vindicated.

We assured them that no favorithm should be smould be smown by us. As to terming State's evidence, we show how he are that that was a personal and not a law question, and that they must decide to be made by them, that we felt bound to fit decision, before them every fact necessary to that decision, where there was reasonable hope, nor were we discovered them with vain hopes, and in the smouth of the law, who would be ground up and who would not and then leave them to decide for themselves.

Thus we elected them that not favorithm should be assured them that that was a personal it for themselves. It was in view of this decision, to be made by them, that they would to be made by them, that we felt bound not to let them give up posed to deceive them with vain hopes, and in the smouth of the law, who would be ground up and who would not and then leave them to decide for themselves.

Thus we also the provide all stand to grow it is an in view of this decision, to be made by them, that we felt bound not to let them give up posed to deceive them with vain hopes, and in the smouth of the law, who would be ground up and who would not and then leave them to decide for themselves.

Thus we take the provide all stand to grow it is provided to the total them that that they must decide them.

from those who had been designated for the alaughter.

Under these circumstances the clients had a meeting, some of those in danger and some who were safe being present, and some not knowing it, and decided to approach the Government with a view to negotiating for all. One of their number, and without consulting the attorneys, except to mention the fact to me as he met me anon the street on his way there, then approached Gen. Webster, and the negotiations were opened. The proposition made to Gen. Webster was that all should furn State's evidence and all secure immunity, both civil and criminal. This proposition he rejected, and proposed in return that he would secure and give immunity to some if they would involve the other of our clients and all others in the Ring, and the proposition was rejected. At this stage of the negotiations a Government official was called to Washington to consult with the Secretary of the Treasury and Solicitor upon this subject, and the client negotiating with him went with him.

Just before starting for Washington the client

with three elements of feeling.—one which does not know what has been done, and is prejudiced by the protracted and persistent representations which have been made. Second, an element which wishes at all hazards to selze upon and punish our clients so as to make squealing odious and stop it forever. This element, if successful, will make the Ring business a safe business. A third class is willing to hear the facts and judge impartially.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Mr. Swett said he desired to make a motion that the indictments in these cases be dismissed.

MNRSERAU.

Judge Bangs—I desire to make a single remark touching Mr. Mersereau, who was made an exception by the special counsel who had been specially in charge, on the ground that they were not satisfied with his statement as being full. Subsequent events, I am informed by the special counsel, have shown that he testified in good faith, and substantially to what was important to the Government, and that, therefore, the exception is removed, and he is included among these defendants, as deserving of criminal immunity.

THE ORDER OF IMMUNITY.

he is included among these defendants, is deserving of criminal immunity.

THE ORDER OF IMMUNITY.

The Court—Have you prepared the order!
Judge Bangs—Yes, sir.

Mr. Storrs then rattled off the following order:

United States District Court, Worthern District Illinois.—The United States of America vs. Junker, Roelle, etc., etc.—On reading and filing the affidavits of Leonard Swett and Sidney Smith, filed in the above-entitled cause, from which it appears that after the aboveludictment had been found, and before plea had been entered thereto, it was agreed between the counsel for the above-mamed defendants on the one part and the Hon. Mark Bangs, the United States District-Attorney for the Northern District of Illinois, and the Hon. Wirt Dexter. Benjamin F. Ayer, and L. H. Boutell, Special Assistant District-Attorneys, on the other part, that in case the said defendants should divulge the facts within their knowledge as to the alleged whisky frames fully and fairly, and turn State's evidence, they should have, among other things, complete immunity from punishment by fine or imprisonment or from any criminal liability on account of any matters set forth in asid indictment, or which might appear against them by reason of any disclosures they might make.

And it further appearing from the sistement of the Hon. Mark Bangs, United States District-Attorney, as aforesaid, that the said agreement was made and entered into between said counsel for said defendant and the said united States Attorney as aforesaid, that the said agreement was made and entered into between said counsel for said defendant have fully complied with the said agreement upon their part;

Now, therefore, bon motion of said defendants, by their counsel aforesaid, it is ordered that the said aindictment be, and the same as hereoy, disminsed.

Judge Bangs then looked up his docket and Judge Bangs the looked up his docket and

Now, therefore, on motion of said derendants by their counsel aforesaid, it is ordered that the by their counsel aforesaid, it is ordered that the said indictment be, and the same is hereby, dismissed.

Judge Bangs then looked up his docket and marked off the dismissed cases of "the original thirteen."

Judge Bangs then looked up his docket and marked off the dismissed cases of "the original thirteen."

JUDGE BLODGETT.

The Court—Mr. Swett's affidavit, it seems to me, puts at rest one objection which has been made to this contract. It has been urged that too pany persons were promised immunity, the testimony of very few of these men who were incented by the same counsel, Mr. Smith and Mr. Swett. They represented all the persons including a spears now that all the defendants were represented as a mater of necessity and from the fidelity which they owed to cher clients to see it will best, in the condition in which sfafars were incolled, as a mater of necessity and from the fidelity which they owed to cher clients to see it will best, in the condition in which sfafars were involved, all represented, as defendants could obcomes, that part of the sfafar were involved, all represented, as defendants could obcomes, that part of the states failed to get it. It in immunity while the states are not many have been conticled publicly on the cround that more persons were promised immunity than it was necessary to have treated in mony of all was accusiny material and needed mony of all was accusing to the very considered that the semination cases are not fully settled yet.

And Mr. Swett and Mr. Smith walked out of Judge Blodgett's room happy men, while Judge Bangs and Mr. Ayer felt that thay had been critically had been considered that the explanation should be made.

Judge Blodgett's room happy men, while Judge Blangs and Mr. Ayer felt that thay had been critically the statement of the streets were not because the many constraints of the propose to reduce the propose to reduce the price of gas, perhaps it is pertinguished

Ex-Deputy Collector Hoyt, the returned exile from Her Majesty's Dominion, specared before Judge Blodgett yesterday morning and gave new ball in the sum of \$10,000, with the Hon. S.

hew bail in the sum of \$10,000, with the Hon. S.

K. Dow as security.

GAUGERS AND STOREKEFFERS.

The next step in the whisky cases will be the disposition of the indictments against several Gaugers' and Storekeepers. Among them are about half a dozen witnesses for whom no arrangements have been made concerning immunity. Judge Bangs stated to a Tringum reporter yesterday that when he last saw the Attorney-General the latter left this matter to the discretion of the District Attorney, but Judge Bangs confessed that he did not know just what to do in the case. The regular immunity cases will probably be wiped off the docket after the manner in which those of the first batch were disposed of. It is not likely that saything will take place this week, as Judge Blodgett will be at his home until Monday.

Was somewhat indignant yesterday at the charge of an evening paper to the effect that he had repeatedly denied that there was immunity for the squealers, and that he now comes forward and admits that the immunity bargain was not a myth nor a supposition, but a decided reality.

"I never denied," said Judge Bangs to a

Mr. Blackford's. But instead of doing so, in the issue of this week, they misrepresented me altogether. This six he true answer to the charge that I own a-fave in Brazil: I never owned and never shall own a slave in Brazil: I never owned and never shall own a slave in Brazil. Or anywhere else. I paid \$350 for the freedom of a slave, a member of the Church, whose master wanted to take her as his concubine. I never owned her, and also never worked for me without wages. I bought her freedom three weeks before I left Ric de Janeiro. The papers of her freedom were made out by Dr. Jose Francisco de Lemos, a lawyer, the President of the Evangelical Alliance of, Brazil. 88 Rue de Rosario, Rio de Janeiro. These papers state distinctly that I paid \$350 for har freedom, and they are registered at the jublic office, so that from the moment I paid that money she was a free woman; as a free woman she is now earning good wages, and with her wages she will refund me the money. It was no investment, as the Interior represents it, but an act of kindness on my part to save a good woman from shame and destruction. I had to borrow the money from a friend to rescue her, and during my absence from Brazil I have left a great part of my furnitive as security. It may also be well to say in reply to a statement of Mr. Blackford that the Hon. Mr. Monroe, of Oberlin, member of the House of Representatives, fully approved of my actions in regard to the transportation of slaves, and he said that if he had had the proofs which I possess, when Consul-Genoral in Rio de Janeiro, he would have taken immediate and energetic action, but these proofs failed him. I am, yours very truly,

EMANUEL VANORDEN.

tion, but these proofs failed him. I am, yours very truly,

IS THERE A WHEAT CORNER?

To the Editor of The Tribume.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—In an article in this morning's Triburus headed "Is There a Wheat Corner?" and signed "Commission Merchant," some allusion is made to the reported deficiency in this year's wheat crop, and reference made to similar reports has year. If you will allow me space, I would like to state what I know to be facts about the wheat crop in Minnesota from personal knowledge, after having traveled for the past three months back and forth over the whole State, as I did during the same time last year. There is not less than 8,000,000 bushels of old wheat in the State now, and a good portion of it is in the hands of farmers who would not sell last fall or winter, as they expected higher prices in consequence of the great deficiency which was reported last year. As to the crop this year, which has been reported as eaten up so many times by the draws that it will be full as large as it was last year, and has been harvested in as good, if not better, condition as in any year in the history of the State. The yield per acre is not near as large as it was last year, and the salerye. In due course of time the bulls and bears, and the commission men, and all others interested, will find this to be the truth go far as Minnesota is concerned. As for Wisconsin and Iowa, I know they are not so short in the wheat crop this year as has been reported.

One other thing I know, and that is, men who are interested have no interest in his wheat question in any way, but do want to have the facts stated.

Signs.

To the Editor of The Tribume.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—In the raid upon the street

THE FIRST BATCH.

And the control of the control of

done at any such figure. However, the State, if the contract is awarded, will doubtless require \$60,000 bonds, as usual, and if the bidder can give it he will doubtless get the contract. Mr. Lunk is also the lowest bidder on binding, and, among other classes, proposes to bind volumes of laws with leather back, as low as 10 cents a volume. The Commissioners will not award the contract for some days.

days.

The finest bottle of port wine at the Centennial from Portugal, which was sixty years old, was sent by the jury to Commodore Vanderblit.

A DVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Abonds, etc., at LAUNDERS' private office, 120 Randolphi-st., meast Clark, Rooms 5 and 6. Established 1854.

A DVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, money loaned on furniture. 151 Randolphi-st., Room 3. money loaned on farniture. 131 Randolpp-st., Room 3.

Dalbwin, Walker & CO. Have Money To
loan on improved city property and productive
farms at current rates in sums of \$1,000 to \$10,000.

Thawley Building, a w. corner Dearborn and Madisou.

MONEY TO LOAN BY E. C. COLE & CO., 144

\$1,000, \$2,000, and \$2,500 at 9 per cent; larger sums at
74 and 8 per cent.

7% and 8 per cost.

MONEY TO LOAN—AT 9 PER CENT ON FARMS
in Illinois. Money un hand. No delay if perfect
title and good security. E. SANFORD, Morris, Ill.

Money To Loan and No delay it perfect thie and good security. 8. SANFORD, Morris, III.

Money In Hand To Loan On Furniture dothers.

Money In Hand To Loan On Furniture dothers.

Money To Loan In Sums of \$4.000 and Up-in wards at 8 per equitupon improved city properly; smaller amma at 10 per tent. LYMAR \$3 ACRSON, 38 Portland Block.

Money To Loan In Sums of \$4.000 and Up-inois farms at current rates. John W. Marsh & Co., 94 Washington-18.

Money To Loan In Sums of \$1.000 and Up-inois farms at current rates. John W. Marsh & Co., 94 Washington-18.

Money To Loan In Sums to Sult, on City and suburban property—large sums at 7 per cent. & F. ADAMS, Szebasage Building, Room 23.

Wanted—\$1.800 on A House and Lot worth 28 Exchange Building.

Wanted—\$4.000 on First-Class Suburban poperty unimproved, from 310.5 years; will pay 9 per cent. 28 commission. Address 053, Tribune office.

Per Cent. Money to Loan In Sums of \$4.000 and over on improved city property. Low commission. Turner & Hond, 102 Washington-18.

\$50.00. \$500. \$1,300. And Other Sums to the Co. 102 Washington-18.

\$2.000. \$2,000. \$1,500. Or Sums to Sult, To Co. 200. Ioan on city or Hyde Park property. Turner rates. \$4 Urner & Bond, 102 Washington-18.

\$10.000 Cash in Hand to Loan on the control of the control \$50.000 to LOAN, s. a. AND 10 PER CENT, proved real estate; low commissions. JOHN C. LONG, 72 East Washington-st.

AUCTION—TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATAUCTION—TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATAUCTION—TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, AND SATHORSES wanted. WESTON & CO.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS—4 HORSES,
I shactons, 4 top buggies, 1 rocksway, 3 sets singic harmes; must be sold at some price this day to pay
advances. Also 7 horses fit for all use; warranted
sound, and one week's trial given; 30 buggies of every
different style, top grocery wagons, express wagons,
hotel and oyster wagons to let by the day or week at
low rates; also horses and buggies to let cheap. Money
advanced on horses, buggies, and harness. Will sell
on monthly payments or exchange. Be sure to come
and see my stock hefore you buy. I can fit you out
with just what you want, and will make the price to
guitt. and the terms. H. C. WALKEEL, 297 and 250
Syste-st.

TNOR SALE—TWO DELIVERY WAGONS IN RUN-Full, and the terms. H. C. WALLELS, 25 and 250 State 25.

FOR SALE—TWO DELIVERY WAGONS IN RUNning order for \$20 and \$40, at 14 East Adams-st.

HORSES TAKEN TO FASTURE FOR 50 CENTS
per week; splendid grass, on fiver, at Willow
springs. H. ALEXANDER, Room 5, 125 Dearborn-st.

ARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOOD SECOND-HAND
buggles, both top and no top; also phastons and
nie six-passenger rocksway, and victoria carriage, all
in good order, and at prices to suits, also close to order,
ment of new carriages, and pleasure and business uggles, and the Abbot Downing Company, of Concord, exyears and the Arctis. PENNOYER & CO., 202
Wabash-av.

A LL KINDS—SINGER'S, 835 TO S.O. RETAIL 570.

A to \$100. The new Wheeler & Wilson, N. C. \$45.
A to \$100. The new Wheeler & Wilson, N. C. \$45.
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A to \$100. The new Wheeler & Wilson, N. C. \$45.
A to \$100. The new Wheeler & Wilson is also frost farm to exchange.

The new Want also, warehouse or lot on Carbon in the properties of the new Want is abstracted for the per month. Address S 76, Tribute of t

CITY REAL ESTATE.

ALE—BY T. B. BOYD, ROOM 14, 146 MAD--R., 516,000, large, fine dwelfing, and lot 400 front to a Michigan-wv., between Eleventh and sta; 5250 per foot, 201180, east front on Prai-right, as Eighteenth-se. av., right as Eighteenth-st.

OR SALE—THE GREATEST BARGAINS IN CITY in marble houses; duest locations; no such chance years. MEAIS, 47 Resper Block.

OR SALE—A CORNER ON STATE-ST. NEAR the centre of business, 100x183 ft; would rent well until up. MATSON HILL, 97 Washington-st.

3 and 5 o clock p. m. as Room 23 Exchange Building.
C. K. BROWNS.

POR SALE-800 PER ACRE. 240-ACRE PARM.
A well improved, 77 miles from Court-House, in Cock
County, fil. Large dwelling, fine orchards, good
fences, and 100 acres of timber, first-class land. This
is the best bargain offered in the West. Small payment
do 7n. balance 10 years.

51.000 Nice improved farm of 40 acres, 2 miles from
Wanconda, in Lake Gounty, Ill. No trade.

\$100 per scre—40 acres near Calumet River and railroad in Calumet.

Room 18, 160 Madison-81.

POR SALE—800, 415 DOWN AND 25 MONTHLY,
buys a beautiful to thair a minute's wilk from Els
stone degot at LaGrange; title perfect; abstract free:
best property over offered at LaGrange or any other
suburn for the price. Precride to examine for yourself. OTIS & LYMAN, 80 Washington-81, Room 2.

TOR SALE—8100 WILL BUT A BRAUTIFIL LOT. FOR SALE-SION WILL BUY A BRAUTIFUL LOT. one block from depot, at Lagrange, 7 miles from Chinego; \$15 down and \$5 monthly; cheapest properly in market, and shown free; abstract free; 10-cent train siready on. III.A BROWN, 142 Lacalie-st., Room 4. Pole SALE-PARK RIDGE-2-STORY BRICK house and 4 lotz, with barn, \$1,000; only \$200 down. Park Ridge-New 2-story, 15-room house, \$1,200; only \$200 down.
Deeplaines—7-room cottage and 3 lots, \$1,000; only \$200 down.

only £XO down.

Deeplathes—7-room cottage and 3 lots, \$1,000; only \$200 down.

The above are the cheapest homes yet offered, and can be paid for in monthly payments of \$15.

IRA BROWN, 143 Laballest., Room 4.

FOR SALE—SUMMERDALE AND RAVENSWOOD property—Houses and lots for sale on terms to suif any party in search of homes. Easy access to city; 7 cent fare, laim water, the locality. Call and examine.

A. BENNETT, Agent S. E. corner Monroe and Market TO BEST-HOUSES.

TO RENT-HOUSES.

TO RENT-THE NEW HOTEL (METROPOLITAN).

Se and 26 North Wells-81. Chicago, opposite the
N. W. R. R. depot, from which \$2 trains arrive and depart sainly, conveying 7.000 people. This botel contains
more recommendation of the second property about the 10th
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av.: lot 4s feet front; cheap to right party. Inquire at house.

TO RENT—COUTAGES 185 AND 163 SOUTH LINCOLS, to a change as a comparation of the coupy; gas, bash-room. Apply at 65.

TO RENT—THREE BLOCKS FROM LINCOLN Park, one block from Lincoln-av. cars—A new stone front 11-zoom house, all conveniences; \$40; nice s-room flat, pantries; closets, etc., \$43. CHARLES N. HALE, 153 Handolph-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES NOS. 215 AND 217 NORTH State-st, and 232 North Lakelle-st.; Nos. 215 and 217 are being related and will be put in first-class order; No. 232 North Lakelle-st. is a 3-zeory and basement new never occupied; all will be rented very cheap, Apply to KLBRIDGE HANECY, No. 25 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT-VERY DESIRABLE FLATS OF SIX I rooms each in the new brick building, 328 and 328 State-st. HENRY G. YOUNG, BOOM 6, Bryan Block. TO RENT-FURNISHED BOOMS IN KINGSBURY Block. Inquire 48 Koom 30. JANITOR, ROOM No. 1, 137 Van Buren-st.

TO RENT.—ROOMS IN GREAT CENTRAL HOTEL
Barket-st., water on every floor; newly calcimined
51 to 52 per week.

To BRAT.—BRAUTIPUL FURNISHED OR UN
Tournished rooms, with or without board. Term
moderate. Reference exchanged, larsalites preferred.
Address or call at 24 East Sixteenth-st. TO RENT-SUITE OF THREE FRONT ROOMS FOR housekeeping, with bath-room, hot water, etc. 541 West Madison-st.

TO RENT-HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT Tooms, 518 and 520 per month; best location in the city. 161 South Clark-st. Room 11.

TO RENT-SUITE OF FURNISHED FRONT rooms, with or without board. 311 West Mosroe-st. TO RENT-NICELY-FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE or en mitte, with or without board, 376 State-st.

TO RENT-STORES, OFFICES, &c.

Stores.

TO RENT-STORE, WITH OR WITHOUT BASEment, in good location for grocery or meat market.
Inquire of janitor, Room 1, 127 Van Buren-st.

TO RENT-STORE 322 STATE-ST., BETWEEN
TO RENT-STORE 322 STATE-ST., BETWEEN
Clark-st., Room 11.

TO RENT-WHOLE OR PART OF FIRST FLOOR
southeast corner of Monroe and Market-sta., S0x50
feet; spiendid light. Apply on premises.

WANTED-TO RENT.

WANTED-TO RENT. WANTED-TO RENT-BY A LADY, A COMPORTwably furnished room, centrally located, very
cheap. Address, stating location and price, X a, Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-A SMALL HOUSE WITH
all moders conveniences, in good neighberhood:
West Side preferred. Rent not to exceed \$50. X 102,
Tribune office.

Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-A STORE ON STATE-ST.

between Randolph and Mource; will confer with
owners only. Address, stating rent and number, 0 cc.

Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-4 TO TROOMS FOR NEAT
family near street cars; rent not to exceed \$10
month. Address & St. Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-WELL-LIGHTED ROOM
on South Side, north or Harrison at., suitable for
cabinet shop; rent must be reasonable. Address X 50,
Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-A PRONT ROOM IN A
strictly private family, by a business lady; reference given and required; must be South Side, cast of
State-at. Address T 61, Tribune office.

A BARE CHANCE IS NOW OFFERED TO ANY one wishing to engage in the Catholia book and stationery business; the store occupied by P. Moran & Co., at 180 North Clark-st., is now for sale on liberal terms. Parties wishing to investigate will be furnished with all particulars by calling or addressing CHARLES F. KING, 180 North Clark-st.

terms. Parties wishing to investigate will be furnished with all particulars by calling or addressing Charles F. KING, 180 North Clarkes.

TOR SALE—A GOOD GROCERY BUSINESS IN Tone of the best suburban towns, within an hour's ride from the city. For terms and particulars apply to A. C. JOHNSON, Charact Company's office, corner Clark and Randolph-sis.

TOR SALE—BANKING BUSINESS IN SOUTHERN I lows, two-story and basement building, plate glass, plated posts and rails, all freecoed; good chance for business; easy terms. HOWELL & MERRILL, 62 North Clark-sis. Room 20.

TOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LAGER-BERE SALONA Clark-sis. Room 20.

TOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LAGER-BERE SALONA Clark-sis. Room 20.

TOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LAGER-BERE SALONA Clark-sis.

TOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS LAGER-BERE SALONA Clark-sis.

TOR SALE—RENT—OR EXCHANGE—STEAM grain elevator, 25,000 bu, with feed-mill and two shellers. Address 70 Lassine-sis. Room 6, Chicago.

TOR SALE—LARGE AND FIRST-CLASS PLANTing-mill on corner of Illinois and Kingsbury-sis. every class of machinery for the business, and in good order. This mill is bound to be sold, and any reasonable offer in cash with buy it. We will give some one a great baryasin before long. We wast some party, who means business to call and see us, we are going to sell. T. B. BOYD. Boom 14, 169 Madbion-sis.

TOR SALE—ON THE WEST SIDE. A SIX-CAN omplete, for \$500 cash. Address R BARLOW, Central Park Livery stable, on Madaion-si, near Oakley.

TOR SALE—A FIRE DRUG STORE IN SOUTH Kansa, wholesale and retail, sales \$100 a day. For information inquire of Messers. CULVER & Co., 9 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago. Information inquire of Messrs. CULVER & CO., 9
Chamber of Commerce, Chicago.

Polit Salks—A NICE NRW 81,500 870CK OP
books and stationery in a growing town of 6,000
people doing a fair business; will take no trade, but
will sell out. Address J. E. NICCOLLS, Carthage, Mo.
CECCERY FOR SALE, DOING A CASE BUSIra Blue island-av.

MRAT-MARKET FOR SALE CHEAP: THE REST
on the West olde. Address Z.S. Tribune office.

IF TOU WANT TO BUY ON SELL A BUSINESS.
or any property, or wants pariner, call at 70 Dearbors-st., Room 14. L. P. SWIFT & SON.

500 BUYS HAAF INTEREST IN A GENTREL
CHOOL Cash business that will pay a fortune in a few
years \$3,000 buys half insterest in business: males list
year, \$300,000 profits, \$10,000, Call or address 70 Lesalle-st., Room 14.

TO EXCHANGE.

TOR EXCHANGE—TRACT INSIDE CITY LIMITS.
Convenient to steam and horse cars and park, unincumbered, worth \$150,000; wish to exchange whole or part for unincumbered improved business property. Address X 8, Tribone office.

FOR EXCHANGE—640 SQUARE SECTION LAND about 60 miles south of Chicago; price \$12,800, want stock goods; other hands and farms for exchange. SI Clark-st., Edom 21. E. R. HGRLBUT.

TO EXCHANGE—WE WANT 200 ACRES OF how so y Kansas lands in exchange for income-paying-property; we want also, warehouse or lot on Canab, Kinkle, or Water-six also Truit farms to exchange. M. R. MORIGIS & CO., 154 South Water-st.

WANTED-STALE MELP.

WANTED A PHOTOGRAPHER WITH Side cath; none other need apply at NASON'S, 213 Cash; none other need apply as NASON'S, 313 and 314 State-st.

WANTED—FURNACEMEN—A COMPETENT amelter for a blast furnace near Denver, Col. Address with references, F. A. SCHWILL, 77 Aubursav., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—TWO STAIRBUILDERS AND ONE Scroll-awyer and turner. Corner Eighteenth and Canai-sts.

WANTED—A WIRE WORKER AND A STRONG by must have had experience, and understand his hasiness. Call between 10 and 12 at 148 and 150 WANTED—BARBER AT 279 SOUTH CLARK-ST., corner van Buren.

Coach men. Tenmstere, etc.

Wanted-No. Expressman to Drive wagon at 540 South Jefferson st.

Wanted-A GERMAN OR SCANDIN AVIAR MAN who theroughly understands the care of horses, and is able and willing to work. Inquire of Dr. EEN.

NIGOTT, corner of Forty-eighth-st. and Madison av.

Employment Agencies.

Employment Agencies.

Wanted-200 Men at \$1.50. and 20 Teams.

A. G. Bing & Co., if North Clark-st., up-stairs.

Wanted-50 More Teams. 25.50 Per Bay for the Michigan and Hilaols; also sawralli hands; all free fare.

A. G. Bing & Co., if North Clark-st., up-stairs.

Wanted-50 More Teams. 25.50 Per Bay:

Manted-50 More Teams. 25.50 Per Bay:

Manted-50 A Month Is A Certainty to west Handolph-st.

Wanted-500 A Month Is A Certainty To very person selling our lester-coopying book:

bo frem brush, nor water used; send stamp for circuiar. Excision manur goo. Nos. 16 and 17 Tribune Building, chicago, Ill. Exclusive territory given.

Wanted-60 S. S. WellGhts for the Florence On-Store for Southern territory. Can make from \$500 to \$1.000 amonth entritory. Apply at once to G. B. WRIGHT, Superintendent of Agustices F. M. Co., 44 Clark-8.

WANTED—MEN TO SELL COMBINATION PENhoders, new gisse-cutter and can-opener, perfumed shells, lithographs of Freeddential candidates, badges, indellible pencils, isamp-chimney cleaners, lifters, hair crimpers, chromos, and 100 best past-seiling articles for canvassing exhibitions and fairs: best-erms given. American Novelty Company, 113 East Madison-st., Room 19.

WANTED—MEN. WE WANT TO GIVE 5.000 TRIAL nackages, words 31 each, to 5.000 men whe wish to engage permanently in the best-paying business in the United States; we guarantee live men 570 per week during the year. Address RAY & CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—AGENTS FOR JOLIET. AURORA. Eigia. Rockford, and Madison, for the fastest-seiling campaign book in the market. Union Book Concern. Se Metropolitae Shock, Chicago.

WANTED—A PARTY TO MANAGE & BUSINESS to B. Leuts and Cincinnati; small capital required. L. P. SWIFT & 650, 79 Descriptors—t., Room 14.

WANTED—TEN BALESMEN TO SELL DS. NAquired. L. F. SWIFT & SON, 72 Desirborn-st., Room 14.

WANTED—TEN SALESMEN TO SELL DR. NApher's new hook. We guarantee men who can de
the business to suit as a large income. Men who haven't
a good sait of clothes or money enough to get out of
town need not apply. W. J. MOLLAND & CO., 56
Lake-st., Chicago. a good suit of claims or money enough to get out of town need not apply. W. J. HOLLAND & CO., 50 Lake-st., Chicago.

WANTED—A MAN FOR TRAVELING AGENT who can invest \$400 on good accurity; none others need apply. Address N. 28, Tribane office.

WANTED—A BOY OF GOOD APPEARANCE TO assist on stand in Exposition. Address, giving reference, P. O. Box 284, city.

WANTED—AGENTS AND PRACTICAL MEN TO sell one of the best articles in the market. Every housekeeper needs one. Send stamp for particulars. Address Room S. No. 60 North Clark-st.

WANTED—A MAN TO KEEF BOARDING-HOUSE at a coal mine in this State; a good chance fur the right man. Call corner Carroll and Carpenker sts., city.

WANTED—BOY FOR OFFICE WORK. ADDRESS, Wanted, P. St., Tribune office.

WANTED—10 EXTRA SUPERS EVERY NIGHT this week. Apply between 7 and 8 c block p. a. at stage-door McVicker's Theatre. LAVELL.

WANTED—600 AND RELIABLE MEN TO CANVAGE STORM.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COMPETENT GIRL to do general housework; none others need waste their time by applying at 807. West Washington-st. References required. W housework. 537 Michigan. av.

WANTED—AN EXERIENCED COOK AND WASHer. Apply at 85 Lincoln. av., North Side.

WANTED—SERMAN GIBL. TO COOK AND DO
housework no washing. Apply at 88 Hill-st., between Wells and Lasalle.

WANTED—A GOOD SWEDE OR GERMAN GIRL,
for general housework; must be a good cook,
washer, and ironer. Apply, with reference, at Room
p, 167 Clark-st.

WANTED-GIBLS TO SEW STRAW: EIPErienced hands prefered. New England Hat and
WANTED-FIRST-CLASS. WASTED-FIRST-CLASS FLOWER BRANCHERS,
feather curiers, and apprentices; apply before
10 a. m. MANDEL BROS., 121 and 123 State-st.

WANTED-FIRST-CLASS TRIMMERS AND MILliners; only ANO. 1 hands need apply. MANDEL BROS., 121 and 123 State-st.

WANTED-A DRESSMAKER AT 471 SOUTH-CIRCLES, up-stairs.
WANTED-GIRLS WITH SEWING-MACHINES.
Ret-st. Dr. FOSTER, SON & CO'S., 4 Market-st.

WANTED—A GOOD NURSE GIRL CALL AT once. Is! West Madison st.
WANTED—GIRL TO TEND BABY AND DO light housework. 184 East Madison st., sip stairs.
Laundresses.
WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BUNDLE WASHER.
Apply at Briggs House to-day.

W Apply at Briggs House to-day.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED — GRRMAN AND SCANDINAVIAN wirts for private families, hotels, and laundries; city and country, at MRS. DUSKE'S, so Milwaekee av.

Miscellameens.

WANTED—A LADY WITH \$550 or \$400 TO TAKE charge of reception room in a photograph gallery.

212 and 214 State-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST AND FOUND.

OST—SATURDAY EVENING, A SCOTCH TERrier dog; had on red collar; answers to the name
of Fritzy. Return to 246. Wahash av., up-stairs, and
roccive reward.

LOST—ON SUNDAY EVENING, PROBABLY ON
Lodiana-av. can, between Madison and Eighteenthsta, is pocket-book, containing a small sum of money.
Return to 854 Frairie-av., said receive reward.

OST—ON MICHIGAN-AV. OR THIRTY-NINTHof money and note for \$500] Reward will be paid as 1430
Michigan-av.

OST—ON WILLARD-PLACE—POCKET-BOOK
Loontaining \$30 cash and check \$15. The Sinder
will be rewarded by returning same to 28 Williard-place.

PICKED UP—AT 383 WEST SIXEENTH-ST. A
White and yellowcow. The owner can have her by
proving property and paying charges.

STOLEN—A BROWN HORSE. ABOUT 9 YEARS
old, 15 hands high, brasiled I w on near shoulder,
and wearing bar-shoet in front, also, yealt-box buggy,
made by William Be paid for the return of the same
to Dr. John W. STREETER, 14 Elife Park.

STRAYED—A HORSE BELONGING TO W. KRAMbark: went away from the West Market yesterday
afternoon; color, a fox horse; had two white spots and
sings on face; liberal reward. 57 West Corinda-24.

CTRAYED—MONDAY APTERNOON, A SORREL

mare, with halter and rope attached, light short

mare, with halter and rope attached, light short TRAYED—A HOUSE BELONGING TO W. KRAMbark: went away from the West Market yesterday
afternoon; color, a for horse; had two white spots and
single on face; liberal reward. ST west Corinda-st.

CTRAYED—MONDAY AFTISHOON. A SORBEL
mare, with balier and rope attached, light snort
mane and tall, reddish color, white spot on forehead
and on breast Return for revard to led South Paulish.

OF REWARD—LOST. ITALIAN GREYHOUND,
Worker and with and monse color, white legis and
wich spots of the spot of the

ton-st.

DIVORCES LEGALLY AND QUIETLY OBTAINED in any State for incompatibility, etc. Residence not material. Foe after decree. Best city reference, Address G. B. Sims. 57 Ashinad Block, Chicago, Ill. DIVORCES LEGALLY AND QUIETLY OBTAINED.
In every State and Territory for incompatibility,
etc. Residence unnecessary. Fee after decree; 12 years
experience. A. GOODRIGH. 124 Dearborn-st.

PORSEMOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE OUTFIT OF ELEGANT household furniture. very cheap, at private aile. Inquire, after 5 p. m., at 52 Oakwood Boulevard.

OUR PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS HAVE ALL been marked down below actual cost of manufacture, therefore purchasers will find it profitable to examine our goods before buring. We have parior suits as low as \$23, and ranging upwards to \$200. Chamber soits equally low. R. T. MARTIN, 134 State-st.

THE UNION FURNITURE COMPANY SHLL ALL kinds of household goods—much or fittle—on monthly payments. They manufacture and sell directly to the consumer at low prices. Std West Madison-st.

THE EMPIRE PARLOR BEDSTRAD COMPANY Sell furniture, carpets, stoves, crockery, out.; sino, the celebrated Empire parker bedstead, on latatiments, at the lowest cash prices. Salesroom 383 West Madison-st.

BUGGIES, FURNITURE, AND MERCHANDIS Moore dispersed in are-proof war-bonse too West Monree of Marchandis Money advanced to any amount; lowest charges.

STORAGE—GENERAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE Advances made to any amount on all kinds of goods at loral interest. 10, 12, 14, and 16 N. Canal-st

Int-sis.

ITUATION WANTED-HY A YOUNG O'RL TO DO

second work or housework in a small family. Call

so is Archer-av., in new depot.

ITUATION WANTED-HY A COMPRIENT DOOK,

meet or pastry, in large bearing-house or appail

otel. Address, for two days. COOK. 145 Rat Sevencenth-st., in res. central, in rear.

2.ITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD, FAITHFO

2.ITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD WANTED-BY STUATION WANTED-AS SECOND GIRL OF CITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT GIR.
to cook or do grantal housework in small private
family; city references. 1430 Butterfield st., near Tweaty-sinth.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A MIDDLE AG
D'American woman to cook, or cook, wash, and ir
Apply at the Woman's Hotel, corner of Halssed
Jackson-sta. Inquire fee Mrs. N.

SITUATIONS WANTED-BY TWO GIRLS IN SO
house: some awaitress, the either to do second we
or take care of children. Please call as a North Cla
st. Room 25. st., Room 21.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RESPECTABLE GIRL
to do cooking, washing, and froning in a private
family; will give satisfaction. Call at 502 State-st. upstairs, for 2 days.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD GERMAN
girl: as Afrat-class sook and isundress; references,
60 State-st. BAKER'S. co State-M. BAKER'S.

SITUATION WANTED-BY GERMAN GIRL TO
do general housework in a small family, or cooking
in a private. Call at 96! Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED-BY RESPECTABLE GIRL
to do second work or general housework; has the
best of city reference. Call at 300 Tyenty-accond-st.

Seamstreases.

SITUATION WANTED—A GERMAN DRESSMAKER
Wishes to take sewing home, or go out by the day82 Cornell-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPRET TO MAKE
new dreams of repair old ones. Call before the bury
season at 256 Faiton-st.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A RELIABLE PERSON
the care of an infant, or young children, and seving
in housework. Country preferred. E.M. 77 Morgan-st.

SITUATION WANTED-BY AN EXPERIENCED
autes, to make engagements for monthly nursing,
or would take care of an invalid, or children, or a child
from birth. No. 88 Twenty-fourth-st.

Housekeepers.
Situation wanted-by a widow Ladr of M as housekeeper for a widower with family. M E

218 Bushnell-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED-GOOD GETMAN. NORweins. Swedish. and Canadian help an being
at 4 Kast Adams-at. Mrs. BALKHAM'S office.

SITUATIONS WANTED-LADIES IN WART OF

STR-class femals help of all nationalities can be
suited at MRs. S. LATELSES. as West Madian. 34. unted as MRS. S. LAPRISES. 284 West Madison-et.

1 TUATIONS WANTED—FAMILIES IN WANT OF

2 good Scandiasvian and German female help can be

upplied at MRS. DUSES'S Office. So Miwantes-ev.

LTUATIONS WANTED—MRS. SANDERS' FX
mais employment office, patrolined by all Trus-class

amilies and servants. N. B.—416 Wabsah-av. Good

(iris always wanted.

1081 WABASH-AV.—AN KLEGANT HOL

Changed.

Hotels.

NEVADA HOTEL, 149 AND 180 WABASH AV.—
\$1.50 to 82 per day; \$6 to 8 per week; day board
\$4.50 per week.

DOARD-SOUTH OF TWENTY-SECOND-ST. AND Dessit of State, for myself, wife, and child in months old; private ramily where child can be taken to table preferred. Address 521, Tribune office.

DOARD-SI TWO LADIES (SCHOOL TEACHERS) Don the West Side. Address stating terms, yes, Tribune office.

DOARD-A NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ECOM, bels and cold water, with good board in a private family, for two gentlemen; 60 olock dinners; North Side. Address 45 of Tribune office.

DOARD-A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM WITH D good board for geat and wife in a respectable Jew-lish family. Address, Scaling terms, W 28, Tribune office.

ALL PERSONS ARE HERBY CAUTIONED
Agrainst negotiating certain promissory no-es for
\$67.50 cach, given by William L. Pierce to William H.
Sampson. Said notes having been obtained without
consideration, payment of the same will be resisted.
Chicaco. Sept. A. 1878. WILLIAM L. PIERCE.

A DVENTISERS DESIRING TO HEACH COUNTET
A readers can do so in the beet and cheapest manner
by using Kellogy's Great Newspaper Lists and separate
State Sections. A. N. KELLOGG, 79 Jackson-st. by using Kellogs a Great Newscaper Lists and separate State Sections. A. N. KELLOGG, To Jockson et.

ALL CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING, A carpets, furniture, and wiscellaneous goods of any kind by sending letter to JONAS GELDER, so State-et.

A GENTS AND OTHERS WHO WANT A BAFE, legitimate cash beamen; splandid thing to sell so fairs. Address Room 5, No. 60 North Clark-et.

A SK FOR "DR. SYKES" SURE CURE FOR CA-A tarrh, "or call on him at 160 East Modison-et., Room 7, or send 10 cents by mail.

I'RENCH AND ORIENTAL MYSTERIES OF THE Todiet for beautifying the face and developing the figure. Something for Isdies of all ages. Never before given to the sublic. The most valuable recipes and methods ever known or used. Send two stamps for full list and instructions. Dr. LA BEAU, Box 351, Chicago. Int and instructions. Dr. LA BRAU, Box 33, Chicago.

TRAVELING SALESMEN DESIRING A LIGHT
line of samples on salary or commission, address S.
A. GRANT & CO., manufacturers of envelopes and paper, LA G. and S Bome-st., Cincinnati, O.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY—A BRIGHT AND HEALTHY
girl boby, of legitimate birth. S weeks old, to be
given away to some kind person wishing to adops a
other. To rutable information address w 37, Tribune
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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1876.

Greenbacks at the New York Gold Exchange yesterday closed at 911. The Arkansas election took place yester

day, and, as was everywhere expected, it re-sulted in favor of the Democrats by a heavy majority. The Cook County Republican Convention s to be held Oct. 11, and the District Sena-

torial and Legislative Conventions on the following day. An indictment for murder was vesterday turned by the Grand Jury of the Crimina

Court against ALEXANDER SULLIVAN for the killing of FRANCIE HANFORD. There should be no delay in bringing the case to trial. For once HORATIO SEYMOUR has succeeded

hold another Convention at Saratoga on the 13th of this month to select a candidate for

Still another town in Canada has been ravaged by fire. Before the first installment of relief had reached the sufferers at St. Hyaeinthe yesterday, a fire broke out in Sea-forth, Ont., and destroyed a third of the ness portion of the place. The loss is

Attorney-General Tarr has issued instruc-tions to United States Marshals and their deputies throughout the country laying down the rules for their government in the enforcement of the election laws. These instructions are plain, straightforward, and several of Mr. Tarr's predecessors, notably those of Mr. Cushing. Their general tenor will be cordially approved by all who desire an honest election everywhere. These rules will be questioned only in localities where the negro is still looked upon as perishable

We print this morning a letter from our orrespondent "Phoeion," who, as will be seen, left Gen. Trans's camp on the 31st of August, and, after a voyage of 500 miles in a yawl-boat, arrived at Bismarck, D. T., yesterday. He reports the columns of CROOK and Terry as having separated and moving independently, neither commander having much expectation of meeting or overtaking any considerable body of hostiles. In fact, suers the slip, and the campaign against the Sioux to have completely fizzled for this year. Where the main body of the Indians now is, or where and when they may be expected to be heard from again, is a conun-drum which may as well be given up for the

tempted to pass the ordinance abolishing the Board of Public Works, and once more has failed for lack of the requisite two-thirds majority. In the face of the urgent recomions of Mayor HEATH, of the pressing sity for retrenchment, and of the general feeling among tax-payers that three high-salaried Commissioners are not needed to look after the few public improvements now in course of active prosecution, it is not easy to account for the course taken in opion to this ordinance by several of the Alderman elected upon pledges of economy and reform, except on the supposition that their personal interests outweigh the wishes

The Chicago produce markets were more active yesterday, and the leading ones were stronger. Mess pork closed 5a per bri higher, at \$15.55@15.60 for September and \$15.62½@15.65 for October. Lard closed 22½@25c per 100 lbe higher, at \$10.70 cash and \$9.70@9.72½ for October. Meats were tame, at 6½c for boxed shoulders, 8½c for do short closer. do short ribs, and 84c for do short clears.

Lake freights were easier, at 2c for corn to
Buffalo. Rail freights were unchanged. Highwines were lo lower, at \$1.08 per gallon.

Flour was quiet and firm. Wheat closed 14c
higher, at 965c for September and 974c for
October. Corn closed 4c higher, at 484c cash
and 484c for October. Oats closed steady,

firmer, at 58]@58]c. Barley closed 1c lower. at 75@75 c for October. Hogs opened dull and declined 5@10c, when trade became fairly active. Closing prices were \$5.00@ 5.65 for heavy and \$5.90@6.10 for bacon grades. Cattle were active and firm. Sheep were about steady at \$3.00@4.50. One hundred dollars in gold would buy \$103.62} in

Board of Education will not fail to be at-tended with beneficial results. Mayor Hears yesterday sent in the names of five School Inspectors to take the place of those who, having been appointed by Mayor Cou-vin just prior to the expiration of his incumbency, were rejected by the Common None of the rejected ones were reappointed by Mayor HEATH, who has rightly interpreted the popular feeling as being in favor of a change. The gentlemen confirmed by the Council yesterday are a decided improvement upon those whose places they take, and it is to be regretted that there were not more vacancies filled with the same sort of material.

Vermont will hold its biennial election to day, electing State officers and Legislature also, members of Congress. Following ar the cancidates of the two parties:

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

Republicans.

Charles H. Joyce ... A. P. Childs.

Dudley C. Denison . A. M. Dickey.

George W. Hendee . John L. Edward The three Republican candidates for Con-

gress are members of the present House. The State has voted in recent years as fol Republican,
 Year.
 Office.
 Republican.

 1874 — Governor
 33, 582

 1872 — President
 41, 487

 1872 — Governor
 41, 946

An account of the fighting around Alexinata on Friday last, as given by a London Times correspondent with the Turkish army, indicates that the most severe battle of the war was fought on that day, and that the Servian army under TCHERNAYEFF was badly defeated and disorganized. It appears that the fighting was almost exclusively carried on by the artillery of the opposing forces, and that the Turks, being better supplied with formidable batteries, approached slowly but surely, silencing one after another of the batteries of the besieged, until, thinking further resistance useless, the Servian soldiery, panicstricken, began a hasty and disorderly retreat toward Deligrad. According to this correspondent, the Servian losses were very heavy, though no figures are given.

There is an excellent prospect that suit will be brought by the Government to recover from Sam TILDEN that portion of his income tax of 1862 and 1863 which he omitted to include in his sworn return, but of which mention was made several years later in his affidavit in the Alton & Terre Haute Railroad suit. United States District-Attor ney BLESS, of New York, is in correspond ence with the Commissioner of Interna Revenue on the subject, and it is not unlike. ly that he will be directed to institute pro ceedings against Trapen in accordance with an order issued by the Internal Revenue Department two years and a half ago, and exactly covering the case. Other men have been prosecuted for defrauding the revenue why not Sawmer, J. Trenen?

The shuffling policy pursued by the Gas Companies has finally forced the Common Council to bring the matter of reduction in the price of gas to a square issue. The action of the Council yesterday gives the Companies the choice of supplying the street-lamps and public buildings with gas at \$1.50 per 1,000 cubic foot, or of ceasing altogether to sell gas to the city for streetlighting purposes. By a vote of 28 to 4 it is decided that unless the price is reduced to \$1.50 all the existing contracts shall be abrogated, and oil substituted for gas in the stratt-lamps. Messrs. Billings and War-KINS will discover by this that the Common Council is very much in earnest about this gas question, and that they must either submit to the reduction or leave the field to the oil men.

ANOTHER CASE LOOKING LIKE PERJURY. When an effort is made to impeach the testimony of a witness in any trial at law, it is a common practice to take evidence as to his reputation for veracity, and a prima facie case of false swearing in the particular instance is always strengthened by reputation extent, therefore, that Mr. TILDEN may be shown to have contradicted himself in other matters, the contradiction of his two statenents in regard to his income for the year 1862 becomes more glaring and significant His connection with the New York election frauds of 1868 furnishes new evidence that he has not always been strictly exact in his statements, even under oath.

In the political debate in the closing days

of Congress, Mr. Kasson dealt the Demo-cratic candidate some hard blows, and charged him with a responsibility for, or at least a knowledge of, the New York frauds on the ballot-box in behalf of SEYMOUR in 1868. There is no longer any dispute as to these frauds having been committed. They were absolutely proved by investigation, and are fully confirmed by the fact that the vote since that time has never attained the same proportions. For the rest, the frauds are ow virtually admitted by the Democrats of New York. They consisted of ballot-box stuffing, repeating, bogus naturalizations false personation of applicants for natural ization papers, etc.; it is estimated that 68,343 bogus naturalization certificates alone were issued. SAMUEL J. TILDEN Was the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee that year, and the following circular was issued over his name and distributed among the Chairmen of the various County Committees through the State:

[Private and strictly confidential.]
ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE. Oct. 27, 1868.—MY DEAR SIR: Please at once to communicate with some reliable person in three or four principal towns and in each city of your county and request him (expenses duly arranged for this end) to telegraph to WILLIAM M. TWEED, Tammany Hall, at the minute of closing the polls,—not waiting for the count,—such person's estimate of the vote. Let the telegraph to be as follows:

This town will show a Democratic gain (or loss) over last year of (number): or this one, if sufficiently certain: This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of —

tain: This town will give a Republican (or Democratic) majority of—
There is of tourse an important object to be attained by a simultaneous transmission at the hour of closing the polls, but no longer waiting. Opportunity can be taken of the usual half-hour lull in telegraphic communications over lines before actual results begin to be declared, and before the Associated Press absorb the telegraph with returns and interfere with individual messages; and give orders to unick carefully the count.

Sasuer J. There, Chairman.

The purpose of this circular was confessedly to enable the Democratic managers in New York City to supply any Democratic majority that might be necessary to overcome the Republican majority throughout the State, and it was proved that the count

was held back in the city to await the returns thus called for. It was also proved that 900 answers were received more than State. It was this circular that Mr. Kasson cited to sustain his charge that Mr. TILDEN was cognizant of the purpose to corrupt the Vallot-boxes, which was subsequently carried out without any protest from him. In reply to Mr. Kasson, Messrs. Hzwitt and Cox,defenders of Mr. Trange, admitted the frauds, but produced a letter from Mr Trange written by him in 1868 and published in the New York Evening Post, in which he denied all knowledge of the existence of such a circular previous to its exposure. So far, so good. But Messrs. Hewirr and Cox had probably forgotten that Mr. TILDEN had subsequently given his testimony before the Congre Committee which investigated the New York frauds. In the course of that testimony given under oath, he swore that he was not the anthor of the circular, and that he did not know who was the author, but also said: A day or two before the election, I was in the Committee-room at the Metropolitan Hotel, and I then understood that a circular had been issued asking for early election-returns. It had been issued some time previously; by whom I do not know; but I understood its purport from somebody. my name, but I did not read them, for I w their contents. I presume they were the same the public prints.

In other words, Mr. TILDEN at one time denied all previous knowledge of these secret circulars, and at another time swore he had seen them in the Committee-mon where he was chief, though he did not read them; that he saw his name was signed to them, and that he "understood their contents." Was he not just as much responsible for their issue under these circumstance as if he had written and signed the circular himself, and was he not guilty of a falsehood, by his own subsequent admission, when he publicly denied all knowledge of the existnce of such a circular?

It will not be difficult for an unprejudice and intelligent person to follow out the application of this second instance of Mr. Trapen's contradiction of himself. A man who would even passively assist in corrupting the ballotbox would not hesitate to publicly deny his agency in the frauds, and a man who would contradict under oath-a previous statement deliberately and publicly made, would scarce ly refrain from falsifying an income return. Falsus in uno, falsus in omibus, is the way the lawyers put it; but Mr. TILDEN is thus shown to have been false in two instances which cumulates the force of the motto.

IS GOV. HAYES A MURDERER!

The Democrats, after mature deliberation have come to the conclusion that they have minated a very wicked man for President. and have determined that the only way they can save themselves, if it all, is by misrepresenting Gov. Haves to be even more wicked and ungodly than his neighbor. ' The Chicago Times was naturally the chosen agent for this sort of dirty work, and it has begun by charging that Gov. HAYES is not merely a perjurer but a murderer; what the Times will probably make him out to be before the campaign is over, having begun the record with murder, is beyond the scope of the ordinary imagination, and we fear it will test the capacity of the Police Gazette's Chicago edition for criminal phraseology to work up the proper climax. In setting forth the case of Gov. HAYES as a perjurer, the Times rather purpose by heading its article "The Perjured Pair," which conveys an admission on its part that the case has been fully made out against | ly pure; but "is Mr. Trades likely to reject support for the Presidency. It is a confesion that the Times cannot lift its candidate from the slough of despond, and only hopes at the best to drag his opponent down into the same mire. This attempt has not been eminently successful, so far, inasmuch as the Times merely takes Gov. HAYES' recent personal-tax returns and speculates upon what they ought to have been. The charge against Mr. Thipen, it must be remembered, does not rest on speculation; if it did, it wouldn't amount to anything, and would probably never have been made. Its basis is the fact that Mr. Trunky swore in 1876 that he swore falsely in 1872, as shown by the two following affidavits :

ing affidavits:

On Dec. 26, 1863, Mr. In his anencer to the Tillden sworeto a return complaint in the Circuit under oath, in which he Court of the United said:

'I hereby certify that St. Louis, Alton & Terre the following is a true Haute Railroad Comand faithful statement of pany against himself and the gains, profits, or in-others, which answer was come of Samuel J. Til. Aled recently, Mr. Tilden pen, and the Clay of New Store under oath as follow; New York, State of New York, New Yor

United States. Income sum of \$10,000 on acrom all sorrers, \$7,-count of professional services rendered to the first-mortgage bondholders and the Receivers, which was paid to him by the said AZAMIAN C. FLAGG. and which payment appears under date of Nov. 7, 1802, in a statement annexed to the first report aforesaid, as having been receipted for by the said Tilden, on account of professional services."

So far as the perjury charge goes, the Times' denunciation of "The Perjured Pair" nerely means a confession that its candidate is a perjurer, and an adoption of the usual weak subterfuge of liars by exclaiming 'You're another," with the usual difference that there is proof on one side and mere par-tisan and malicious speculation on the other. But the other charge which the Times brings against Gov. HAYES may not be dismissed so easily. This is even more serious than the charge (not yet substantiated) to which the Staats-Zeitung has directed our attention, viz.; that Gov. HAYES, as a member of the Centennial Commission, voted against opening the Philadelphia Exposition on Sundays. Now it may be admitted that the popular prejudice against taking human life is as general as the German prejudice against the Puritan and "Mucker" Saboath. When the Times, therefore, charges Gov. HAYES with being a murderer, it is time to pause and consider. We do not care to enter into any psychological investigation as to the relative criminality of murder and perjury; we will defer to the popular notion,

that it would be a lasting disgraes to the country to elect a murderer President. The case against Gov. Haves as a murder-

and admit from the outset that, if Gov.

Haves is a murderer, he is a worse man than

Gov. There as a perjurer. We do not doubt many Tunes readers will agree that a

perjurer ought to be elected in order to de-feat a murderer, which is the reasoning of the Times; and we will admit once for all

fessed, was sentenced to be hanged, and the execution took place at Dayton a few days ago. The Times says that the case was amply deserving of Executive cleme which leaves no doubt about it; the Times also says that Gov. Haves refused to pardon him or commute his sentence for political reasons, which also disposes of that point; and the logical conclusion of the Times is, that Gov. Haves "is guilty of murder," The complete regularity of the syllogism is so convincing that we are naturally stunned at the thought of replying. We cannot conscientiously defend a murderer against a perjurer. Gov. HAYES having murdered a man by refusing to set aside the verdict of a Court and jury, and declining to pardon a fellow who confessed he had committed murder, it follows, as a matter of course, that Gov. TILDEN, who has merely sworn this year that he swore falsely in 1862, ought to be elected President of the United States. We are not surprised that the Times speaks of the case as a grave charge against Gov. Hayes; in fact, it is very much like a whole cemetery, and we can already see the sanguinary HAYES, his hands reeking with blood, his eyes dilated with murderous passion, and his voice demanding more gore, stalking through the land threatening all men with death who refuse to vote for him. The picture is a frightful one; we admit it. The mild-mannered perjurer of New York is a lamb-like presence by comparison. And what shall we say when the world points at the nation with a finger of scorn, and contemptuously reminds us that out of 44,000,000 of people where no man is debarred from holding of fice on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, one party took for its candidate for President a perjurer and the other a murderer! We can only hide our heads in confused silence and overwhelming

MORE INDEPENDENT VOTERS COMING HOME.
The Independent Voter does not pan out well in the present campaign from the Democratic point of view. He seems to reject the tender Democratic appeal with surprising promptness and unanimity. The worst of it is, that he not only emphatically refuses to accept the Democratic article of reform, but he has a very emphatic way of coming out in print and stating why, in a manner not calculated to inspire the Democracy with very sanguine hopes. WILLIAM EVERETT, of Cambridge, Mass., a gentleman of great prominence and influence, and son of the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, is one of this class. He has lately written a letter announce ing his determination to vote for HAYES and WHEELER, and giving his reasons therefor, five in number. First, he had found the discipline of the Republican party objectionsble, but " will the Democratic party relieve him? Was there ever a party that accepted so unhesitatingly, indorsed so free-ly, all that its acknowledged leaders say and do, as the Democratic party, since its reorganization against John

QUINCY ADAMS?" Second, the Independent Voter had charged the Republican party with being undecided on some vital questions, especially the public debt and the cur-rency, but "is an Independent Voter likely to get relief on this point among the Democrats? Will contraction be resumed? resumption be hastened? Will inflationists be rebuked? Will any unhesitating, unmistakable, decisive policy, hard or soft, be adopted?" Third, the Independent Voter had objected to the Republican party because it has not kept the civil service properformulated by his political GAMALIEL, WILL-AM L. MARCY? Suppose that any one does feel the flies of office gorging on the national carcass, is he likely to hear in the buzzings of the Democratic swarm much inducement

to open the succession to them?" Fourth, the Independent Voter thought that Republican members of Congress wasted too much time in talking buncombe instead of giving their attention to practical legislation, but "Does the experience of the last session promise much relief in this particular from the Democrats?"

Fifth, the Independent Voter was dissatisfied with the Republican treatment of the Southern question, but "He sees in the administration of Gov. CHAMBERLAIN entire impartiality, integrity, wisdom. He sees even Southern Democrats recognize this, -and he sees the Democratic party, in their wholesale denunciation of the Republican treat ment of the South, give nothing but opposition and discouragement to the only statesman who has handled the Southern question

Mr. Evenerr's five reasons why he does not find any comfort in the prospect offered him by the Democrats are very conclusive, not only to himself, but to all other Inde pendent Voters. The Independent Voter is not abroad in the land this year. He is i the ranks of the Republican party supporting HAYES and WHEELER. He doubts gift-bearing Greeks with their offer of reform. TILDEN, the perjurer, railroad-wrecker, and secession sympathizer, and Hex-DRICKS, the trimmer, WADR HAMPTON, Ho-RATIO SEYMOUR, ZEBULON VANCE, TALBOT OF Maine. ISHAM G. HARRIS, and other choice representatives of the old Rebel and Copperhead Democracy, are not the crowd he agreed to train with when he left the Republicans to better his political fortunes. He has com

It happened more than once that Andrew Jounson, in discussing the public debt, insisted that the people had already paid off more than 100 per cent, and that the balance of the debt should be paid at their leisure. Mr. Senator McDonald, of Indiana, in a recent speech in that State, makes some equally remarkable calculations. Here is a sample : It may be safely stated that, if this law (the Resumption act) shall continue in force, the volume of currency on the 1st of January, 1870, of all classes, will not be one-fourth of the amount now outstanding; and the effect of this law must be to quadruple the burden of the debtor class. So that he who has mortgaged his house or his farm at one-third of its appraised value, for money to meet his liabilities or carry on his business, will find that property shrunk in value, by this rapid contraction of the currency, so that, if he should fall to meet his obligations. it would not pay more than three-fourths of his debt.

The Resumption law, if there was the remotest possibility of carrying it into execution, provides that on the 1st day of January in the carrying it into execution.

tion, provides that on the 1st day of January, 1879, the Treasury of the United States shall pay out coin in exchange for green-backs. In the extremest case, the most aggravated result of such a proceeding would be that the greenbacks and the National Bank notes would be worth 100 cents in coin amount of these notes will have so diminished that only one-fourth of the present amount will be outstanding. No explanation is given as to what will become of them. We assume that it is meant that the amount of er is this: A young man, convicted of a very assume that it is meant that the an brutal murder, which, we ballave he compaper will be reduced because reduced.

of money in the United States will be increased precisely to the extent of the issue of coin; and the purchasing value of the money will be increased to the extent of the difference between 89 and 100 cents. The Resumption law does not provide for the retirement of the greenbacks. They are to remain money to be put in circulation as beore; and if the Treasury shall have enough coin to redeem these notes on demand the volume of money will be vastly enlarged. The coin and the greenbacks being equivalent, they will circulate in common. Resumption law, if it could be executed, will substitute a coin dollar for every paper dollar redeemed, and then anthorize the reissue of the paper dollar. Mr. McDonald, however, thinks that three-fourths of the greenbacks will be presented for redemption .leaving one-fourth only outstanding, and the only rational deduction from his figures is, that the value of the greenback will advance in proportion to the contraction; hence, that a reenback dollar now worth 89 cents will be creased three-fold, and will then be worth \$2.67, and that debtors will have their debts ncreased three-fold (McDonald says fourfold), because of the extraordinary increase in the value of the paper. Considering that Mr. McDonald is a Senator of the United States, we must regard him as the most advanced arit

metician now in the ranks of American statesmen. We have never yet read of plan by which the value of the green dollar could be increased beyond that of the gold dollar; but Senator McDonard has disovered that to reduce the number of paper ollars by redemption in coin to one-fourth s to add 400 per cent to the value of each paper dollar outstanding. That surpasses even Landers' scheme to make milk-t worth more than milk. Arguing from that point of view, the Senator is right in assuming that, if the value of greenbacks be advanced to \$2.67, or \$3.50 in gold for each dollar, it will be hard upon the debter class. His conclusion, if his premises be true, is irresistible. If the redemption of a portion of the greenbacks have such an asounding effect on the value of the remainder, it is hardly possible that they will b presented for redemption at mere par. Who would exchange a greenback worth \$3.40 for

100 cents in coin? Mr. McDonald's illustration is in keeping with his extraordinary estimate of the results of redeeming greenbacks at par in coin. Thus, if a farm worth \$15,000 be mortgaged for \$5,000, payable in greenbacks, and the greenbacks should advance and be worth \$3.50 on the dollar, then the whole farm will not be equal to the payment of more than three-fourths of the debt. This case is a most aggravated and dangerous one, and it points out a possibility of such an alarming and destructive calamity that Mr. McDonald ought, as a defender of the people, to get up some legislation prohibiting the advance of greenbacks to more than 100 cents on the dollar in coin. His arraignment of the Republican party for a base conspiracy against the people in providing for the redemption of greenbacks at 10 cents in coin on the dollar, thereby increasi the value of the greenbacks four-fold, to \$3.56 on the dollar in gold, is certainly the most brilliant and overwhelming production since Cicero's exposure of Cari-

We have stated Mr. McDonald's proposition on the assumption that the value of the greenback as to the value of the farm would ncrease three or four fold. But how will it turn out if the figures be put as if the value \$15,000 in greenbacks; the mortgage is for \$5,000, payable in greenbacks now worth 89 cents. The outstanding volume of greenbacks having been reduced 75 per cent, the debt (according to McDonald) is thereby quadrupled and becomes equal to \$20,000 in greenbacks ; therefore, the value of the farm shrinks to three-fourths of the amount of the debt, and, after deeding his farm to his creditor, the debtor owes just as much as he did originally! We forbear any attempt to compute the percentage of the shrinkage in the value of that farm, nor are we qualified to advise the debtor how he is to pay what he still owes; but we are prepared to admire the incomprehensible logic of the Senator who argues that to pay 100 cents for a greenback worth 89 cents is to increase the purchasing

power of the greenback four-fold! The most extravagant estimate we have ever seen of the effect of resumption of specie payments is that it would add the ifference between the current price of the paper and of the coin to the amount to be aid by the debtors, but Senator McDonald s entitled to the glory of the discovery that this increase of 10 or 12 per cent is but a trifle, and that, after handing over all their property to the creditors, the debtors will still owe the full amount of their original debts

New York about that city becoming the great grain market of the United States, and of the consequent abandonment of lake naviration and the demolition of the grain wareiouses in Chicago. Some of the papers in New York publish comparative weekly statements of the receipts at various Eastern cities, to show how rapidly New York is be coming the granary of the country. The table for receipts at six Atlantic ports, durthe week ending Aug. 26, was as follows, to which we have added the receipts in Chicago Auring the same time :

All grain. cent. Corn. 1,399,612 35,2 786,450 19.7 624,740 15.7 620,543 15.6 500,320 12.6 45,700 1.2 667, 436 34, 432, 800 22, 333, 200 17, 225, 458 11, 276, 600 14, 16, 400 Total......3,977,385 100.0 1,951,894 100.0 Chicago.....2,371,9391,754,761

during the same week were 2,624,067 bushels. of which 1,999,741 were of corn. The shipments of all grain from Chicago for the week ending Sept. 1 was 2,030,98 bushels, having a value of \$1,035,971, and of 8,080,592 pounds provisions (hog products) valued at \$623,380. The exports of grain from New York during the week ending Sept. 1 were 522,240 bushels. The ship ments of flour from Chicago, 38,379 parrels from New York, 19,680 parrels.

The American Naturalist for September has a very important paper by Samuel H. Scudden, in which he informs the public how a cockroach folds his wings. It takes nine pages and thirteen illustrations to develop this remarkable performance of the festive cockroach. That our readers may be put in possession of the facts in the case, we make the following selection from the article, which appears to be the most intelligent statement we can find in it: most intelligent statement we can find in it:

When the spical triangle has reached or nearly reached its maximum development, as in Prospical accentella and Pletophera porcaliano, that portion of the field which lies within the transported accentella and pletophera porcaliano, that portion of the field which lies within the transports fold, and above a line drawn from the sucket of the wing to a point near the anal summagination (i. e., the basal portion of the reversible zone), assumes a venation precisely ambigous to that of

the upper half of the wing with all its distinct cross-veins and odd reticulations; this becomes

The general reader will be surprised to Icarn that the cockroach has wings at all, but having them, it is refreshing to know what he does with them, and that the basal portion of his man who can discuss the venation of a cock roach's reversible zone while all the rest of the

The New York World, in a doleful article about the business condition of the country, says: "The balloons of the War have definitely collapsed, and there will be no more flying. The World having recently reduced its price t 8 cents, we presume we are to accept it as War-balloon, definitely collapsed."

Albany dispatches state that Miss Julia GRIFFIN, the sculptress, is at work upon a bust of TILDEN. The Republican party is at work upon a bust of TILDEN that will be more astor ishing than hers,

Mr. Beecher and his friends sampled the priz ales, porters, and imported beers at the Centennia Troupe, is now singing with the San Francisco

The Pilot and His Wife, "a love-story translated the Norwegian of Jonas Lie by Mrs. Ole

fr. Gladstone is opposed to preaching from manuscript. He says the preacher ought to regard the audience as one person who is to be addressed,

'The Prince of Wales' recent tour on the Conti rest in Paris, and a day or two at Spa, after which the 25th ult. Mrs. Tilton supports herself by giving music-

lessons. She lives in a quiet way in Brooklyn with her mother, and has no society to speak of. Bessie Turner is in destitute circumstances in the neighborhood of New York. She has the ability act as teacher or governces, but her services are not in demand. The English Churchman finds fault with Dean

Stanley for preaching and taking part in the serv-Stantey for precenting and trading part in the ice in a kirk in the North of Scotland, on the ground that such conduct is a breach of Episcopal order. The Dean takes the ground that the Scotch Presbyterian Church belongs to the British estab We notice that Mr. Horace White, of Chicago, is

to read a paper on "The Silver Question" before the American Social Science Association at Sara-toga to-morrow. The Association is to meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock. E. M. Haines, of Wauke-Organization in the Newer States Lucy Stone writes, in the Woman's Journal, that the quarrel in the Hawthorne family has arisen without sufficient cause. It appears that young Mr. Lathrop, while insisting upon his right to use the private papers of his father-in-law, did

not, as a matter of fact, use them, but made up his "study" from sources accessible to all the The third day after the opening of the shooting season in England it is estimated that 30,000 grouse were received in London alone for sale. The prices obtained were from 1s. 6d. to 3s. spiece. Some grouse illegally shot or netted be fore the opening of the season were shipped as "salmon" to Billingsgate, and thence forwarded to Leadenhall or the Central Market, where they

old on the first day for fig. to 19a The New York Nation makes an amusing and The New York Nation makes an amusing and surprising slip in a leading editorial article in its last issue, speaking of Mr. Randall as the Chair-man of the Committee on Ways and Means and the leader of the House, whereas it is pretty well known that Mr. Morrison holds both of the posi-

David G. Yates, chief of the Department of Ad missions at the Centennial, was lately presented with a gold badge representing three turnstiles montant. He immediately began racking his head to discover a reason for it, and finally learned that was Gates, and that three turnstiles constituted the coat-of-arms of his ancestors in Flanders, who

The coffin of William Koster, alias Walker, who was killed in a prize-fight last week, was decorated with a large anchor of flowers, so which was attached a card with the inscription, "Safe in the arms of Jesus." The opponent of Walker, we believe, is in the hands of the police. There may be some regret on the part of the public that the two principals are not united in death as they were in life, but most right-feeling persons will be content to leave unsettled the question of their future state

of existence.

T. W. Higginson enters a solemn protest against what is known as a foreign education. He argues that it is much more important that a boy or girl should know the history and literature of the world at large, and particularly of the country in which he or she is to live, than that two or three languages. guages should be spoken as well as by a European courier. Mr. Higginson finds that mathematics, rhetoric, metaphysics, political economy, physiol-ogy, and matural science generally—the studies which train the mind—are, for the most part, omit ted by children taught in Europe.

Mrs. Sarah E. Henahaw has an interesting article on "California Housekeepers and Chinese Serv-ants" in the carrent-number of Scribner's Month-ly. The experience of most persons who have had to deal with Chinese servants seems to be that they are much quicker to learn than Irish girls, and also much slower to unlearn. This latter quality, which might be considered on first thought a virtue, is not so in fact; for a servant badly taught is is not so in fact; for a servant badly taught is worse than one untaught. The Chinese servants have inconvenient moral standards, their principles not recognizing lying and stealing as vices. They are destitute of ordinary feelings of gratitude, and view their relations to their employers as matters of business which are not to be affected by personal considerations. Twenty-five cents is a sufficient inducement for going or staying anywhere. Chamber work they cannot do.

five cents is a sufficient inducement for going or staying anywhere. Chamber work they cannot do. Mrs. Henshaw remarks that ladies never leave their children, especially little girls, with China-men, not because there has been any generally un-favorable experience in this connection, but for the reason that the duplicity of the Chinese charac-ter inspires a vague dread of its possible mania festations.

The old oak furniture, tapestry, etc., of the

The old oak furniture, tapestry, etc., of the King's Arms and Royal Hotel at Laucaster, Eng., are to be sold at auction on the premises in April, 1877. This hotel is mentioned by Charles Dickens in "Household Words," Included in its furniture are richly-carved oak bedsteads of the fifteenth century, chairs of Henry Vilith's time, antique time-pieces, one of them the manufacture of Dr. Benjamin Franklin; rare old chius, porcelain formerly belonging to noble familles, portraits attributed to Sir Godfrey Kneller and Sir Peter Lely, tapestries from Gobelin and elsewhere, of surpassing beauty, and many other articles. The Benjamin Franklin clock strikes the hour. It has only three wheels. The dial is articles. The Benjamin Franklin clock strikes the hour. It has only three wheels. The dial is arranged to mark the time on the system of the land watches in years gone by. On the face there is the inscription, "Dr. Benjamin Franklin, Philadelphia, Inventor." This is the only one of the three clocks invented by Dr. Benjamin Franklin to be found in England; the others are in the possession of the relatives of the late Rev. George Whitefield, who, along with Dr. Franklin, conceived the idea of making a clock, for which purpose the former found the money necessary for carrying out the invention.

THE COUNCIL.

The Consumers' Gas Company Let in Again.

It Is Resolved to Abrogate the Gas Contracts and Use Oil

Down to \$1.50 Second Failure of the Board of Public Works Ordinance.

If the Companies Will Not Come

Judge Lawrence, W. H. Wells, Etc., Confirmed Members of the Board of Education.

The Council met yesterday afternoon at 3:30. Ald. Aldrich was called upon to take the chair. SCHOOL INSPECTORS.

The Mayor transmitted as his nominees for

the vacancies on the Board of Education, C. R. Lawrence, William H. Wells, Christoph Hotz, Frederick Mahla, and O. B. Jacobs. ions to the Committee on Schools. Ald. Pearsons did not see any reason for re erring the matter to any Committee. Ald. Cullerton-It should be referred, under

he rules. loes not need to be referred. Ald. Cullerton-It ought to be referred, and he members of the Council ought to have time

o post themselves as to the merits of the nom-Ald. Rawleigh moved to suspend the rules

and concur in the nominations.

The Chair said the question of referring such cided by parliamentary authorities, and he pre-ferred to leave the matter to the Council. Ald. Pearsons said the annual meeting of the Board of Education was to be held Tues and it was important that these gent should then be present and take their seats Ald. Lawler was in favor of referring the report in order that the Aldermen could investigate and vote intelligently.

Ald. Pearsons said he only knew two of the gentlemen, but was disposed to accept the recommendations of the Mayor, in whom he had

full fath.

The question was then put on the suspension of the rules, in accordance with Ald. Rawleight motion, with the following result: Yeas, 23: nays, 9. The rules were therefore suspended. Ald. Rawleigh moved to confirm the appoint-

Ald. Evan called for a division of the ques

scparately.

Ald. Lawler was surprised at the action of Ald. Pearsons in calling upon the Council to yote on this question unintelligently.

The main question was ordered, and the question then came upon the confirmation of Judge Lawrence.
Ald. Murphy said the gentleman had not been a resident of the city for five years.
The vote was then taken and resulted as fol-

lows:
Yeal—Pearsons, McAuley, Bailard, Rosenberg,
Aldrich, Thompson, Gilbert, Stewart, Sommer,
Lodding, Kerber, Tarnow, Beidler, Van Osdel,
Smith, White. Briggs, Throop, McCrea, Rawielgs,
Cleveland, Wheeler, Ryan, Baumgarten, Niesen,
Linsenbarth, Boser-27.
Nays-Lawler, Lengacher, Murphy, Sweeney-4.
Present but not voting—Cullerton—1.

Ald. White wanted to know why Ald. Culleron didn't vote.

Ald. Throop moved that he be excused from

The Chair was about to put the question, when Ald. Lengacher said the yeas and nays had been called for.

The Chair—I didn't hear it.
Ald. Lengacher—Then we'd better get a man in the chair that can hear.

The yeas and nays were called, and Ald. Culterton was excused from voting.

The question was then upon the confirmation of William H. Wells, and the vote was as follows:

Yeas Pearsons, McAnley, Ballard, Rotenberg, Idrich, Thompson, Gilbert, Stewart, Sheridan, odding, Kerber, Tarnow, Beidler, Van Osdet, Smith, Briggs, Throop, McCrea, Rawleigh, Cleve-land, Wheeler, Baumgarten, Niesen, Waldo, Lin-senbarth, Boser—25. Nays—Lawler, Ryan, Lengacher, Murphy,

Sweeney 5.

Present but not voting—Cullerten, White—2.

The nays on the confirmation of Mr. Hotz were Cullerton and Murphy. Present, but not voting, Lawler.

The nays on the confirmation of Mr. Mahla were Cullerton, Lawler, Ryan, Murphy, Swee-

were Cullerton, Lawler, Kyan, Murphy, Sweeney.

The nays on the confirmation of Mr. Jacobs were Cullerton, Lawler, Ryan, and Murphy.

The nominations were therefore confirmed.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

The Judiciary Committee reported an ordinance, heretofore published, providing for the abolition of the Board of Public Works.

Ald. Throop moved to concur in the report and pass the ordinance.

Ald. Lawler did not agree with the rest of the Judiciary Committee, and moved to recommit the report.

the report.
On motion of Ald. Rawleigh this motion was

Vote:

Yeas—Pearsons, McAuley, Ballard, Rosenberg, Aldrich, Gilbert, Stewart, Kerber, Tarnow, Beidler, Van Osdel, Smith, Briggs, Chroop, McCres, Rawleish, Cleveland, Banngarten, Waldo, Linsenbarth, Boser—21.

Nays—Thompson, Sommer, Lödding, Cullerton, Lawler, White, Wheeler, Ryan, Niesen, Lengacher, Murphy, Sweeney—12.

Ald. Thompson moved a reconsideration of the vote.

the vote.

Ald. Cullerton questioned the right of the gentleman to ask for a reconsideration. He thought the gentleman had not voted with the

gentleman to ask for a reconsideration. He thought the gentleman had not voted with the majority.

The Chair held that the gentleman had voted with the majority, because he had voted with the side which gained the vote.

Ald. Cullerton referred to the rules to back up his position.

The Chair said he thought the gentleman had voted with the majority, because he had voted with the majority, and the question could not be put.

The Chair held the point a good one.

Ald. Stewart moved to reconsider, and stated that he had voted in the majority. Although it was the losing side, it had the majority of votes. He thought Ald. Cullerton's position of the Board reopened for consideration.

The Chair, after an examination of Cushing's Manual, said he was of the opinion that he was mistaken in his previous position, and that Ald. Stewart's motion was in order.

Ald. Thompson moved to postpone Ald. Stewart's motion indefinitely. It was not certain that the Board of Public Works, by the vote of the Council, was abolished, and there was nothing to take its place. There were other law-quertions which ought to be investigated. Ald. Cullerton said the reconsideration must be had at this or the next meeting. Hence it was out of order to postpone indefinitely.

Ald. McCrea moved to recommit the whole matter to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report at the next regular meeting.

Ald. Gilbert moved as an amendment that the matter be made the special order for 4 o'clock

ing.

Ald. Gilbert moved as an amendment that the matter be made the special order for 4 o'clock next Monday. The amendment was accepted, and the motion of Ald. McCrea passed.

and the motion of Ald McCrea passed.

The following communication was received from the Comptroller:

In compliance with an order passed by your honorable body Aug. 21, 1876, I herewith submit a sist of the names of persons (as they appear mon the records now on sile in the County Court who siled objections to the real estate city taxes of 1873, 1874, and 1875. Some of the objectors to the city tax of 1875 may have paid since the siling of their objections, as ans frequently occurred in previous years; but as the Collector's books are not accessible by me I submit the list as originally filed July 22, 1876. Respectfully submitted.

The list of objectors comprises some forty foolscap pages full of names. The objectors to the taxes of 1873 numbered 221; to those of 1874 were 971 in number; and to the levy of 1875, 838. The matter was laid over and pub-

An ordinance was reported from the City Attorney for the abolition of the office of Fish Inspector. , It was laid over for publication.

An ordinance was reported from the Board of

ublic Works for the openue to West Lake street, eveland, it was passed. ordinance was report for the extension of Lake street. On a

An ordinance was reported body for the extension of west Lake street. On moland, the ordinance was pass. On motion, it was decide Council adjourn it do so tow. Oil. INSTEAD of the report of the Gas mending the adoption of colution that the existing gas companies be abrogated their price to \$1.50 per thousand their price to \$1.50 per thousand the control of the con Mest Side Gas-Works, we gas at \$2 per thousand.
Ald. McCrea was in far

Ald. McCrea was in fave contracts and then making, also in favor of allowing (Company 50 cents a thouse West Side Company, becaus outlying territory which had Ald. Cullerton was in favo companies a chance to redudivision of the question between the contracts and instructing advertise for bids to light the Some objection was made, withdrew his request for a dald. White asked leave to king the price to private of the city, at \$1.50 a thouse. There was some objection and it was withdrawn.

The Committee's report in by—yeas, 28; nays, 4. The committee's report on the city, at \$1.50 a thouse. THE CONSUMERS'

The amended ordinane onsumers' Gas Companished in these columns, wa Ald Cullerton offered, Ald. Cullerton offered, that the Company be required, 000,000, instead of 3,000,000 days. He thought this need be furnished all over the cife. Ald. Gilbert said it was no company would be expected whole city, and moved to la motion on the table. Carrie The ordinance was then provide: Yeas, 29; nays, 20. The ordinance was then ing vote: Yeas, 29; nays, ing vote: I cas, 2s; hays, 2 the negative were Murphy a Aid. Cullerton moved to and, as a measure of economic fered the following aemndu If at any time the City or Cit If at any time the City of the tion, shall become a consume and corporation, or whenever the building lots fronting on alley, or highway shall be occurred to the said City of Chicago shall order at its discretion said con any main-pipe, feeder, or such streets, avenues, highway squares, so far as the city magas, or as such residence exist the city magas, or as such residence exist of the said corporation to educate for the space of six more of such ordinance it shall be and privileges granted hereby.

Ald. Rawleigh moved to motion to reconsider on the Ald. Throop thought the to be amended. The idea of commany to run a main to

to be amended. The idea of company to run a main to on the prairie would be singus companies should not anything unreasonable.

Ald. Rawleigh said the Ald. White thought the proposition from James main on Archer avenue. published in these columns

published in these columns is, in substance, that Tu down mains and furnish gaavenue.
Ald. Cullerton objected Ald. Gilbert moved to introduce the proposition, a
The matter was then removed that it lie on the tab
Ald. Sommer moved to re
tee on Gas, with instruction dinance. Carried.

A communication was rec
Charles making some furth
lighting the streets with o
Committee on Gas.
On motion of Aid. Somme

AMUSEM

"THE RIVALS" AT week. During the very torium has been cleaned an gilding has been done, a free vided. and the walls have as surroundings are concerns as agreeable a place of resort son could expect to find. The other hand, is far from Rivals " was never so traw fore. With perfect good-w for the truth, it may be said in the *cast was accurain the scart was accumore than three were wise than in a painful mans nothing without celerity of acterization is exaggerated to acterization is exaggerated after actors; his attnations wardly arranged; his dialog the months of the unsintell that "The Hivals" as produced a dull play we have pronouverdict upon the new comp man, Mr. W. N. Griffith, plate. Having some physics part, and being apparently he did not offend by manife nor wound by tramplified of the part; nor showing a keen susceptifit requirements. Capt. Absolu him, was a round-shoulde ward boy, deficient in man al refinement. His fun was er than that of the eye and less calculated to strike ter dactons youth. Fauikiand morbid enough, having ap yery just conclusion that ication. It was easy to unit with his wonder at hav of a woman, for certainly him on the stage. The Bo and the Sir Lucius O'Triggs spoken of with respect, it Miss Douglass as Mrs. Mo to outshine the young is did not compensate for he out in relief the oddities of ing it in a baid, business-fing it may the onus of the perform dan, who, happily, is dead Miss Mary Roberts as Lydi ing it in a baid, business in ing it in a baid, business in ing the onus of the perform dam, who, happily, is deed Miss Mary Roberts as Lydiguishing, but rather the features on slight provocat with the sharp tones of he Fannie Young, as Julia, and without the faintest of ter as it was intended by tome excuse for her want in miserable Fauktand, sin himself. Miss Belie Northe three already referre dedicient. We have taken the cast in detail, because terested in hearing about for all; and it is well to pathis score at as early a merits of the organizatio cast in the new drop-curt legged Troilus in the actarmed Cressida.

HOWE'S LO It is scarcely worth wance at the theatres last that nearly all the seeks to the circus. Between were gathered under the were gathered under the streedingly gratifying to surprising. They had no second visit to the city second visit to the city for the condition of the same time ing that the return of the condition of the same time ing that the return of the condition of the same in the excoment was so well establish cess of the senson in Sept forchand. There will be suon and evening, after we go may say good-by to teason.

'Hamlet," to a pacticative, to-night, and

ed to Abrogate the Contracts and Use Oil

anies Will Not Come n to \$1.50 of the Board of Public

ks Ordinance. e, W. H. Wells, Etc., Members of the of Education.

resterday afternoon at 3:30. or inspectors.

smitted as his nominees for the Board of Education, C. B. a. H. Wells, Christoph Hotz, and O. B. Jacobs.

moved to refer the nomina d not see any reason for reto any Committee.

It should be referred, under

It ought to be referred, and ae Council ought to have time as to the merits of the nom-

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id the gentleman had not been ity for five years. are taken and resulted as fol-

McAuley, Ballard, Rosenberg, n. Gilbert, Stewart, Sommer, Tarnow, Beilder, Van Osdel, ga, Throop, McCrea, Rawleigh, r. Ryan, Baumgarten, Niesen, 27. engacher, Murphy, Sweeney-4. ated to know why Ald. Culler-

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the confirmation of Mr. Hotz
d Murphy. Present, but not

e confirmation of Mr. Mahla awler, Ryan, Murphy, Sweee confirmation of Mr. Jacobs awier, Ryan, and Murphy.
were therefore confirmed.
OF PUBLIC WORKS.
Committee reported an ordipublished, providing for the pard of Public Works.
oved to concur in the report ance.
not agree with the rest of the ee, and moved to recommit

d. Rawleigh this motion was

don was ordered on Ald. The motion was lost, inas-a two-thirds vote, the ordi-dice. The following was the

cAnley, Ballard, Rosenberg, wart, Kerber, Tarnow, Beid-th, Briggs, 4throop, McCres, Baumgarten, Waido, Linsenoved a reconsideration of

nestioned the right of the or a reconsideration. He an had not voted with the t the gentleman had voted because he had voted with the vote. ferred to the rules to back

rder passed by your hon876. I herewith submit a
ns (as they appear upon
the County Court) who
estate city taxes of 1873,
the objectors to the city
since the filing of their
tly occurred in previous
"as originally filed July
thmitted,
ARWELL, Comptroller.
comprises some forty
mes. The objectors to
red 221; to those of
and to the levy of
as laid over and pub-

ted from the City At-f the office of Fish In-for publication. ted from the Board of

FOREIGN.

Public Works for the opening of Artesian avenue to West Lake street. On motion of Ald. Cleveland, it was passed.

An ordinance was reported from the same body for the extension of Seymour street to West Lake street. On motion of Ald. Cleveland, the ordinance was passed.

On motion, it was decided that when the Council adjourn it do so to meet Friday evening.

OIL INSTEAD OF GAS. Account of the Turkish Attack on Alexinatz Last Council adjourn it do so to meet riday evening.

OIL INSTEAD OF GAS.

The report of the Gas Committee, recommending the adoption of Aid. Rawleigh's resolution that the existing contracts with the gas companies be abrogated unless they reduce their price to \$1.50 per thousand, and that oil be substituted, was then taken up.

Aid. Rawleigh moved to concur in the re-Friday.

A Desperate Artillery Battle Lasting Over Eleven Hours.

The London Times Man Leaves the Servians in Full Retreat;

While Other Correspondents Say the Insurgents Still Hold the City.

Several Outlying Villages Destroyed by the Bombardment.

England Demands of Turkey the Granting of a Month's Armistice.

Threatening to Abandon Her to Russia in the Event of Refusal.

THE WAR. PRIDAY'S BATTLE BEFORE ALEXINATZ. LONDON, Sept. 4.—A special to the Times from Belgrade indicates the crushing defeat and thorough disorganization of Tchernayeff's

their price to \$1.50 per thousand, and that oil be substituted, was then taken up.

Ald. Rawleigh moved to concur in the report.

Ald. Throop said that Mr. Garrison, of the West Side Gas-Works, would furnish the city gas at \$2 per thousand.

Ald. McCres was in favor of abrogating the contracts and then making new ones. He was also in favor of allowing the North Side Gas Company, 50 cents a thousand more than the West Side Company, because they had so much onlying territory which had to be lighted.

Ald. Cullerton was in favor of giving the gas companies a chance to reduce, and maked for a division of the question between abrogating the contracts and instructing the Comptroller to advertise for bids to light the lamps with oil. Some objection was made, and Ald. Cullerton withdrew his request for a division.

Ald White saked leave to offer an amendment thing the price to private consumers, as well as in the city, at \$1.50 a thousand.

There was some objection to the amendment, and it was withdrawn.

The Committee's report was then concurred a by—yeas, 28; nays, 4. The nays were Cullerhon, Beidler, Wheeler, Murphy.

The consumers' Gas Company, heretofore published in these columns, was then reached.

Ald. Cullerton offered, as an amendment, that the Company be required to manufacture \$,000,000, instead of 3,000,000, feet every thirty days. He thoughit this necessary, if gas was to be furnished all over the city.

Ald Gilbert said it was not known that one Company would be expected to supply the whole city, and moved to lay Ald. Cullerton's motion on the table. Carried.

The ordinance was then passed by the following rote: Yeas, 29; nays, 2. Those voting in the negative were Murphy and Sweeney.

Ald Cullerton moved to reconsider the vote, and, as a measure of economy to the city, offered the following aemndment to sec. 10:

It at any time the City or Chicago, as a corporation, shall become a consumer of gas furnished by all comporation or whenever more than one-half the bailding lots fronting on any street, avenue, Taking advantage of the good will toward the English, inspired by the arrival of an ambulance corps, with a cash fund of £10,000, the correspondent of the Times got to the front in com-pany with a number of officers of the Geneva Cross, and was an eye-witness of most of the battle near Alexinatz on Friday. The battle commenced just as the party reached Alexinatz. The following are additional details of the engagements: The battle was sustained uninterruptedly for eleven hours and a half, and was waged on ground which the Servians had made the strongest in all this country. It was a decisive encounter, long-looked forward to, and was wanting in no feature that could im-

HORRIBLE GRANDEUR to the struggle, on the one side for supremacy, and on the other for existence. The first shot was fired under our eyes just as we had passed Rubovista, a small village of a house or two, about 2 miles this side of Alexinatz. 'It came from a battery which the Turks had got into position on the heights about Kruse, which is outhwest of Alexinatz, and it was followed by others at intervals of half a minute or so from the guns of the same battery, and a battery the guns of the same battery, and a battery placed about half a mile further north. The Turks immediately appeared, beginning their movement to turn Tchernayeff's right and cut off the communication of Alexinatz with Deligrad. Hazardous as the design was it succeeded for some hours. The battle is entirely between artillery. The valley through which it is ween artillery. The valley through which it is necessary that the Turks should pass to gain their object is guarded by two strong Servian batteries, against which the Turks directed the fire of three of their best batteries. The fight continued three hours, with no advantage to either side. The Turks then

Ald. White thought the amendment would

kill any gas company.

The motion to reconsider was then put and

ARCHER AVENUE.

ARCHER AVENUE.

Ald. Gilbert asked permission to introduce a proposition from James Turner to lay a gasmain on Archer avenue. The proposition was published in these columns some weeks ago. It is, in substance, that Turner wishes to put down mains and furnish gas at \$1.50 on Archer avenue.

Ald. Cullerton objected to the reception of

Ald. Callett moved to suspend the rules to miroduce the proposition, and it was so ordered. The matter was then read, and Ald. Throop moved that it lie on the table. Lost.

Ald. Sommer moved to refer to the Committee on Gas, with instructions to prepare an ordinance. Carried.

nance. Carried.
A communication was received from Aiken & saries making some further offers concerning the streets with oil. Referred to the minitee on Gas.

mittee on Gas, motion of Ald. Sommer, adjourned.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE RIVALS" AT THE MUSEUM.

The new season at the Museum opened Saturday with a performance of "The Rivals," which is announced for representation every night this week. During the very brief vacation the auditorium has been cleaned and freshly painted. New

gilding has been cleaned and freshly painted. New gilding has been done, a fresh act-drop has been provided, and the walls have been calcimined. So far as surroundings are concerned, the Museum is now as agreeable a place of resort as a reasonable person could expect to find. The performance, on the other hand, is far from satisfactory. "The Rivals" was never so travestied in this city before. With perfect good-will and absolute regard for the truth, it may be said that not one character in the scast was accurately rendered—not

REINFORCED THEIR ARTILLERY with three more batteries, and advanced, the fire becoming tremendous. The Servines make a fine struggle and bring up another battery, but in spite of all their efforts the Turks steadily advance. In the meantime the Turkish infantry are busy. From Alexinatz the Servian infantry and cavalry hurry out to meet their advance, and the storm of the battle begins in

advance, and the storm of the battle begins in earnest. We hear the first fusiliade at twenty minutes before 12 o'clock. The Turkish infantry dare not show at the end of the little defiles yet, for the Servians' guns are too close, but they are not far off, and if that gallant battery which is doing such good service on the hill between two defiles can only be silenced, the battle will be at once developed. The Servian infantry are in the valley north of the little independent hill which commands entrance to the defiles, and at intervals of a quarter of an hour SHARY VOLLEYS FROM THE RIFLES are heard amid the thunder of some dozen batteries. At half-past 1 o'clock we see dense masses of smoke and sheets of fiame rise from the valley right before us, and close to the northern defile. The confiagration is tremendous and brilliant. Sunshine is completely overcome by the lurid fiames that rise high into the heavens, and are now only fringed by dense masses of smoke. The more northern of the two villages, named Shestua, is on firs. The Servian troops make a precipitate retreat from it; but as yet a good defense is kept up. The Turks advance under cover of their batteries. now skirmishing, now with a rush. The Servians, though they are falling back, have not yet lost all heart. Their infantry resist, but with such trepidation that the number of maligners is becoming greater. The battalions are evidently thinning.

It is now past 2 o'clock, and for a while the Servian artillery seems to be making ground. That battery, which has been doing such good service on the little hill, has advanced beyond it, and is boldly pouring forth its fire further into the enemy's position, but this is deceptive. The Turks do not care about it. The rattle of their rifles is heard, and more and more to the north. At each volley the return volleys

ARE BECOMING FERELEZ.

The artillery fire on both sides has become

be made immediately.

TCHERNAYHFF'S ARMT.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Gen. Tchernayeff has arrived at Deligrad with most of his army.

ANOTHER STORY.

BRIGHADE, Sept. 4.—Official dispatches say that the entire Turkish army attacked the Servianright wing on Friday. The battle lasted until 9 o'clock at night. The Servians maintained their position, but, the Turks being three times more numerous, the Servians finally retires and within their fortified place at Alexinata.

Deligrad, Sunday eve.—It is officially announced that the rumor that the Turks have

ARMY. MOVEMENTS.

BADSAVITLA, Sept. 4.—Maukhtar Pasha has segun operations at Hjuska.

Montenegro troops are abandoning their posi-

Judge Rogers' Charge to That Honorable Body.

Constantinopus, Sept. 4.—The Ambassadors of the Powers made proposals for peace to the Ports to-day.

London, Sept. 5.—5 a. m.—A Standard special from Belgrade says there is still unimpeded communication with Alexinatz, which is occupied by a strong Servian force. Another great battle is expected. The Stone-Contract Frauds---Sam Ashton in Court.

by a strong Servian force. Another great battle is expected.

ENGLAND'S DEMAND.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 5-5 a. m.—The British Ambassador has presented a demand for the conclusion of an armistice to be followed by negotiations for neace. The term of the armistice demanded is one month. England's declaration that if Turkey's refusal should lead to armed foreign intervention the Porte must not reckon on the British Government, caused surprise and disappointment. No secret was made that Russia was the power likely to interfere.

The new Sultan will publish no hatto of acceptance. He says chough hattos have been published. Deeds are wanted, not words.

Guards at the dwellings of members of the Imperial family have been withdrawn. It is asserted that slavery is to be abolished. and watch the organization.

The first thing done was the making up of

from San Francisco, was run into off Holyhead by the Spanish steamer Vivian this morning; and both vessels sank. Only one life was lost. The total loss will aggregate \$1,000,000.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LIVERPOOL, Eng., Sept. 4.—The ship Sonora

SPAIN.

ARMED RAILWAY GUARDS.

MADRID, Sept. 4.—The railway companies have been notified that an armed guard will be furnished to passenger trains whenever applied

GERMANY BERLIN, Sept. 4.—Specie in the Imperial Bank of Germany increased 2,261,000 marks the

CRIME.

UNJUSTIFIABLE.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Sept. 4.—The inquest on the body of young Lytle (previously reported Lyddle), who was shot and killed at Carr Park

last night by Officer Woodlock, closed this evening, and the jury rendered a verdict that, while there was some provocation, there was no justification for the shooting by the officer, and a warrant was issued for the arrant of Woodlock on the charge of

by the officer, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of Woodlock on the charge of manslaughter, and he was admitted to bail in the sum of \$1,000. The evidence at the inquest showed that Lytle was a young rough of a bad type; that he had insuited several ladies, and grossly exposed his person before being put out of the park by the park-keeper; that he had been guilty of some indecent acts on previous occasions, and that he was throwing atones into the park, one of which knocked the park-keeper's hat off, and another struck Woodlock on the head, at the time he was shot.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 4.—A white school-teacher named Harris, a native of Sumner County, was

assessinated at Anderson Station Statuday hight. A reported misunderstanding in the district as to the selection of a teacher is supposed to be the origin of the murder.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 4.—John White, of Bloomington, was arrested to-day, charged with the murder of a man in Randolph County, W. Va., last March. His name is said to be Eliza.

DIED OF HIS WOUNDS.

THE VERMONT TRAGEDY.

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

past week.

places were flied by schange by standers." Ine following-named men compose the body: William P. Dickinson, foreman; C. B. Sammons, Adam Baer, James Reed, William M. Jones, Aaron Swoeger, M. M. Gernhart, William A. Armstrong, D. H. Considine Dennis O'Sullivan, Henry Baker, Bernard McDonald, Michael Moran, Daniel McKillup, Daniel Mooth, Michael Gross, George Oertel, Charles Brinkmayer, James Myers, T. C. Clark, B. F. McCarthy, John Scully, A. C. Gleason, and J. R. Gaskins.

THE CHARGE.

After they had been sworn, the Court said: Gentless and responsibilities as I could duting a forward of your duties and responsibilities as I could duting a forward of your duties and responsibilities as I could duting the country of the same of the forward of the first mind that oath, you will consider all cases that are presented to you. There is a calendar made of anch persons as have been charged with orime up to this time, which will be laid before you by the District-Attorney, or under his directions, and you will have his assistance and counsel at any and all times, as well as that of the Court, if anything comes up on which you wish help. It is your duty, gentlemen, to fully investigate all crimes of whatever character that may be presented to you by any person; or, if from information of your own, you know of any crime, it is your duty to submit it to your fellow-jarors. There are sometimes cases presented to Grand Juries that have no business to be. Men from malice, or malevoleme, or ill-will, sometimes desire to prosecute others upon trivial charges—occasionally upon charges of pretty great magnitude, belinging the charges, and that they are the result of private malice, such of course, you will reject, unless you find there is really something in the charges, and that they are the result of private malice, or malevoleme, or ill-will, sometimes desire to prosecute others upon the summard of the presented to you, with full care a really committed, it is your duty to investigate the charge a reliable necessary (and it rum

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 4.—Morris Newman, ment, so that he may be tried by a jury of his peers.

Labope you will not spread out your duties for a month. It is hardly necessary (and it runs the county into an expense of \$50 or more a day), unless business absolutely requires your attention. When you find you have no business, it is your duty to the county and to the people to adjourn.

The Grand Jury then retired to the petit jury room, their own room not being ready for them. The petit venire was then called, and nearly all of those who had been drawn to serve answered to their names. Half a dozen were excused on account of sickness, and upon claiming exemption on account of service within a year, etc. DEEDT LINE, Vt., Sept. 4-3 o'clock p. m.— Mrs. Hayden is dying, and Mr. Brigham is comfortable.

porters and the Government Involved in a Sweet Controvery.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Applications have rein charging them the Court among things said: by several large sugar-importers of San Fran-cisco asking if involces of sugar received from the Hawaiian Islands since Aug. 15, the date of

SULLIVAN.

He Was Yesterday Indicted by the Grand Jury.

The September term of the Criminal Court opened yesterday morning, Judge Rogers being on the bench. As usual on such occasions, the room was full of men who had been summoned as grand and petit jurors, and of others who, having nothing else to do, strayed in to look on and watch the organization.

THE GRAND JURY.

Several of the panel were absent, and their places were filled by seizing "bystanders." The following-named men compose the body: William P. Dickinson, foreman; C. B. Sammons, Adam Baer, James Reed, William M. Jones,

Washington, Sept. 4.—Applications have recently been made to the Treasury Department by several large sugar-importers of San Francisco asking if involegs of sagar received from the Hawailan fishands since Aug. 15, the date of the passage by Congress of the bill to regulate the Hawailan Reciprocity Treaty. will be admitted free of duty. It seems that a number of cargoes have already arrived, having been ordered in the expectation that Congress would act on the matter carlier, and that at least the regulations would have been promulgated by the Siste Department before this; but the importers were met with ademind for the usual customs duties. An attorucy here presented the questions, but was told that the importers were met with ademind for the usual customs duties. An attorucy here presented the questions, but was told that the importers might pay the duties under protest, if they so desired, thus reserving any right they may be found to have, but payment is obligatory. Acting Secretary of the Treasury Conart stated that, as the law states specifically that on an after the promulgation by the Fresident of the acceptance by the Hawailan Government of the Court of the control of the Court of the control o

not to fight in the State of Ohio. The bail is ready, and the arrest will not interfere in the fight, which will come off Thursday morning at a point within about 60 miles of Cheinnati. Goss will be arrested to-morrow, but his bail is ready, and he will not be long in durance. The Police Commissioners of the city held a meeting to-day, but were advised by Prosecuting Attorney Baker that nothing beyond demanding bonds could be done. The town is full of "sports," and every train brings in more. Telegrams were received at the Gibson House to-night engaging rooms for 300 of the best citizens of St. Louis. Three hundred and fifty Tennessecans will arrive to-morrow, and the Chicago "sports" are expected Wednesday. There will be a fight. Every preparation has been perfected. Goss is coming up as a favorite, but his backers like odds.

To the Western Associated Press.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—The Coroner held an inquest to-day in the case of Walker who died from injuries received in the recent prize fight. Weeden, Collyer, and Fiddler Neary were held as principals. All the others are arrested as accessories.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—A delegration of about

principals. All the others are arrested as accessories.

Special Dispatch to The Pribuna.

Sr. Louis, Sept. 4.—A delegation of about fifty roughs left this city to night for Cincinnati to attend the prize fight between Alien and Goss. At least double that number had previously left with the same object in view. Allen's friends have gone in great force, and are well provided with money to put up on their favorite. Private advices received here from Cincinnati to-night indicate that extraordinary preparations are being made by interested officials to prevent the fight, and it is the opinion of many posted parties that Allen and Goss will be arrested before they can get into the ring.

SPORTING.

THE OAR. INTERNATIONAL ROWING RACES ON THE SCHUYLKILL.
PHILADELPRIA, Pa., Sept. 4-A greater

crowd than usual was at the Schuylkül to-day to witness the races.

The first trial heat for professional four-oared shells was between the Thames Boat-Club crew and the New York crew. They started even, but, after a few strokes, Thames led by one-fourth of a length. As the boats passed Peters' Island, the New Yorkers pulled rapidly, and led by half a length. The Thames crew now lost somewhat by bad steering, but reaching the mile point did better, and pulled direct for the flag-boat, turning sooner than the New York crew, which turned rather wide. Thames gained on the re-turn, and at the bend in the river was four or five lengths ahead. New York spurted, but failed to catch the Thames, who passed the winning point in 18 minutes 21% seconds. The time of the New York crew was 18:37.

ning point in 18 minutes 21% seconds. The time of the New York crew was 18:37.

THE SECOND TRIAL HEAT

of four-oared shells was between the Paris crew of St. Johns, N. B., and Halifax crew, of Nova Scotia. The race was quite close, until bad steering on the part of the Paris crew gave the Halifax crew a lead of several lengths, and assured them the race. Time—Halifax, 17:58; Paris eight lengths behind.

THE SINGLE-SCULL TRIAL

between T. Hanlon, of Toronto, H. Coulter, of Pittsburg, and H. Thomas, of London, lost its interest at Peters' Island. Thomas here fell out of the race, and at the same point on the return Coulter ran into the weeds. Hanlon got over the course, notwithstanding occasional stops to find it, in 21 minutes 34 seconds. Coulter one minute later.

SECOND SINGLE SCULL TRIAL.

S. Green, of London, and A. Brayley, of St. John, N. B., started in the second single scull trial, Shith, of Halifax, having withdrawn. The London representative pulled a hundred yards or so and dropped out of the race. Brayley then rowed leisurely over the course in 22 minutes 13% seconds.

THE THIRD SINGLE SCULL TRIAL

was won by Ellis Ward, of Cornwall, N. Y., Robert Peel, of Philadelphia, and W. Spencer, of London, bad second and third. Time, 22:20%.

of London, bad second and third. Time, 22:2014.

THE FCURTH SINGLE SCULL TRIAL HEAT was between Pat Luther, of Pittsburg, John Higgins, of London, and Evan Morris, of Pittsburg. They passed the island close together, Luther a little ahead. Higgins here spurted, and, overlapping Luther, the latter's oar fouled Higgins. Higgins stopped and claimed foul and then pulled on. All rounded the same buoy, Luther first, Higgins second, and Morris third. On the return Luther led pretty much all the way, and passed the line in 21:35, Higgins 21:59, and Morris 22:35.

The umpire sustained the claim of foul, and Luther and Higgins will row again to-morrow. The FIFTH TRIAL.

was won by Fred Plaisted, of New York, John McKiel, of New York, being ruled out on claim of foul.

The race between whale-boats afforded a good

McKlel, of New York, being ruled out on claim of foul.

The race between whale-boats afforded a good deal or amusement.

W. B. Cartia, of the Northwestern crew, is umpire during these races.

WILL VISIT WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 4.—Preparations are now being made for the reception of the Cambridge and Dublin University boat clubs, to visit the District, and will arrive here to-morrow. They will be accompanied from Philadelphis by a committee, and received here by committees of all the clubs. The visitors are cight in number, four from each University. One of the days of their stay will be devoted to avisit to Mount Vernon. On Thursday afternoon the Dublin four and the Cambridge will row a match on the Potomac, and there will be river illumination and a grand ball.

AT SELMA, ALA.

SELNA, Ala., Sept. 4.—Berg's planing-mill and variety works, and frame buildings adjoining, burned to-night. Loss, \$30,000; no insur-day.

AT HOBOKEN, N. J.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Busch's Hotel, at Hoboken, was burned early this morning. The loss is \$30,000; insured for \$22,000.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.

DANVILLE, Ill., Sept. 4.—The miners at the Elisworth Coal Company's shafts, who have been on a strike several days, went to work to-day at the old rate.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Sept. 4.—The fourth amusal Convention of the Illinois State Associa-

BILLIARDS.

SLOSSON AND BESTON MATCHED. The arrival of Sexton from California and the presence in the city of Blosson have given rise to hopes of some billiard exhibitions, which are fortunately not to be disappointed. Mr. E. Brunswick has calved for competition to the players named a purse of \$250, which will be contested for at his rooms on Washington street to-morrow and Etherschy evening; 500 points will be player on the player reaching 1,000 time, counting both evenings, will be counted winner.

The Chicago Cricket Club will play a match with the Grand Rapids Club at the base-ball grounds on Twenty-third street, Friday next, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. Both clubs possess some one cricketers, and a close game may be expected. Ladies are admitted to the grounds free. Next week the Milwaukeeans come here to meet their fate.

BASE-BALL, NEW HAVEN, CINCINNATIS.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 4.—Base-ball: New Havens, 6; Cincinnati, 2.

PRILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—A large number of gentlemen from Western and Northwestern

W. W. O'Brien, of Sullivan's counsel, was in Court.

Mr. Reed asked when it would be convenient to arraign the accused. He wished it done early—within two or three days.

Mr. O'Brien said, if the indictment was good, he presumed there would be no question about his arraignment soon. He, however, had not consulted his associates about it.

Mr. Reed suggested Wednesday morning.

The Court asked Mr. O'Brien if he wanted more time.

Mr. O'Brien replied that he didn't think he would.

Whereupon the Court notified him to come in Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

The Grand Jury adjourned until this morning, immediately after presenting the indictment above alluded to. They have a great deal of work before them, as over 800 cases of greater or lesser importance will be submitted to them for investigation. Among others is the stone contract fraud. This, however, will not come up for a week or ten days, as the parties who have it in charge are now collecting evidence which will make the case much stronger than it is at present.

PRILADERFILIA, Sept. 4.—A large number of gentlemen from Western and Northwestern States and Territories, with representatives of the Government Coast and Geological Surveys and a few distinguished scientists from abroad, assembled to-day in the Ohio State building at the Centennial grounds in response to a call of the Ohio Archæological Association for the purpose of forming an International Archælogical Association. G. R. Brinkerhoff, of Ohio, called the meeting to order, and Prof. E. T. Cox, of Indiana, was closen temporary Chairman. Dr. Holderman, of Philadelphia, made a felicitous address of welcome, and complimented the Ohio Association upon the interesting and valuable character of its collection at the Centennial Exposition. An instructive discussion followed upon recent discoveries of pre-historic relics. Permanent organization was effected, with the following Board of officers: President, Col. Co. Jones, New York; Vice-Presidents, Prof. E. T. Cox, Indiana, and F. W Putnam; Secretary and

A MISSOURI WHISKY CASE.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 4.—In the United States District Court at Jefferson City to-day, the case of Charles B. Wilkinson, ex-United States Revenue Collector at St. Joseph, Mo., was disposed of by agreement between counsel that if Wilkinson would plead guilty to the count in the indictment charging him with embezzlement, and pay the Government the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withdrawn, and the District-Attorney would recommend the minimum punishment. Under this arrangement Wilkinson will pay the Government about \$3,000, all the costs in the case, and receive sentence of six months; imprisonment. The latter is expected to be remitted. for this term contains seventy-two cases, days for the trial of which have been set It is not known definitely when the cases of County-Commissioners Holden, Ashton, Russell, Crawford, and Jones, and of Sweetser and Kimberly, will come up, but Mr. Reed says he expects to "give them a whirl" before long. Those who secured a change of venue to Kane County will not be tried until October.

THE PRIZE-FIGHT.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.

CINCINNATI, Sopt. 4.—Tom Allen had a benefit to-night and turned up in splendid form in a rattling bout with Tom Kelly, of St. Louis. The "fancy" turned out in force, and there were 3,000 people present. Allen appears to be the victim of hard work, with considerable to do before Wednesday. He was arrested to-day and locked up, but finally discharged on his own recognizance, with the understanding that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney would remember the amount alleged to have been embezzled, that the other two counts, charging him with approving fraudulent vouchers, would be withflawn, and the District-Attorney wo

THE FLAMES.

Canada Still the Chosen Haunt of the Fire-Fiend.

The Town of Seaforth, Ont., Visited by a Destructive Conflagration.

Efforts of the Citizens of Montreal to Relieve the St. Hyacinthe Sufferers.

ST. HYACINTHE.

Special Disputes to The Trisune.

MONTRIAL, Sept. 4.—Three children were drowned in the river at St. Hyacinthe, whilst their parents were engaged in other parts of the city trying to prevent the flames spreading to their property, and an aged woman, after leaving her dwelling, which was on fire, returned again, it is supposed for some hidden treasure, and was burned to death. In the consternation of the inhabitants feeding from the flames with horses and vehicles, a number of persons were knocked down and run over. A man had a leg broken, and several others were more or less injured. The relief train from Montreal arrived early this morning with bread from the Montreal bakeries. The inhabitants are loud in their praise of the Montreal people, and particularly of the firemen. ST. HYACINTHE. habitants are loud in their praise of the Montreal people, and particularly of the firemen. The train which conveyed an engine and firemen to the scene of the disaster made the run from Point St. Charles to St. Hyacinthe, a distance of 35 miles, in thirty-two minutes. Fire-engines were also sent from Quebec and Point Levi. The scene is one that can better be imagined than described. There are 700 or 300 families houseless, and their goods and effects either burned or thrown on the banks of the river, () and some into it, in order to evade the ravages of the fire. When the train arrived with bread this morning, the food was eagerly snatched at by a wet and hungry crowd of sufferers. More provisions and bedding were sent forward from this city to-night.

to-night.

To the Western Associated Press.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., Sopt. 4.—The heavier insurance losses, as far as can be ascertained, are: Stadacona, \$65,000; Queen, \$9,900; Royal Canadian, \$38,500; National, \$17,000; Citizens', \$33,000.
The total loss by the Scaforth fire is \$75,000.
Insurance, \$20,000.

ANOTHER.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuns.

SEAFORTH, Ont., Sept. 4.—Fire broke out about 2 o'clock this morning in a small grocery on Main street, kept by a Mrs. Griffith. It spread north and south among surrounding wooden buildings with fearful rapidity, crossing to the west side of the street, igniting a cornice on the Mansion Hotel and Thomas Coventry's store, consuming the entire blocks on both sides of the street, and extending along Goderich street on both sides for a distance of one block, and before the flames were subdued, one-third of the business-portion of the town was de-stroyed. The loss is heavy.

Prittsburg, Pa., Sept. 4.—A fire, which oc-curred at Mansfield, Allegheny County, Pa., at 1 o'clock this morning, destroyed affecen houses on Main street. Among them are the American Hotel, Burgand's Bank, J. Waldier's butchershop, Heil's saddlery-shop, A. A. Adams' drug-store, and A. M. Meis' dry goods store. The loss is variously estimated at from \$50,000 to \$75,000. The insurance is not known.

The alarm from Box 552 at 12:05 yesterday af-ternoon was caused by a fire in the two-story frame house, No. 185 West Ohio street, owned by Jacob Jacobsen, and occupied as a dwelling by Mrs. L. Hansen and John Ringgold. Dam-

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

MINNEPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 4.—The feed-mill owned by W. Anher, of this city, burned to-day. Loss, \$8,000; insurance, \$700. AT KEOKUK, IA.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.
KEOKUK, In., Sept. 4.—A fire at 8 o'clock this evening entirely destroyed Henderson's pump and loom factory. Loss, \$5,000; no insurance. AT SELMA, ALA.

The same out any size Jonnes, wife of a New York, and the Country, while the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country, while the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country, while the Country of the Country of the Country of the Country, while the Country of the Country

and with a slightly swollen appearance about her tail. She stood and swelled. The curve in her back grew and grow. Her tail buiged until it was enormous. Her eyes blazed hotter and hotter. Her moun opened whier, and out of it came a succession of noises that were simply frighten. How that cat bould keep anything inside of her and spit in that way was a marvel. Of course, Jot had not been an unmindful spectator of the scene. She had been interviewed bufore in this style, and knew what was coming. Her halr ridged up on her back, her tail stiffened straight as an iron rod, and her lips tightened over her white teeth. Any cat that was at all sensible would have let auch a dog alone. But this feline had no caution at all. And when she left the doorway and began to stride across the floor toward Jol, I knew if things kept on much longer the "peace of Europe would be disturbed." I was just lifting myself from my chair, or getting my legs out from under the table so I could lift myself from the chair, when hat cat went into the air like a flash, and exploded in a series of the most unearthly natices over Jet's back. Of course, no decent dog would stand any such conduct as that, and Jot didn't. Now, you understand, tais was a anddenly improvised affair. I had ne programme to go by, and didn's understand at all where the different paris came in; and besides, the actors did not seem to require any special prompting, and evidently needed all the room to themselves. So feeling that I wasn't needed, and might actually be in ther way if I remained, I retired out through the window to the piazza, where I could contemplate the development of action from a back seat, as it were. Of one thing I am certain. I have never, in city or country, seen a more intense performance. It was the very climar of high tragedy. The actors were up to their pay it is and still more than a secund, for let came against her in a way that sent her spinning. This was too much. If dropped on the piazza, rolled off upon the ground, dug my lingers into the

RAILROADS.

C., B. & Q.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Sept. 4.—The old road-bed between Ottumwa and Sigourney of the Cedar Rapids & St. Louis Railroad has been purchased by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, and the work of completing the road between Ottumwa and Iowa City will be commenced immediately. At the latter place the line will connect with the Clinton & Southwestern, also owned by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, thus giving that Company another line from Chicago via Mendots to Council Bluffs. This new line will probably be used for freight especially, and is 20 miles shorter than the one via Burlington. The Mississippi will be crossed by a pontoon-bridge at Clinton.

MISSOURI RIVER POOL The Committee appointed by the meeting of the managers of the railroads leading to Missouri River points to complete the arrangements for the pooling of the earnings by these lines is still holding daily sessions. It is making good progress and will complete its task in time to report at the meeting to be held at the Southern Hotel at St. Louis on the 12th of this month.

and variety works, and frame buildings adjoining, burned to-night. Loss. \$30,000; no insurance.

AT HOBOKEN, N. J.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—Busch's Hotel, at Hoboken, was burned early this morning. The loss is \$30,000; insured for \$22,000.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

ST. Paul, Minn., Sept. 4.—The wife of Henry Benter, of the Town of Wilcox, Winona County, suicided Sunday by hanging herself in a barn during the absence of the meband in the harvest field. No cause is assigned.

The same day Mrs. Johnson, wife of a Norwegian, of St. Charles, Winona County, while temporarily insune, fatally cut her throat with a razor.

BRIDAL FLOWERS. Bridal Wreaths, and Valle and Trimmines der Dresses a specialty at MME. PONGELET'S in direct from Paris, in Flowers Yeathers, and and for Flowers. the Valuation's between

Rivals " was never so travestied in this city before. With perfect good-will and absolute regard for the truth, it may be said that not one character in the *cast was accurately rendered—not more than three were represented otherwise than in a painful manner. Sheridan's wit is nothing without celerity of movement; his characterization is exaggerated if it be not exhibited by fluent actors; his aituations are obscure when awkwardly arranged; his dialogue is meaningless in the months of the unintelligent. When we say that "The Rivals" as produced at the Museum is a dull play we have pronounced a comprehensive verdict upon the new company. The new leading man, Mr. W. N. Griffith, personated Capt. Absolute. Having some physical qualifications for the part, and being apparently a quick-witted person, he did not offend by manifesting gross ignorance nor wound by trampling under foot the idea of the part; nor did he please by showing a keen susceptibility to fine comedy requirements. Capt. Absolute, as impersonated by him, was a round-shouldered, blundering, awkward boy, deficient in manifiness and in intellectual retainment. His fun was that of the limbs rather than that of the eye and the countenance. Sit Anthony Absolute was thin in limbs and in voice, ill at ease when not speaking, and most lugubrious in his wrath. Harely has there been seen an angry parent more provocative of mirth, and rarely one less calculated to strike terror to the heart of audacious youth. Faulkland was morose enough and morbid enough, having apparently arrived at the very just conclusion that he had mistaken his vocation. It was easy to understand and sympathize with his wonder at having secured the love of a woman, for certainty no woman could love him on the stage. The Bob Acres of Mr. Rogers and the Sir Lucius of Trigger of Mr. Gaston can be spoken of with respect, if not with enthesiasm. Miss Douglass as Mrs. Malaprop had the fill-taste to outshine the young ladies in appearance, and did not compensate for her mistake by bringing out i The Turks do not care about it. The rattle of their rifles is heard, and more and more to the north. At each volley the return volleys ARE RECOMING PERRIER.

The artillery fire on both sides has become languid, when all at once there is another great fire. The village of Great Adrawaz is now in fiames. This village is close to Sitkowaz. Dustna still burns, and the clear air is full of the vast fiames and dense masses of smoke and thunder of cannon and incessant volleys of rifles.

Shells have been falling into Sitkowaz for some hours, but it is not yet on fire. Precilewitz, close by, is burning. A perfect panic has set in among the Servians as they witness the steady advance of the enemy, and whole buttalions begin to fly. A Russian Colonel, in command of two battalions, calls on them to advance, though he himself is wounded, but out of two battalions he can get only twenty men to respond to his call. The rest fly. Still some regiments and the whole artillery do their duty. The CARNAGE IS TERRIBLE.

on both sides, and the main street of Alexinatz is crowded with wounded and mangled. The wounded are coming in on stretchers.

The stampede from Alexinatz soon took place, and for 10 miles on the road to Deligrad there was almost a compact moving mass of carriages, wagons, exen, horses, and pedestrians, all going at full gailop, running into one another every other instant. When the high road became too crammed resort was had to the fields, and through these oven dragged their wagons, or, as was the case in many instances, only wooden yokes, the wagons having been left behind lest they might impede the more valuable beasts in their flight.

BEIGRADE, Sept. 4.—The Minister of Warhasevatz. The Turkish army operating on the left bank of the Warava has not moved since Saturday. It does not venture to advance fearing, probably, to be taken at a disadvantage, between Deligrad and the Servian fortified positions of Kaonik and Dyunis on the left bank of the Morava, which bar the road between Krusevatz and Paratkin. It is ab majority, and the question point a good one.

to reconsider, and stated the majority. Although e, it had the majority of Ald. Cullerton's position e matter of the abolition for consideration. In examination of Cushwas of the opinion that he revious position, and that was in order.

The public Works, by the was abolished, and there is place. There were other ight to be investigated. The reconsideration must next meeting. Hence it stipone indefinitely. It was not certificated the reconsideration must next meeting. Hence it stipone indefinitely. Irew his motion, and the alled on the reconsiderating result: Yeas, 23; Washington, D. C., Sept. 5—1 a m.—For the Upper Lake region, continued northerly winds, rising barometer, and cold and partly cloudy weather, followed by easterly winds, clouds, and rain. | Car to the circus. Between 3,000 and 4,000 persons were gathered under the canvas. This result was to recommit the whole y Committee, with in-the next regular meetwere gathered under the canvas. This result was acceedingly gratifying to the managers, but not surprising. They had not resolved on making a second visit to the city this season without an accurate prevision of what the result would be. At the same time, it is worth noticing that the refurn of a circus, after so short an absence, is a very unusual thing, and the asperiment has been watched with interest by all concerned in the business. Any other show than Howe's would have met a different reception on the second visit, but the excellence of its entertainment was so well established in June that the success of the season in September was assured beforehand. There will be performances this afternoon and evening, after which the people of Chicago may say good-by to circus-shows until next teason. Maximum thermometer. 69; Minimum. 62.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.
CHICAGO. Sept. 4-Midnight.

Stations. Bar. Thr. Wind. Bain Weather s an amendment that the scial order for 4 o'clock andment was accepted, McGrea passed. BTRRS. Inication was received EDWIN BOOTH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—Edwin Booth opened in "Hamlet," to a packed house, in the California Pheatre, to-night, and received an enthusiastic reteption.

WEST POINT.

Special Dispatch to The Tribune.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 4.—The Hon. A. E.
Stevenson appointed W. E. Guthrie, of Bloomington, aged 19, to a West Point cadetship.
Guthrie was at the head of a class of twenty-nine who competed for the appointment. He is a native of Abingdon, Ill.

Wheat, Corn, and Rye Tending Upward-Barley Dull.

The Afternoon Cail Resumed.

FINANCIAL.

The general business of the city is moving along quietly, and ju fair volume for the season. The fine weather for the past few days has given the resatt dealers quite a benefit. The ladies especially are out in large force, and merchants are handling "fait style." quite lifely. The wholesale dealers are also reasonably active. Stocks are full, and no one need go beyond Chicago to fine whatever goods faste or necessity may require. Merchants generally canlifest a cheerful and satisfied air with the general course of trade. True, customers buy rather closely, but then what they do purchase is promelly paid for. Senerally it may be said that collections are good. Not only is thus true of current transactions, but the people are making steady progress towards the payment of their past liabilities. Liquidation and settlement have been going on for the past three, years, and, with the rigid economy practiced by almost everybody, it is believed by our abrewdest observers that a solid basis has at last been reached, and that a safe and steady increase of business activity may be confidently anticipated.

While general business is fairly active, if does not make itself felt to any considerable extent at the banks, for the reason that each merchant deposits with his own bank and buys exchange of it, and hence transactions do not largely appear in the figures of the Clearing-House. The week opens dull at the banks—that is, they have comparatively very little call for discounts. Country correspondents require the largest accommodations, but city dealers do not seem to need much, if any, money beyond their ordinary receipts. As heretofore, ithe discount rate to customers is 80. To per cent at the mercantile banks, while the packers' banks will still loan at 4 oer cent and apwards on call, or short time with approved collaterals.

Street rates are nominal at 8@18 per cent.

Street rates are nominal at 8@18 per cent.

New York exchange is abundant at 50 cents per
11,000 discount. The market is weak at the
Igure, and some of the banks would not purchase
thove 75 cents, but no transactions were reported

OASHTER HISCYRD.

Mr. George Van Zandt, who for several years past has held the position of Teller in the Corn Exchange National Bank of this city, has been elected Cashier of the Prairie State Loan and Trust Company in place of C. B. Meyer, resigned.

The following table shows the annual decrease of the public debt at the close of the fiscal year June

\$ 59,406,779,43 102,643,590,84 94, 327,764,84 101, 544,491,28 43,667,630,45 4,730,472,41 14,399,514,74 29,249,381,32

ON COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES.

New York Bulletia gives the following in relation to the commerce of the United for the first seven mouths of the year. The advocates of the "balance of trade" could scarcely fail to be well pleased with

rts still continue to exhibit a very large me, the view of the month's receipts of a heing \$31.501, 502, compared with \$41,-the corresponding month of 1675. The ex-ever, coutinue to show a slight improve-ing month of domestic products for July he-at \$42,220,180 its shaded currency, against

Total \$240, 196, 283 \$329, 521, 601 Fig. 30, 60 compared with the same period of last cur, or at the surprising rate of 20 per cent. Com-acid with helike months of 1973, the reduction is 144,000,000, or at the same at 36 per cent. The export trade, specie included, and the values be-ng uniformly reduced to gold value by the Bureau, is gonessed in the following summary:

gream merchanation 2, 092,631 7.89 a. cm specie. 2, 77,701 62,77,801 7.781 cm specie. 2, 77,781 7.781

*Aud Interest.

Lecal STOCKS,

City Italiway, South Side. 145
City Italiway, West Side. 9er et et is. 106
City Italiway, West Side. 9er et et is. 106
City Italiway, North Side. 124
Traders' Insurance Company. 70
Chamber of Commerce. 70
Exposition stock (STIp). 25

Hale & Norcross...... 1214

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day, 28, 1000.

Consols, money and account, 95 11-16.

American Securities—65s, 105%; '67s, 100%; 10-40s, 107%; new 5s, 107%; New York Central, 98; Erie, 94; preferred, 17.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS.

Sight exchange on New York, % premium.

Sterling exchange, bankers' bills, 538.

REAL ESTATE.

The following instruments were filed for a

North Clark st, near a cor of Burton place, w. f. 125x140 ft, dated Aug. 28.
Welmutet, w. of Yagar st, ef, 24x18774 ft, dated Aug. 21.
Prairie av. s of Thirty-Efth st, w. f. 26x125 ft, dated Aug. 31. Prairie av. s of Thirty-arth st, w f, 28x125 ft, dated Ang. 11

Prilimore st, 143 s-10 ft e of Campbell av., n f, 25x128 ft, dated July 22.

Milwankee av. 15 3-10 ft, se of Nobic st, s w f, 25x125 ft, dated July 22.

Sedgwick st, 38 ft n of Menomonee st, e f, 23x 123 ft, with building, dated Aug. 20.

Sedgwick st, 38 ft n of Menomonee st, e f, 23x 123 ft, with building, dated Aug. 20.

Sedgwick st, 32 ft n of Centre st, w f, 35x109 ft, dated Sept. 2.

Webash av. 1949 ft n of Thirty-seventh st. e f, 23kx1645 ft, dated Sept. 2.

Coventry st, 300 ft s of Bloomingdale road, e f, 23x187 ft, dated Aug. 5.

Emerald st, 145 ft n of Thirty-arst st, Lot 6, dated Aug. 21.

South at 130 ft n of Thirty-arst st, Lot 6, x100 ft, dated Aug. 21.

South of city Limits, wrighth a Rabius of Seven Milles of the Court-House.

Baxter st, 150 ft n of Belmont st, w f, 25x123 ft, dated Aug. 15.

South of city Limits, wrighth a Rabius of Seven Milles of rife Court-House.

Madison av. 216 ft n of Fifty-eighth st, e f, 36 x100 ft, dated July 27.

Madison av. 216 ft n of Fifty-eighth st, e f, 36 x1026 ft, dated Sept. 4.

COMMERCIAL.

COMMERCIAL.

The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in this city during the forty-eight hours ending at 7 o'clock on

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Receipts.		Shipments.	
Account to	1876.	1875.	1876.	1875.
Flour, bris	7,063	7,012	6, 965	4,744
Wheat, bu	65, 324	83, 195	21.054	194, 623
Corn, bu	845, 038 98, 854 7, 123	150,711	441, 339	202,544
Oats, bu	98, 854	50,170	61,052	220,098
Bye. ba	7, 123	8,857	17,590	10,794
Barley, bu	11,340	25,020	7,815	13,952
Grass seed, hs.	618,094	364,076	709, 600	223, 655
Plagseed, bs	496, 529	327. 836	215.400	223,000
B. corn, 38	14,000	126,000	20,000	20,000
C meata ba	152, 200	44,500	1,720,827	861, 127
C. meata, bs Beef, bris			5	3
Pork, bris	210		1,588	4,596
Lard, Bs	19,000		305, 810	522,020
Tallow, Bs	48,045	13,753		19,800
Butter, Da	297, 140	57, 871	376, 884	150, 330
Live Hogs, No.	6, 159	2,711	2,983	3,309
Cattle, No	1,093	1.377	2,433	2, 182
Sheep, No	240	AR!		*********
Sheep, No	174,622	153, 999	245, 810	211, 207
Highwines, bris	250	59	263	267
Wool, Bs	176, 304	63,700	100, 225	104, 190
Potatoes, bu	525	113	820	
Coal, tons	8,650		739	
Hay, tons	75	*******	31	
Lumber, m	7.831	8, 133	2,752	3,971
Shingles, m	4,730	850	405	212
Salt, bets	137	4,800	5,825	2,051
Poultry, Da	**** *****	1.878		**** *****
Poultry, coops.	33	160	********	
Game, pkgs	S C F 34	85		******
Eggs, pkgs	582	1,238	478	359
Cheese, bxs	1,613	1,547	100	
G. apples, bris.	1, 269	2, 291	35	156

Withdrawn from store on Saturday for city contion: 2, 135 bn wheat, 5, 574 bu corn, 625 bu

Withdrawn from store on Saturday for city consumption: 2, 135 bn wheat, 5,574 bu corn, 625 ba cats, 1, 121 bu rye.

The following grain was inspected into store in this city on Monday morning: 1 car rejected winter wheat, 7 cars No. 2 N. W. wheat, 4 cars no. 1 spring, 59 cars No. 2 de, 23 cars No. 3 do, 14 cars rejected do, 1 car no grade (118 wheat); 63 cars and 34,700 bu high-mixed corn, 240 cars and 44,000 bu No. 2 do, 101 cars and 8,800 bu rejected do, 4 cars no grade (408 corn): 7 cars white cats, 12 cars No. 2 do, 74 cars and 1,500 bu rejected do, 8 cars no grade (80 cats); 2 cars No. 1 rye, 20 cars No. 2 do, 4 cars rejected do; 4 cars no grade (30 rye); 2 cars No. 1 barley, 9 cars No. 2 do, 17 cars No. 3 do, 11 cars rejected do. Total (691 cars), 377,000 bu. Inspected out: 22,050 bu wheat, 400,573 bu corn, 23,275 bu cats, 11,181 bu rye, 2,356 bn barley. Of the above receipte of wheat, 30 cars are old.

The following table shows the distribution of the breadstuffs shipped from this city during last week:

Shipped.	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oqts.
y raft	30,277	42,878	438,550	194, 347
o Buffalo	1,725		781,846	
o Erie	600	wixy	19,300	
o Huron	3,696			
o other U. S. ports.	1,965		110,648 47,832	
o Kingston	*******	*******	57,648	-
Totals		112,085 31,198	1,444,822	4, 10

Also shipped 17,907 burye and 6,715 bu barley by rail; 16,000 burye by lake to Buffalo; and 24,524

Also shipped 17, 507 bu rye and 6, 715 bu barley by rail; 16,060 bu rye by lake to Buffalo; and 24,524 bu barley by lake to Cawego.

The G. W. Adams took on 50,000 bu corn in 2 hours 35 minutes last Saturday afternoon from Central Elevator B, and sailed for Buffalo the same evening. It took no less than eight spouts to do it. That is quick work, and has probably never been equaled.

The leading produce matkets were firmer yesterday and fairly active, while several of the minor ones were quiet, and some lower. Provisions, wheat, and corn were stronger, wheat especially being excited but nervous, with some fears of a corner for this month. It was whispered around three weeks ago that wheat would probably be cornered in September, but nobody believed it, because, said they, nobody intends to run a corner that is announced so long beforehand. There was not much doing for shipment yesterday except in corn; and, with that as an exception, receipts are on the increase, though those of wheat continue actually small. The weather was all that could be desired, only that it was cool enough to raise some fears of a frost hard enough to injure the growing corn.

The leading features of the dry-goods market

prices, and eggs were stronger.

Lake freights were more active and easier, at 2c for corn to Buffalo. Rail freights were quiet, without change in quotations, agenta asking 20c to New York, 18c to Philadelphia. 17kc to Baltimore, and 20c to Boston, per 100 ms, and being willing to take considerably less. Through rates by take and raif were quoted at 9c for corn and 9kc for wheat to New York, and 10c on cars to New England points. Freight engagements were reported

land points. Freight engagements were reported for 400, 000 ba corn and 34,000 bu rye. EXPORTS PROM THE SEABOARD.

GRAIN IN SIGHT.

ORAIN IN SIGHT.

The New York Produce Exchange Weekly gives the following as the visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, in transit by rail or the New York Chuais, and on the lakes, Aug. 26, 1876:

In store at | Wheat, Corn. | Oats. | Barley, 53,904 8,700

The Public says: "Since the break of the coal combination the returns of coal-tonnage attract much interest. For the last week reported, the tonnage of the Reading was much the largest; the Lehigh and Central New-Jersey following, with nearly equal amounts. The companies which have moved more coal this year than last year to the same date, with the excess for each, are the Lehigh, 846, 578 tons; the Central, 464, 561 tons; the Reading, 428, 567 tons; the United Railroads of New Jersey, 295, 358 tons; the Chearled, 205, 106 tons; the Philadelphia & New York, 70, 899 tons; and the Schuylkill Navigation Company, 34, 005 tons. On the other hand, the decrease of tonnage has been 1, 239, 197 by the Lackawanna, 926, 388 by the Delaware & Hudsen, 266, 457 by the Pennsylvania Coal, 197, 959 by the Shamokin, and 69, 089 by the Huntington & Broad Top. These returns show the gross inequality of losses and gains which caused the powerful combination to collapse. With a decrease of 1, 015, 490 tons in the amount of anthracite mined this year, compared with the product of last year to date, while the decrease in bituminous was only 67, 590 tons, the combination was compelled to invite consumers by lower prices, lest the costly mines should become comparatively valueless.

bination will preve a good thing for those companies which are really strong. POREIGN IMPORTATIONS porrigin importations
seceived at Chicago Custom-House, Sept. 4: Wilson Brothers, 11 cases dry goods; Andersen, Olsende Co., 1 case dry goods; Keith Brothers, 6
cases dry goods; North Chicago Rolling-Mills,
120, 1408 tons spiegel iron; C. F. Pietsch, 7 cases,
books; Moseback & Humphrey, 25 drums caustic
sods; Field, Leiter & Co., 12 cases dry goods;
Frank Sturges & Co., 107 boxes tin plate.
Amount of duties collected, \$18, 101, 30.

lest the costly mines should become comparatively valueless. In the end, the everthrow of the com-



Lard -200 to at \$8, 50 for the year.

Lard -200 to at \$8, 50 for the year.

Mess pork was quick. Sales were reported of \$00 bris at \$15.00 &15.20 for October. September was quoted at \$15.075.

Lard was quick at \$9.80 &5.25 September, and \$8.074.

Better the year of \$60.00 for \$60.00 fo

Mess pork was stronger at 4 o'clock, with sale of 250 bris at \$15.625 for October.

Lard was steady at \$8.675 for the year, and at \$9.70-tor October, with sales of 250 tes seller the year at

GENERAL MARKETS.

ALCOHOL—Was lower in consequence of a decline of it in highwines. Quotable at \$2.56.

BatOOM-CORN—Small orders are being filled at quotations. Eastern parties were reported to be tooking through the market. The new crop in Kanass is, about ready to ship and some of it has already been forwarded. The prescence of hew corn makes some dealers anxious to sell from their pile of old, and lower prices than those annexed would probably be accepted: Choice green hurl, \$250: medium hurl, red tipped, \$460: green green brush, with hurl enough to work is, \$460: green green and insides, \$460:6c; red tipped do, \$460: green covers and insides, \$460:6c; red tipped do, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; medium to choice stalk braid, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; medium to choice stalk braid, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; medium to choice stalk braid, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; medium to choice stalk braid, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; red tipped do, \$460: inide brush, \$460:36; red tipped do, \$460: inide brush, \$460 GENERAL MARKETS. as for a number of days previous. Business continues good, and at the extreme low prices now ruling there does not appear to be any anxiety to increase sales. We quote: Stark A. 23c: Peerless AA. 23c: Lewiston, 211/5c: Montaup, 23c: Ontario. 22/5c: American A. 101/5c: Amoskeag, 101/5c; Otter Creek, 20c: burisp bags, 4 and 5 bu, 140-15c; gunnies. single, 131/5/614/5c: 40, double, 23a-24c.

Sb., 146815c; gunnies, single, 15949149c; do, double, 259294c.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Were in moderate request at unchanged prices. The quotations for common brick, 54.2964.75 per m; pressed, \$12.00 cit6.00 per m; time in buik, 650 per bri; do in bris, 56; Louiville coment, \$1.85; Utica, \$1.75; Buffalo and Akron cement, \$1.50; Portland cement, \$5.006.6.50, Michigan and New York stucco, \$2.2562.50; plastering hair, 5-bu bales, \$1.75; 2.00.

CHEESE—A fair amount of cheese was distributed yesterday, and a steady market was witnessed at 7346 up for good to best factory. Inferior grades sold down as low as 3c.

as low as 3c.

COAL—The market remains in statu quo't Consum-ers are still holding off for the decline, which all are convinced must come, and, beyond supplying actual current necessities, there is nothing doine. The mar-ket is weak and unsettled, and it is understood that the

medium 456 et 2004 do Boasse; ane 556 et first vanishe (more to before the second first vanishe (more the second first vanishe (mo

LIVE STOCK.

at 77c for rejected suring; one for No. 3 Chicago, so-called; 97200c for unarisded spring; \$1.00 for poor No. 2 Chicago; \$1.001 it for poor to fair No. 1 Minnesota; \$1.22 for amber Michigan. Rye firm, sales of 2.200 bu old Western at 60c its store; 3.000 bu Northwestern at 75c to arrive. Barloy quiet and unchanged. Corn withput accided change; sales of 50.000 bu at 5552554c for ungraded steamer mixed; 556,550 let for ungraded steamer mixed; 556,550 let for kanass mixed; 55c for common white Western. Oats firmer; negotiations for 30,000 bu prime Chicago for export were progressing, but without definite result; held at 45c, with rumored belts at 430-4c; sales 35,000 bu at 33544c for mixed and 57647c for white Western and State; 11364c for old mixed Westers; and 286-43c for new white Western.

Ocean Fraghts—Steamy, engagements, is Liverpool by steam, 10,000 bu grain, late on Saturday, at 36d per 60 ss.

Provisions—Pork firmer, but transactions light; sales 250 bris new mess on apot at 316.485 at 16.00 lets. At 3 lets of 16.00 also, such the femaliner by the year \$15.25 bid and \$15.40 asked. Middles casier and moderately active; sales of 400 boxes city long clear at 94c. Lard firmer, with a moderate business in cash tots. While for fisting delivery little was done; sales of 5 tos for December at \$10.00 lets. while for fisting delivery little was done; sales of 5 tos for December at \$10.00 lets. Sales 1.00 lets. Sal

Cheese Supple C.
Whishy-Steedy; \$1.13.

ST. Louis, Sept. 4.—Cotton—Nominally unchanged.
Flour—Dull and unchanged.
Flour—Wheat—Lower grades have advanced; No. 2 red fail, \$1.134 cash; \$1.124 bid September; No. 3 do; 1015 bid cash; \$1.0261,003; September. Corn firmer; 604(640%)c cash; \$10 casked September. One firmer; 604(640%)c cash; \$10 cash; \$20 cash; \$10 cash; \$20 cash; \$10 cash; \$20 cash; \$10 cas

bu.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA.

POILADELPHIA.

Sept. 4.—Petroleum—Refined, 34146

Sec crede, 18c.

Pour—Dull; axira, 28.87%24.50; Minnepota family,
aid, 35.50; freah, 85.37%; State, Ohio, and Indiana. do,
85.8046830; high grades, 36.75.87, 75.

Grada—Wheat quiet; red, new \$1.15; amber, \$1.16

301.20; white, 31.25. Corn dull; yellow, 55@55e; mixed,
508-35c; said, 54c; steamer, 508-55c. Oats good demand;
new, white, 34@42c; old, do, 46@48c. Barley and
mait uncleanged.

male unchanged.

Massy Western, \$1.13.

Moselpis Whest, 25.000 bu; corn, 45,200 bu.

Shipo-male Corn, 45,800 bu;

Suiter Active; New York State and Bradford County
extrus. 2792SC; Brats, 20c; Western extra, ISG-20c;
firets, 18617c.

Cheese Quict; Western fine, 768c.

Supe-Audive; Western, 2021c.

ger, Beuton Harbor, sundries; prop Trader, South Haven, sundries; prop G. P. Heath, Saugatack, sundries; prop I. H. Ketcham, Buffalo, coal; prop Clematis, Pashtigo, towing; sehr Guiding Slar, Saginaw, salt; schr Levi Grant, Muskegon, lum.

CHICAGO.—Freights were active at 2c for corn to Buffalo. Charters: To Buffalo—Prop Nebrasia, balance carge ryc through; props Montana, Russia, Java, N. K. Fairbank, Allegheny, Helvetta, and Porter, corn, chiefly at 2c. To Kingston—Schr Florisia, corn at 54c. To Port Colborne—Bark Favorite, corn at 24c. Capacity, 380, 000 bu corn and 34,000 bu ryc. In the aftermoon the schr Gifford for 31,000 bu corn to Buffalo at 2c.

BUFFALO, Sept. 2.—Capt. George W. Bone reports the only charter, schr Zack Chandler, coal, Eric to Chicago, 46c per ton free.

DETROIT, Sept. 2.—The schr Elvina londs wheat for Cawage at 14c per but; C. K. Dixon reports the schr Shandon, wheat to Kingston, at 4c per bu. C. W. Norton reports the schr Amaranth, wheat, Detroit to Buffalo, at 1 Nc; schr Morning Light, wheat, Detroit to Buffalo, at 1 Nc; schr Dolphin, pine lumber, Alpens to Cleveland, \$1,25 per m on rail; soow Chara, atons, Marblehead to Courtright, \$2,50 per ton. FREIGHTS.

LAKE SUPERIOR NEWS.

The prop.J. L. Hard, of Leopoid & Austrian's Lake Superior Line, arrived here Sunday evening from Like Superior Line, arrived here Sunday evening from Like Superior ports. The log of the Hard contains but few items of interest beyond the fact that the vessel had an exceedingly fine trip, and the passengers on board a very enjoyable time. At several points the gentlemanity and accomplished clerk of the boat took the passengers into the hills to pick berries. The Hurd found the following vessels at Marquette Aug. 30: Schrs Haisted, Two Fannies, C. J. Magill, Three Brothers, Empire State, and steam barges Wilson, Wetssore, and Chamberlein. The Hard has gone into drydock for repairs, and leaves again for Lake Superior ports Wednesday evening.

VOTE OF TRANKS.—The passengers on the sime Joseph L. Hurd, on the trip from Marquette to Milwankee and Chicago, Aug. 30 to Sept. 3, inclusive, tender to Capt. Lloyd and the other officers of this boat their thanks for the care bestowed on them during the trip, and for the courtesies and gentlemanly conduct of the officers and crew.

MISCELLAN DESPTINGS.—The Buffale Company have reduced shows from \$4 to \$3 per thousan

FINANCIA

sale. There were sixty-fiv-ing in the purchase of the by Jones & Laughlin, of I Rees, of Milwaukee, who bid up to \$70,000. The big Jones & Laughlin, was Chi-firm of Brown & Van Arnse Company of Chicago, who, ding for Fish Brothers, of It is the general opinion been well sold, while here a thinks there was a great as PHILADELFHIA, Pa., Sepi debtedness here of Rand

HOLIDAY HE Special Dispatch to Hilliard has issued orders lowing changes and promo of the State militia, and th on these cruers are used. Hill, First-Lieutenant Go Regiment, vice Barkley, re-erboff, Second-Lieutenant Fifth Regiment, vice McN B. Magill, Captain of the l nt, vice Rassmu

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. the Committee of Expendity Department relative to the and Abandoned Propert made in the interest of S The attempt has been u tire amount of cotton disperson, and the claims filed agent has publicly said \$ \$100,000 for such a erament afficers have quet because experience with such information it rascally agents to manufa would enable them suces their bogus claims. The B Committee has, however, o cottou-lopby sharks, and Treasury by Congressional now published, much of the lobby ista have for years Treasury to secure.

'Gen. Bristow has renew house here.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Se catter festival was begun this morning, and part' sciences, and agriculture grounds commenced by grounds commenced by the twenty-five guns, with a Fe a grand festive processic continue for several day there will be interesting. The fourth annual Conty Association of Fire-Englorder this morning in the Regiment of the National of gentlemen attending braces Assistant Engineers, delegates from the Ni Underwriters, inventors, a improved fire-apparatus, gates, and inventors, and bitled to vote.

CORRECT
To the Editor of
OFFICE SHERWOOD SCH
MORRIS, III., Sept. 1.—You
dispatch in regard to the dispatch in regard to the wood Factory, conveys a jurious impression, which have the conriesy to come of the merchants in town the idea that, our Compan to them. 'Ve wish to stath the merchants of Morris; that our men have always on pay-day in full, and in have made strangements tory temporarily, and will ness and fill their orders factured stock being save the Directors last evening voted to proceed at once new brick fire-proof factors factors of factors of the proceed at once new brick fire-proof factors.

MOULTON VS
NEW YOUR, Sept. 4.7
Francis D. Moulton as
Ward Beecher for \$50,000
prosecution was up tocourts, on the motion
counsel for the defend enue, as it is thou Yende, as it is thought it cure a jury in some of York or Kings County. ted a number of affiday and others to that effect plaintiff, objected, and case, as he thought the tion in regard to it. Ju to consider Gen. Pryor Mr. Shearman's motion weeks.

THE METI RICHMOND, Va., Sept. this city and Manchester embled yesterday, una solutions socially applied to Commission

MERE TALK.

A Day Spent on the Stone Busi-

Mr. Woodbridge Unable to Get In

He States the Case on Behalf of the Politioners.

Responses by County-Attorney Rountree and Judge Otis.

The adoption of plans and conferences with the city, and the agreements entered into, were also set forth.

Mr. Woodbridge obtained leave to file an affidavit to prove that the contract between Fanning and McNeil was still in existence. The counsel wished to have the Clerk of the Grand Jury examined to swear to what Mr. Egan had testified to in regard to Periolat.

The Court was not disposed to aflow this.

Mr. Woodbridge asid he expected to prove that Egan went before the Grand Jury and swore that he was approached by Periolat with a proposition that he should be employed to obtain the position of architect; that Egan actually paid Periolat a sum of money; and that the service was rendered.

The Court still thought this could not be admitted. If Periolat was around trying to corrupt people, the County Commissioners were not to blame unless they had something to do with it. They could not be taade responsible by Periolat talking about it.

Mr. Woodbridge—But the Commissioners have been indicted on this very charge.

The Court—Yes, but they are not convicted. If they were convicted, it would be a different thing. I don't think it necessary to show what Egan testified to in regard to Periolat. He must be connected with this matter.

Afr. Woodbridge—I assuine that he is connected. There is a great deal of testimony to connect him. It is shown that Periolat stated in presence of members of the County Board that it took money to get the contract, and the Commissioners did not dispute the statement. I think that connects him with the bill.

The Court—Well, I do not think it proper to bring in testimony to show what Egan swore to before the Grand Jury. I cannot give you leave to do that.

Mr. Woodbridge—Then I wish at this stage to call attention to the

section that subsequently levelus approached his office. After the succession of the state of th

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

549 & 551 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

The Three Brides.

The Five Senses of Man.

By JUNIUS REPRETEIN, Professor of Physiology in University of Halle. Wite ht wood cuts. Pri 81.75.

Waverley.

A NEW VOLUME OF HISTORY PRIMERS. History of Europe.

By EDWAND A. FREEMAN. Price, 50 cents.
"A close and compact history of Europe, a clear and readable sayle."

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS. ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCI

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMERS

New York and Glasgow:
ANCHORIA. Sept. 28, 5 a m | ETHIOPIA. Sept. 23, 5 a m
CALIFORNIA. 16, 2 p m | VICTORIA. Sept. 20, 2 p m
AUSTR'LIA. Sept. 32 p m | ELVSIA. Sept. 23, 10 a m
New York to Glasgow. Liverpool, London,
or Londonderry.

STATE LINE.

ESS. WHITE ROSE BROWN WINDSOR SOAP

EAU DE COLOGNE FIVE PRIZE MEDALS. J. & E. ATKINSON, 24, Qid Bond Street, London.

RETURN OF THE PAYORITE! THE GREAT SHOV

CHICAGO FOR TWO DAYS ONLY Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 4 and 5, ON LAKE FRONT. HENRY BARRUM, Managor.



HOWES REAT LONDON CIRCUS MENAG ERIE, MARDI GRAS, &c.

> M'LLE DOCKRILL The Australian Horseman, MR. JAMES MELVILLE. The Graceful and Accompile PRANK MELVILLE.
> The Gymnast Wonder,
> M'LLE JUTAU,

" " COMING."

The grandest exhibition painting in the work "The Battle Above the Clouds,

HOOLEY'S NEW CHICAGO THEATRE "THE MINSTREL PALACE." Monday, Sepi. 4, and every-evening at 84. Wednesday and Saturday Matteness as 24 p. m.
GRAND TRIUMPH OF HOOLEYS MINSTREES.
Hossay crewided nightly with eitte of city. Every act. etc., discored. FIVE NEW STARS and an antirely new programme this week. CARBOLL, and MACCAETHY. B. T. TYRREIL. FRANK and LEW COLLINS. cognaged and will shortly appear. FRANK MORAN and BHERIDAN and MACK. See programmes.

ADELPHI THEATRE. IMMENSE SUCCESS!

EVERY ACT ENCORED SECOND WEEK OF THE NEW COMPANY.

1st appearance of the Queen of Song, Midle. Elf
LA. Last week of D. L. MOHHIS in his side

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

Bvery Evening and Saturday Matines THE SPY

Chas. Barry as Gen. Washington. WAVERLY'S THEATRE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

Great Success of the New Company.

Tucsday Matines—AMBROISE GWINETT, or The
Seaside Mystery. Evening—THE RIVALS.

Anction Sale of the Wreck of the Propeller Merchant.

On SATURDAY, the 5th day of SEPTEMBER, as 10 o'clock a.m., as the endics of G. E. Starkwesther, corner of Second and Chatham-sta., Racine, Wis. the wreck of the Propeller Merchant will be sold at suction as it now lays off Escine. The purchaser will receive title from the date the Underwiters finally left the vessel after taking off sech mayable fixtures as the tur Relief curried is Chicago, and say claim the swaners of the wreck may have acking any claim the swaners of the wreck may have acking any party who has removed any portion of the wreck will so to the purchaser.

Terms—Custier cash, balance in 20, 60, and 30 days, saud anyoning, with fedorard paper estatisatory to the

and strictly constantable. The control of the contr

UNION COLLEGE OF LAW

HOS. CHARLES FI

LADIES' SCHOOL Music.

Dr. Henry Poster will have charge of the Health

H. B. BRYANT'S CHICAGO BUSINESS COLLEG And English Training School,
BTATE-FT. S. E. COR. WASHINGTON.
Largest institution of the kind in the United States.
Thorough is struction. Excellent discipline. Committee

niversity of Notre Dame NOTRE DAME, IND.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE

HIGHER EDUCATION FOR LADIES. PITTSBURG FEMALE COLLEGI

T. Send to REV. I. C. PERSHING, D. D., Pitt. MT. ST. MARY'S COLLEGE,

PARIS KID GLOVE STO

SCALES
OF ALL RIBBS.
PARREAMES. STORES 2 00.
111 6 118 1 aire St., Chicago.
Be carefully play andy the Genuthe.

THE CITY.

GENERAL NEWS.

or yesterday deferred the inquest upon an, the victim of Albert C. Smith an

their mouths effectually stopped. This is the last lay of the entertainment.

FIE EXPOSITION.

An army of mechanics and Jaborers, hage piles unfinished booths and kiosks, penderous pieces of team-pumps, engines, and other machinery, we have a summary of mechanics and kiosks, penderous pieces of team-pumps, engines, and other machinery, we have a summary of the machinery of team-pumps, engines, and other machinery of team-pumps, engines, and other machinery of team-pumps, engines, and other unachinery, segmiles of expense, the chaos which came assing restorday sternoon at the Exposition Building, from far and agreement of the harmone. Men secontade a lacters, men in the basement, men sean under the observatory—in fact, men everywhere throughout he spacious structure were plying the implements of the world depended on their making time. Seasons structure were piying the implements of the world depended on their making time. Seasons structure was a point aged on the acceptance of the world depended on their making time. Seasons structure and machine the seasons of the sanctum and machine the seasons of the sanctum and the structure of the world depended on their making time. Seasons of the sanctum and machine the seasons of the sanctum and are the seasons of the point and the can calculate to the minute when a point as driven home. Already two or three of the boot and shoe houses have gotten their machinery in corking order, and yealerday afternoon a troop of nuphing girls made the wellein ring, as they care-saly piled their needles and thread in sewing up amining footwear. In the Art Gellery all was season. The Hanging Committee were putting the mishing touches to their labors of the past two reeks, and cetting ready for the private reception of the contributors this evening. The Exposition all positively be opened to the public to-morrow rening at 6 o'clock.

A VALUABLE MAN LOST.

ceke, and getting ready for the private reception the contributors this ovening. The Exposition ill positively be opened to the public to-morrow rening at 6 o'clock.

Mr. Henry R. Ward, the foreman of the North ide Water-Works, died while at his post of duty saterday morning at 2:30, of heart disease. Mr. and was a carpenter by trade, and was hired by f. Oregies in 1855 as a carpenter at the works, a served a year or so at that business, and during that time exhibited ability which would qualify im for a higher position, and he was made foreman of the works, and remained so until his rudian. death yesterday morning. Mr. Ward had harge of putting in and holsting up the last two nations, and and and an and holsting up the last two nations, and an adventood them thoroughly. He ad charge of the taking apart and putting together of the engines at the time of repairs, and always has willing, helping hand in starting those pongrous machines.

Bunday night at 1 a. m. the large engines were disped to be packed. Mr. Ward and his men were have to take things apart, etc. He assisted Mr. trank Trantman to pack one of the valve stems, and assured perfectly well and happy and talked recity. After the packing process was similated, it. Ward have helped start the engine by working one of the starting-bars. One minute after the enter had been hooked or started he walked toward as office, and when about half-way there, and irectly in front of the night-watchman, dropped and at his feet. The man, believing he had fainter has a feet without attering a syllable. For an for water, but Mr. Ward gave only one witch and died without attering a syllable. For an forwater, but Mr. Ward gave only one witch and died without attering a syllable. For an forwater, but Mr. Ward gave only one witch and died without attering a syllable. For an forwater, but Mr. Ward gave only one witch and died without attering a syllable. For an forwater, but Mr. Ward gave only one witch and died without attering a syllable. For an forwater, who was a manuel was

OLD SETTLERS.

county, and missed the opportunity of shaking many an old Triend by the hand, because he had been colliged to spend the time in making a been colliged to spend the time in making a control of the colligent of t

COUNTY BOARD.

COUNTY BOARD.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The regular weekly meeting of the County Board was held yesterday aftenoon, all the members being present except Mr. Surdick.

The first order of lusiness was the reading of communications, with the County Treasurer's quarterly report was abmitted as follows:

GEFARSAL FUED.

Balance June 1, 1876.

Balance June 1, 1876.

Brocelved of Jacob Fross. Clerk of Circuit Court.

Received of J. J. Meely. Clerk of Rocelved of Jame Stewart, Received of Many Stewart, Received of Climinal Coef.

Received of Herram Lieb, Clerk of County Court.

Beceived by Lob from Corn Exchange Nations Bank.

Doyle, Clerk of Loyde, Clerk of County Court.

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4,818 The company fore paid in the company loan of the company temporary loan made for it. 1874 100,000 paid inferes on same 5,333 paid pernational Bank temporary loan made for it. 1874 100,000 paid pernational Bank temporary loan for the company loan for the company

Upon the vote being announced, Messrs. Leward Harms were declared elected as their own succesors for the term of three-years.

The Board then adjourned until Thursday.

THE PRESBYTERY.

REPARING FOR HIS COMING.

Water-rents yesterday were \$2,200.

The license receipts yesterday were about \$500.
Robert Law's bill for hard coal, supplied to the North Side pumping-works during the month of August, amounts to \$10,013.

The Board of Public Works will open bids today for the naving of intersections of State street from Jackson to Harmon court.

The popular loss was increased yesterday by a subscription of \$10,000 from patriotic parties who desire that their names be not published.

The Board of Public Works yesterday issued an estimate of \$500 to L. Souleria for work on the stand-pipe of the West Side pumping-works.

W. H. Harper yesterday obtained from the Superintendent of Buildings a permit to build an elevator-100x200 feet on the North Branch at Haines street. The present intent is that the building shall belong to the Chicago & Pacific Elevator Company, which has not yet been fully incorporated.

It has often been a cause of remark and astonishment that so many absolutely fifthy vagrants should be allowed to make fine City-Hall their headquarters and box-ding house during the day. There are faces seem, weeks and months in and out, at the municipal headquarters, and because the owner, even though he be a vagrant of the veriest type, happens to know somebody who used to work for the Board of Public Works, he is allowed to make himself a public nuisance and a disgrace.

Light was yesterday thrown upon the subject of saloon-license troubles and why so many persons think that they should not be obliged to pay their ducs. A woman rushed into the Comptroller's office and asked for time. She would take out a license in the end, but she wanted a little extension. When told that she would not be called upon to pay the \$52.

Ex-austic Boyden, the city's Police-Court lawyer, yesterday commenced operations against the counter of primaries and operations against transfer.

aded with goods or boxes, and the will peanut and apple-vender must not perch his stand upon the walk nor in the street, for the law forbids both. Persons must not let their wagons stand in the street, as many hakers and others are wont to do. There are many things which will be looked after, and all the city officials endowed with the power will use it at all times to keep the aidewalks and streets in good condition.

The Committee on Printing met yesterday afternoon in the City Cierk's room and opened bids for doing city work. The offers were as follows:

The Stadis-Zeisung does not make a bid, but claims the advertising under a special law giving the advertising that to German paper which has the largest circulation.

tion. Also bids \$2.25 per 1, 000 ems for first insertion and \$1.75 for subsequent insertions.

The Tansum bids 50 cents per square inch, nonparedi type, first insertion, and 37% cents for subsequent insertions.

The New Freis Fress bids 20 cents per square inch of 12 lines, nonparell type, containing 312 ems, each insertion.

The National Democrat bids 15 cents per square inch, first insertion, or 12% sents for each subsequent; or 75 cents per 1,000 ems.

The Chicago Courier bids 16 cents per square inch each insertion, or \$1.20 per 1,000 ems nonparell type sugh insertion.

The Committees agreed on no report, but will meet again Friday, when, with the aid of an experienced, practical printer, they will make up their minds as to which is the lowest bid, all things considered.

COUNTY BUILDING.

tion of affairs, it appears he has also painted, warpished, and freecoed everything he could reach, and the job elicits universal praise. The janitor, too, has put in some work on the chandeliers, and on the whole the change is so great that the criminal or attorney who has not seen the room for a mouth would scarcely know it.

CRIMINAL.

Jennie Williams, of Fourith avenue notorlety, was before Justice Wallace yesterday atteration on the charge of keeping a house of prostitution, but obtained a continuance till Wednesday.

Michael Girlofi plundered Wolf's building on Tweirth street, pear Blue Island avenue, of about \$50 worth of paints and oils, and, upon complaint of Kdward Girlesing, he will put in an appearance for the crime before Justice Scully to-day.

Matthew Callaghas, who shot his woman, Ann Clifford, last Friday nigh, was yesterday held with the control of the crime before Justice Scully to-day.

Matthew Callaghas, who shot his woman, Ann Clifford, last Friday nigh, was yesterday held fill the control of the crime before Justice Scully to-day.

Matthew Callaghas, who shot his woman, Ann Clifford, last Friday night, was yesterday the woman was in no immediate danger of death.

Michael Barren and Thomas O'Farrell held up Thomas Halpin, of No. 238 Dashiel street, while the latter was returning home Starday night, and plundered him of his coat and hat. Officer Kipley ran them down, and yesterday they were hold by Justice Summerfeld in \$600 bail to the Criminal Court.

A. Clzek, employed in the carpet department of Field, Leiter & Co., while returning to his home, No. 657 Aliport avenue, last Saturday night, was beset by three highwaymen at the crossing of the rallroad track and Centre avenue. He was badly beaten, and robbed of 338 in cash and some rallroad tickets.

George F. Stone, a flour and feed merchant in the City of Boston, arrived in town yesterday to capture a young man who, while employed by him as saleman, had abused his pocket-book to the rune of \$500. At noon he ran across the fellow in the vicinity of the Oriental Mills, on Madison street, and handed him over to Officer Peter Treulish, who locked him up in the Madison Street Station. J. F. Lawyer's fithe name given by the callpit, but it is undoubletely lictitious.

Choska Robaer, residue; at No. 237 Cottare Grove avenue, and ender the charge of heavy and the ferminance of th

THE COURTS.

Condition of the Chicago & Pacific Railroad.

A Land Suit Involving Charges of Fraud, Etc.

The Redfield, Bowen & Walworth Com pany Goes into Bankruptcy.

1,000.

James T. Young begin a suit for \$5,000 gainst Jeremish Ryan and John D. Young.

Ellen Buxton commenced an action in tresass against George S. Schuter, Henry Best,
ohn Sullivan, Frank Berry, and Frederick
lekaman, laying damages at \$10,000.

CHROCET COURT.

Levi Brown commenced a suit in trespass
gainst Robert Kirby to recover \$10,000 dam-Record of Judgments and New Suits--Divorces Wanted. ohn M. Whitman, the Receiver in the case of

JUDGE GARY-1, 25, 7 to 12, 14 to 17, and 19 to

John M. Whitman, the Receiver in the case of the Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company vs. The Chicago & Pacific Railroad Company and others, vesterday filed a report of his doings since his appointment as Receiver in May last. The Chicago & Pacific Railroad Company extends from this city to Byron, a distance of 88½ miles, and, with side-tracks, switches, etc., the line is 95 1-6 miles long. The road as far as Elgin—36 miles—is good, but from that place to Byron it has been necessary to put on a construction train and make considerable repairs. Some parts of the road in Elgin Township also will need repairing. The iron, ties, and fastenings are also in good condition. Steel crossings however, are needed immediately at the three crossings with the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad. A temporary grade-crossing is maintained at the crossing west of Elgin, which will probably have to be changed, as the matter is in controversy now in court.

The bridges also are reported as being generally in good condition. There is a balance of \$2,840 due for the bridge over the Killbuck River, and \$15,000 for that over the Rock River. The buildings, depots, etc., are likewise serviceable and well constructed. The Company is in great need of machine-shops, and for lack of them is obliged to have repairs made at other shops, causing extra expense. "THE TRIBUNE" AND "TIMES."

To the Enter of The Tribune.

Galerburg, Ill., Sept. 2.—In order to see the effect of the Times somersult from a pretended position of independence to that of the most debased and depraved of political sheets, you should witness the sale of that paper, from station to station, along the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, as compared with its sale before the St. Louis Convention. The change in that respect is just as marked as is the notable change in the miserable, low-caste, filthy sheet itself. Newsboys had got into the habit of handing out the Times even before the would-be purchaser had opened his mouth. Presto! Hase you The Tribune? Is now the question asked by three-fourths of the traveling newspaporial renders, and the profiered Times is replaced in the bundle under the arm of the astonished and much-puzzled newsboy. It seems to be the universal opinion of every one who has been in the habit of reading the Times that Tiden's bar'l of money has had its financial effect in that direction, in being the momentum that turned old Storey's paper into the most filthy of Confederate sheets.

Your paper is the favorite now, and is getting and gaining its just and rightful place in the minds of the best reading population of the West. The dirt-dealing of the Times is now boomeranging, and the dawn of an effect which it will much deplore is now plainly discernable. them is obliged to have repairs made at other shops, causing extra expense.

The rolling-stock consists of five loco motives built by the Rogers Locomotive and Machine Works; 4 passenger-coaches, 3 baggage and express-cars, 38 box cars, 4 construction cars, and 50 flat cars. Last October a chattel mortgage was given to Haskell & Baker, of the Michigam City Car-Works, who furnished all but twenty of the cars, to secure them for \$65,014.25, the mortgage covering all the cars they furnished and three locomotives, and falling due next month. Twenty box-cars are leased from Wells, French & Co., of Chicago, at the rate of \$20 box-cars are leased from Wells, French,
, of Chicago, at the rate of \$30
outh. The locomotives need re, but the remainder of the
stock is in good condition.
the Receiver took possession be found all
ling-stock except one mail-train in the
lon of Sheriff Agnew, but succeeded in
temporary arrangements for its release

THEY WANT "THE TRIBUNE." To the Editor of The Tribune.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Sept. 3.—Out of the city outliness in the central and southern part lilinois, along the line of the Illinois Central saliroad, we are often desirous to get a Chica aper, always inquiring first of the train new gent for The Tribune. Please inform us wit is that for the last two weeks nine times on the sevent is out of Tribuness and holds on the sevent is out of Tribuness and holds on

of C. H. Pargo & Co., Chicago, and many o CANADIAN NEWS.

Queneo, Sept. 4.—Last night, the Hon. James Canchon, President of the Council, caused the arrest of his son-in-law, Mr. Gauvran, for drunkenness and creating a disturbance. When searched at the police station, a new life-preserver, consisting of a bar of wood with a sliding ring and a wrist band, loaded heavily at both ends, was found on his person. His wife is staying with her father, who would not allow him to see her.

Mr. P. O'Leary, well known in connection with the Workingmen's Union of Great Britain and Ireland, is in the city, and lectures for St. Patrick's Literary Institute Thursday evening.

Special Dispatch to The Tribuna.

MONTREAL, Sept. 4.—Mr. Krupp, ison of the great Prussian artillery founder, and Mr. Lonsdale, partner of the latter, are in the city and leave for the West to-day.

THE WINDSOR.

As you enter New York you will be 'importune to visit certain hotels. Take the solvice of one who knows from trial, and order the coach to the Windsor Hotel, Pifth avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh streets. You will be well repaid by the comforts and inxuries you will enjoy. Whether in the elegant reading-rooms, the parioys, billiard-rooms, or at the table, you will find nothing wanting to make your trip a pleasure. It does one good, after a tedious journey, to light upon such a hotel.

otel.

WHY HAS SOZODONT

ecome the staple dentrifice of America? Simply
ecame if is impossible to use it, even for a week,
ithout parceiving its hygienic effect upon the
ecth, the gums, and the breath.

the latter deceived Mrs. Norton, representing to her that the money had been paid by complainant.

Nichols now alleges that the sale was fraudulent, having been procured on false representations; that the title to it was not clear when it was deeded to him, so that he is not bound to pay for it; that Mrs. Norton really holds it in trust for him, Chandler being simply her agent, and not able to buy it himself; and he therefore asks that the foreclosure may be set aside and he be allowed to redeem on paying the amount due under the mortgage leas the amount accessary to make his title good.

DIVORCES.

William Bringman fileda bill yesterday against his wife Mary, charging that she had forgotten her vows of fidelity, and asking for a divorce.

ITEMS.

Judge Blodgett was in court yesterday, and will not be in again until next Monday.

In the case of H. H. Shufeldt & Co. vs. John and William Renne, Judge Moore yesterday appointed D. S. Gooding Receiver under a boud for \$500.

Friday will be the last day of service and for filing trial notices in the Circuit Court for the September term.

James M. Wilcox et al. commenced a suit for \$60,000 against Henry Over, Thomas T. Ellis, and Edward F. Thomas.

The Metropolitan National Bank of New York sued L. J. Vansands and H. S. Riddle for \$1,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Com-The Metropolitan National Bank of New York sued L. J. Vansands and H. S. Riddle for \$1,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company filed a bill against Darius R. and Abbie C. Mead, P. P. Glahter, B. Bohue, and G. Peck to foreclose a morigage for \$9,000 on Lot S, in Burdick, Mead & Parker's Subdivision of the W. ½ of Block 31, of the Assessor's Division of the W. ½ of Block 31, of the Assessor's Division of the M. W. fractional ½ of Sec. 22, 33, 14.

BANKRUPTCY MATTERS.

The Reddeld, Bowen & Walworth Company of this city, a manufacturing corporation having its offices at Nos. 113 to 116 Lake street, filed its voluntary petition in bankruptcy Saturday evening. The Company has been in embarrassed circumstances for some months past, and at a meeting of the Directors and stockholders held Saturday it was decided to authorize the President, George S. Redfield, and the Secretary, Frank A. Bowen, to put the Company into bankruptcy. Its secured debts amount to \$45,92203, all but \$8,000 of which is due the National Tube Works Company of Boston. The \$5,000 is owing the Bank of Montreal. The securities are valued at \$100,000, and consist of stocks, notes, and real estate. The unsecured debts, amounting to \$150,027.25, are chiefly due the National Tube Works, S. G. Flagg & Co., the Walworth Manufacturing Company, and the Pottstown Iron Company. There is also \$42,000 on bills discounted which should be paid by the Bank of Montreal.

The Company's assets, which are located in Chiesgo, Cleveland, Pittaburg, and Detroif, consist of promissory notes to the amount of \$102,-026.07, but mortgaged to secure certain claims, as above stated; stock in trade, \$74,368; horses and wagons, \$1,745; rights for hydraulic ore-separators, \$60,000; machinery and fixtures, \$70,600; office furniture, \$5,750, and open necounts, \$85,485.44. There is insurance to the amount of \$110,500 to the property. Yesterday, on petition of the National Tube Works Company, and the Bank of Montreal, Judge Blodgett appointed John Everett Provisional Assigne WARD—In this city, of heart disease, Henry R. Ward, aged 35 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

HOWE—Suddenly, at Sherborn, Mass., Sept. 2, Henry Howe, aged 58 years, father of H. Waldo Howe, of this city.

WOLCOTT—At Springfield, Mass., Aug. 30, of inflammation of the howels, Isabella M., wife of J. H. Wolcott, aged 41 years. Hesidence, 300 Warren avenue, Chlesgo, Ill.

CHAMBERS—On Monday morning, Sept. 4, of consumption, at his Brother's residence, 721 West Monroe street, Ben W. Chambers, aged 33 years. Funeral from residence Sept. 5, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited.

ROBERTS—Sept. 3, at his late revidence, 42 Seminary avenue, Luke View, Alexander Roberts, aged 70 years.

Funeral services at the house at 1 p. m. Tuesday. Funeral by carriages to Graceland.

JONES—Ang. 31, Llywelyn Louis, cidest son, aged 6 years 8 months; Sept. 4, Francis Melbourne, third son, aged 3 years 3 months, beloved children of Llywelyn and Lydia Jones.

Funeral from residence, 428 North avenue, to Graceland, Sept. 5, 3 p. m.

CHARD—The funeral services of Mrs. Mary M. Chard will be held at her late home, 925 Indiana avenue, Tuesday shorning, Sept. 5, at 10:30 o'clock.

BROWN—On Monday, Sept. 4, at Woman's Hospital, No. 228 Thirtieth street, Miss Mary Brown, of Niles, Mich.

Funeral at Niles on Wednesday next at 11 a. m.

O'BRIEN—On Sunday evening, 3c inst., James, son of James and Smaan O'Brien, of scarlet fever, seed 3 years and 6 months.

Funeral at house No. 280 Church street, at 10:30 a.m. to-day. Friends are invited to attend. DEATHS.

EUPEON

If you have rheumatism, neural-gia, headache, a burn, or a bruise, procure a bottle of Eupeon. It will give instant relief, as thousands can testify. For sale by all Druggists. H. A. HURLBUT & CO., 75 and 77 Randolph-st., Chicago, Agenta for the Proprietors.

HINTE WARD, lar meeting of the Nin er Club will be beid at G cet, mear Madison, this

AUCTION SALES. By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

CONTINUED SALE By Abe Lipman, the Popular Paymbroker,
AT THE SALESHOOMS OF
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO
Auctioneers, 118 & 120 Wabash-av.,
THIS DAY, TUESDAY, September 5, sale commencing at 100 clock a. m., each day. The stock assists of an endies variety of
MERCHANDISE, WATCHES,

DIAMOND JEWELBY. BUTTERS & CO.'S REGULAR SALE. Afte Granite, Yellow and Glassware, Grocerica, Buggies, &c., WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6, at 9:30 o'clo

SPECIAL AUCTION NOTICE Wm. A. Butters & Co., AUCTIONEERS,
Will offer at their Salesrooms.

118 & 120 Wabash-av., Chicago, III.,
FULL LINES OF
Cloths, Cassimeres, Woolers, Blankels,
All-Wool Cardigans, Outlies, Segmentons, Samuels,

Also by order of Amphilianous of allock of MILLINERY AND PANCY of MILLINERY AND PANCY OF ALLOCATION AN wm. A. BUTTERS & CO., Aner 1,000 GROSS

Silk and Mohair Braid By G. P. GORE & CO.,

Tuesday, Sept. 5, 9:30 a. m.,

DRY GOODS

An invoice Ranors (Vostenholm & Sons).

A librate Callery (Landers Frary & Clark).

A case Sprague Prints.

A case Sprague Prints.

A case MALLORY FINER.

A case MALLORY FINER.

A case Maccomment of the control of th

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Kip, Cal and Split Boots, Women's, Misses', and Children's Kid, Goat, Serge, Calf.

of Best Make and Fall Styles will be sold AT AUCTION by Catalogue on Wednesday, Sept. 6, at 9:30 a.m. prompt, and we can assure the trade that NO BETTER ASSORTMENT or GRADE of GOODS can be shown by ANY JOBBER in this city.

GEO. P. GORE & CO.,
65 and 70 Wabsah-av.

By JAS. P. McNAMARA & CO., 117 Wabash-ev., N. B. Gor, Madison-et. Large Opening Trade Sale

4,000 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES AT AUCTION.

By FLISON, POMEROY & CO.,
Anctioneers, 84 and 80 Randelph-st.

SPECIAL PURNITURE SALE, Thereany Morning, Sept. 5, at 9:30 o'clock, to pay advances, we will sail large number of New Pariot and Chamber Sets. We have also a large stock second hard Furniture and General Household Goods, Carpass Stovas, etc., which must be sold.

ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

Splendid Family Carriage and Horse
AT AUCTION,
At our Salearoom, TUESDAY, Sept. 3, at 12 m.
A splendid 2-seat Carriage (Com & Ten Breez)
make), with pole and shafts.
SOUND BAY MARE, 7 YEARS OLD.
GOOD SET. HARNESS.
Property of a gentleman leaving the city, and most
positively be sold. Any party wanting a safe and
good rig can get a bargain.
ELISON, POMEROY & CO., Auctioneers.

By E. W. WESTFALL & CO.
Auctioneers, 10 and 12 North Canal of
Furniture, Carnett, and Bolding, all Italia, 11 Italia
THIS MORNING, at 10, will be sold a large circle
Turniture, marble top and plain, Parket Puriture, Series M. Top Tables, Breasing Cases, Bedsender
Bureaus, Sofas, Lounges, Ext. Tables, Easy Chaffe, &
Mattreese, Bedding; also a full line of Velvet, Breasis, and Woolen Carpets.

VOLUME XX

OF CHICA

Wednesday, Sept. 6,

INTH INQUIRE WILLIAM Room 8 TRIBUNI TO

CAMPAIGN THE TRIBUN

BUSINESS CI ADMINISTRATO

A Wholesale Business standing, doing a good known throughout the opening in Chicago for parate capital. Can refer grocery house as to its reticulars address G. S. Bros., 50 and 52 Madison

And an elegant WATC FINE COLD J BILVER AND SILVER HALF THE REGI BANKRUP

> Every article W \$300 1

Cor. of Lake

See the largest H before it comes don were made on H Heath & Milligan, a a year or so they' again. J. S. BA1 Fashig

7 PER Choice Mortgage loans on in EVEN per cent. SCUDDER & MAS MONEY AT 1 To loan on Warehouse Receiptons, on City Certificates and Mortgages.

Hank

OFFICE County Treasurer a Office on North Dearborn-

The Annual Tax Sale is no and I warn all delinquents taxes and assessments; for throperty sold (if not already at any moment, and thereby Respectfully, L.

"SHERMA CHIC

RAND, MeNA INDEXE